

Service
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GR2.3

Repair Manual

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POWER SUPPLY

Primary side

POWER SUPPLY

Primary side

The SOPS (Self Oscillating Power Supply) on the primary side includes the following main functions:

1. Start-up circuitry

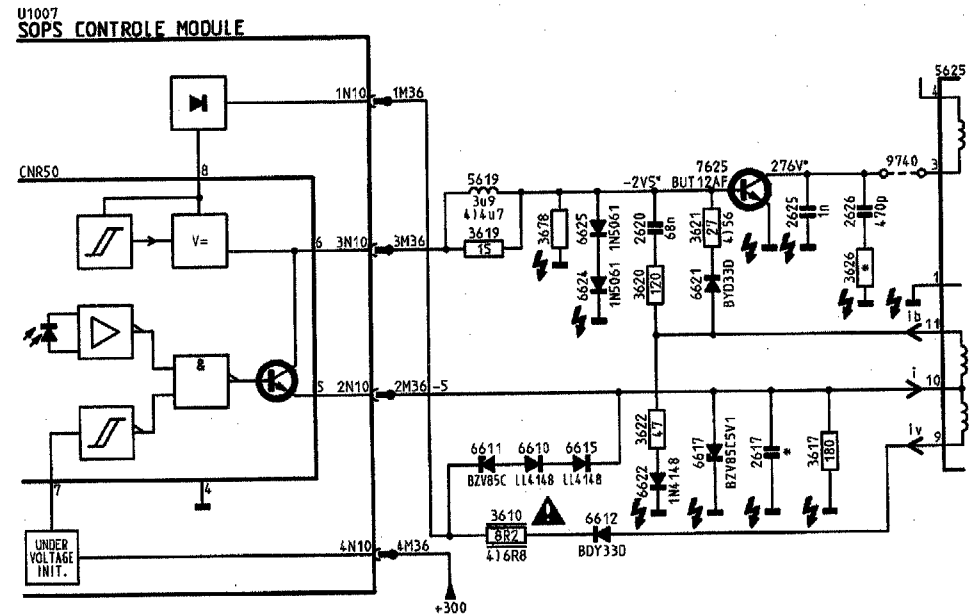
- * If pin 7 CNR50 is more than 2,9 V and pin 8 CNR50 is more than 14,8V, then the starting current is supplied to TS7625
- * After start up, supply voltage at pin 7 CNR50 is taken over by pin 9-10 of T5625

2. Switch-off circuitry

- * If V_{REF} is less than 2.3V at pin 7 CNR50 then TS7625 is switched off
- * V_{REF} is determined by D6621, R3622, R3617, C2617 and D6617
- * R3621 and R3619 determine $I_{TURN-OFF}$ of TS7625

3. Undervoltage protection

If pin 7 CNR50 is less than 2,35 V or pin 8 CNR50 is less than 3,9 V, then CNR50 switches-off the power supply



(...v) 

- 1) 16/9-110°-BN-CRT
- 2) 25°/28°-BL-CRT
- 3) 21°-MN-CRT
- 4) 21°-MN-CRT

Block diagram
Secondary side

Block diagram
Secondary side

1. The self oscillating power supply (SOPS) supplies several DC voltages:

* +148 (line output supply):

- +148 V for 110°
- +137,5 V for 16/9
- +95 V for 90° 21"

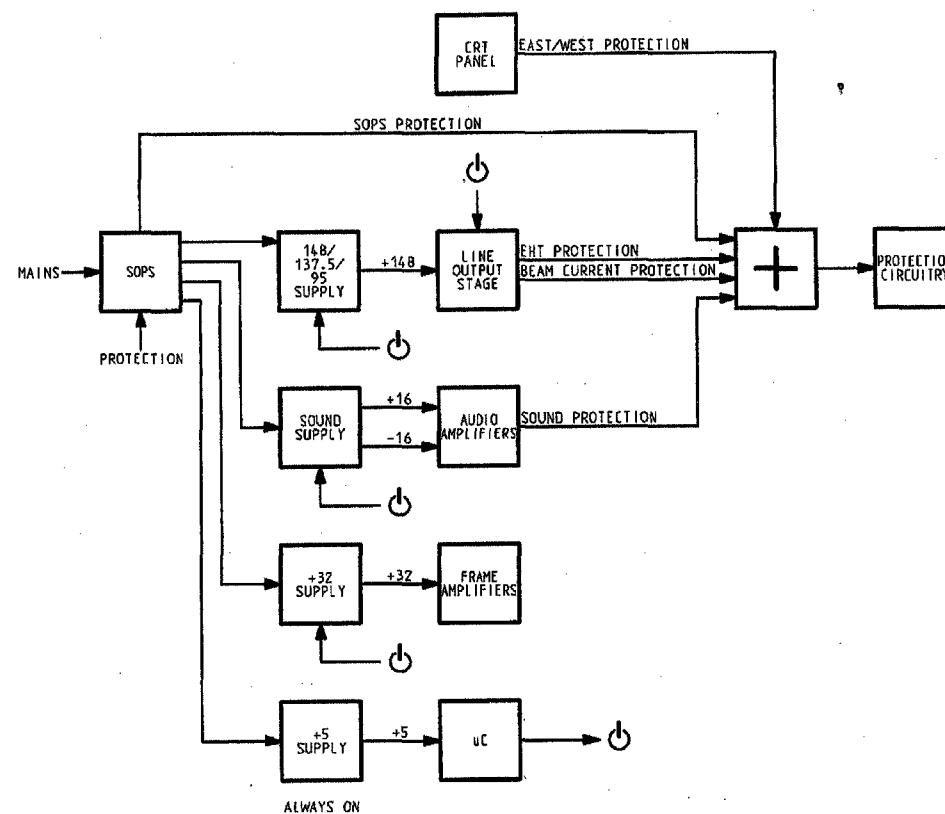
* +16/-16 (sound supply)

* +5 (control supply)

* +32 V (start-up + frame supply)

2. Protection circuitry in the TDA8385 switches the set into "hick-up" mode (see section 1.3)

3. In "stand-by" the +5 V remains active



CL36532121/012, F1-2
14 1093

Protection

- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V, then the TDA8385 will switch power supply in protection. The secondary voltage will drop, power supply will try to start-up again, switch to protection, start up again, protection, etc:

→ "Hick-up" mode

- The following protections can activate the protection circuitry of the TDA8385

1. Sound protection

If the sum of the DC voltage over the loudspeaker is not 0:

- TS7248 conducts if DC voltage is more than +0,6 V or TS7249 conducts if DC voltage is less than -0,6 V
- TS7243 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V
- Protection on

If +16 OR -16 supply voltage drops

- D6246 or D6247 conducts
- TS7248 conducts if DC voltage is more than +0,6 V or TS7249 conducts if DC voltage is less than -0,6 V
- TS7243 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V
- Protection on

If +16 AND -16 both drop

- D6248 conduct
- TS7243 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V
- Protection on

Protection

2. Beam current protection

If beam current too high

- Zener D6590 conducts so current through R3591
- TS7591 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V
- Protection on

3. East/west protection

If frame current through TS7533 and so voltage over C2533 too high OR if no frame current, C2533 will be charged by the line

- Voltage at anode of D6560 is more than (0,6 + 0,68) V
- Zener D6561 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V
- Protection on

4. Line protection

If EHT is more than (0,6 + 30) V

- Zener D6592 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 > 2,5 V
- Protection on

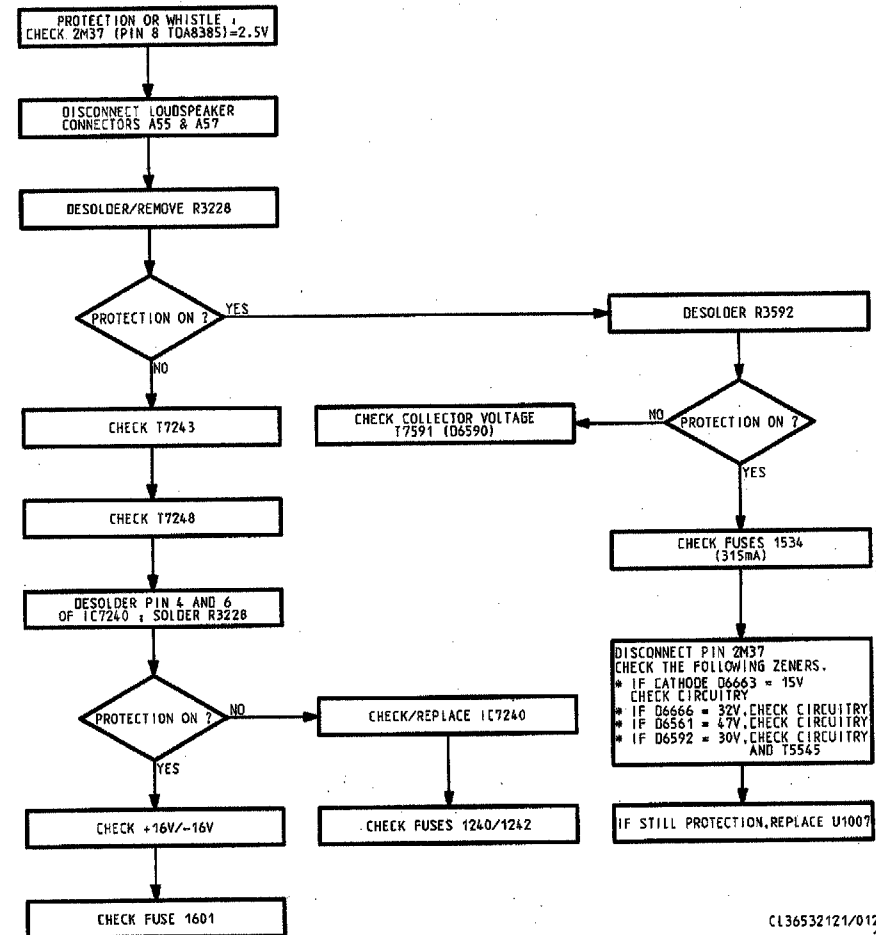
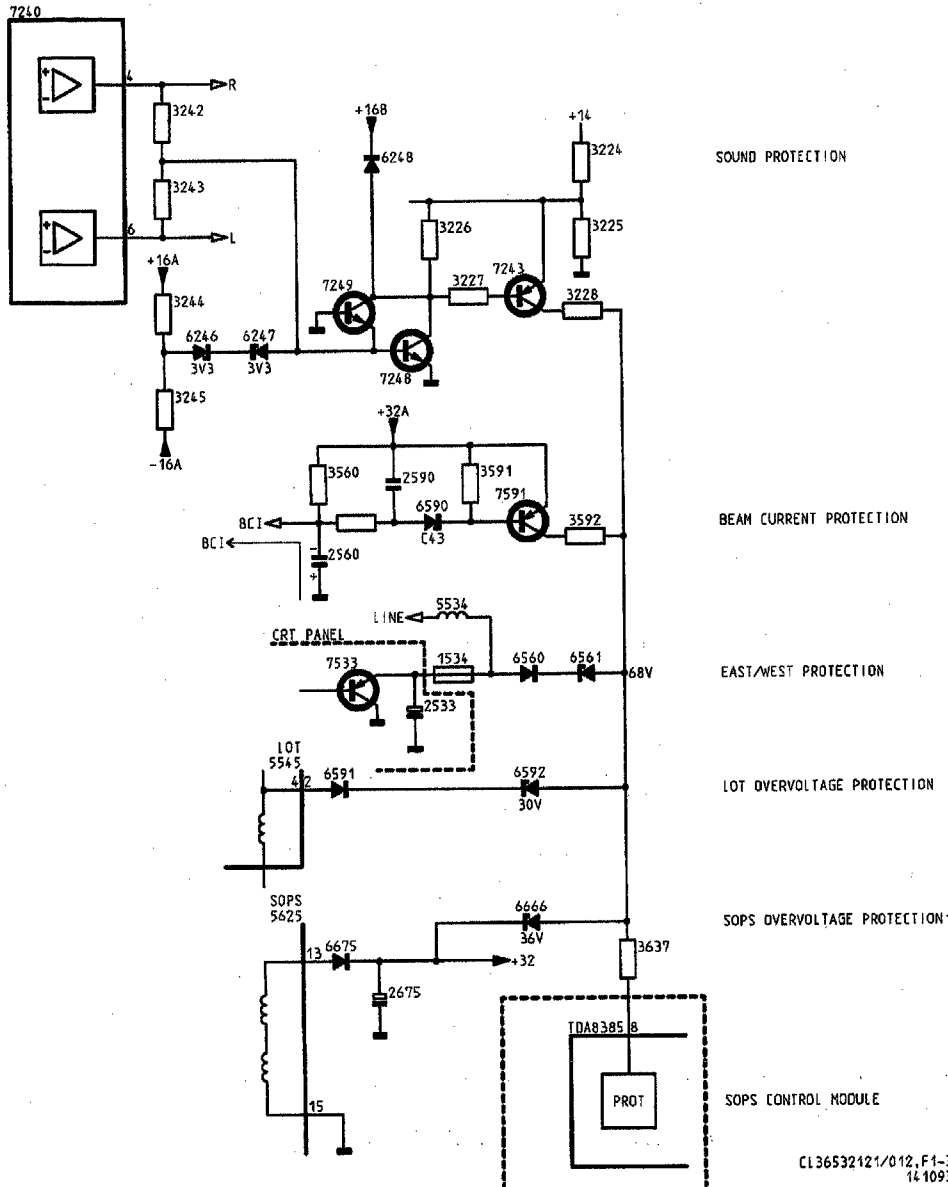
5. SOPS over voltage protection

If +32 across C2675 is more than 39,5 V

- Zener D6666 starts conducting
- If pin 8 TDA8385 is more than 2,5 V
- Protection on

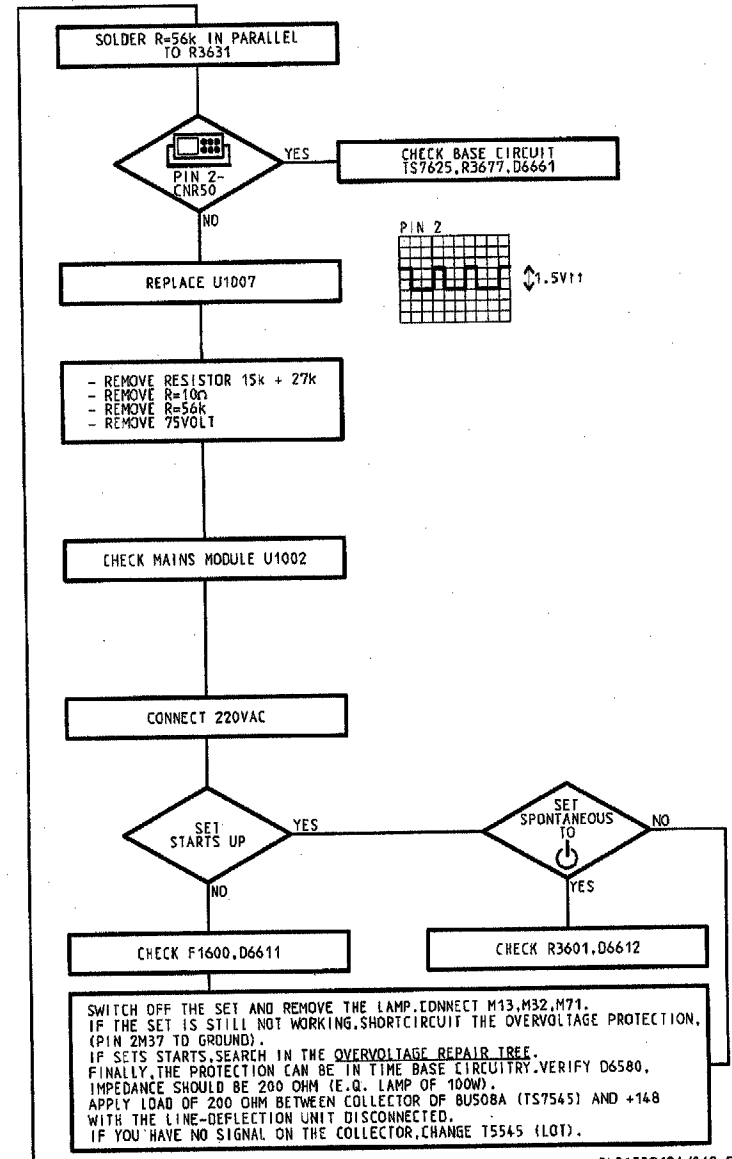
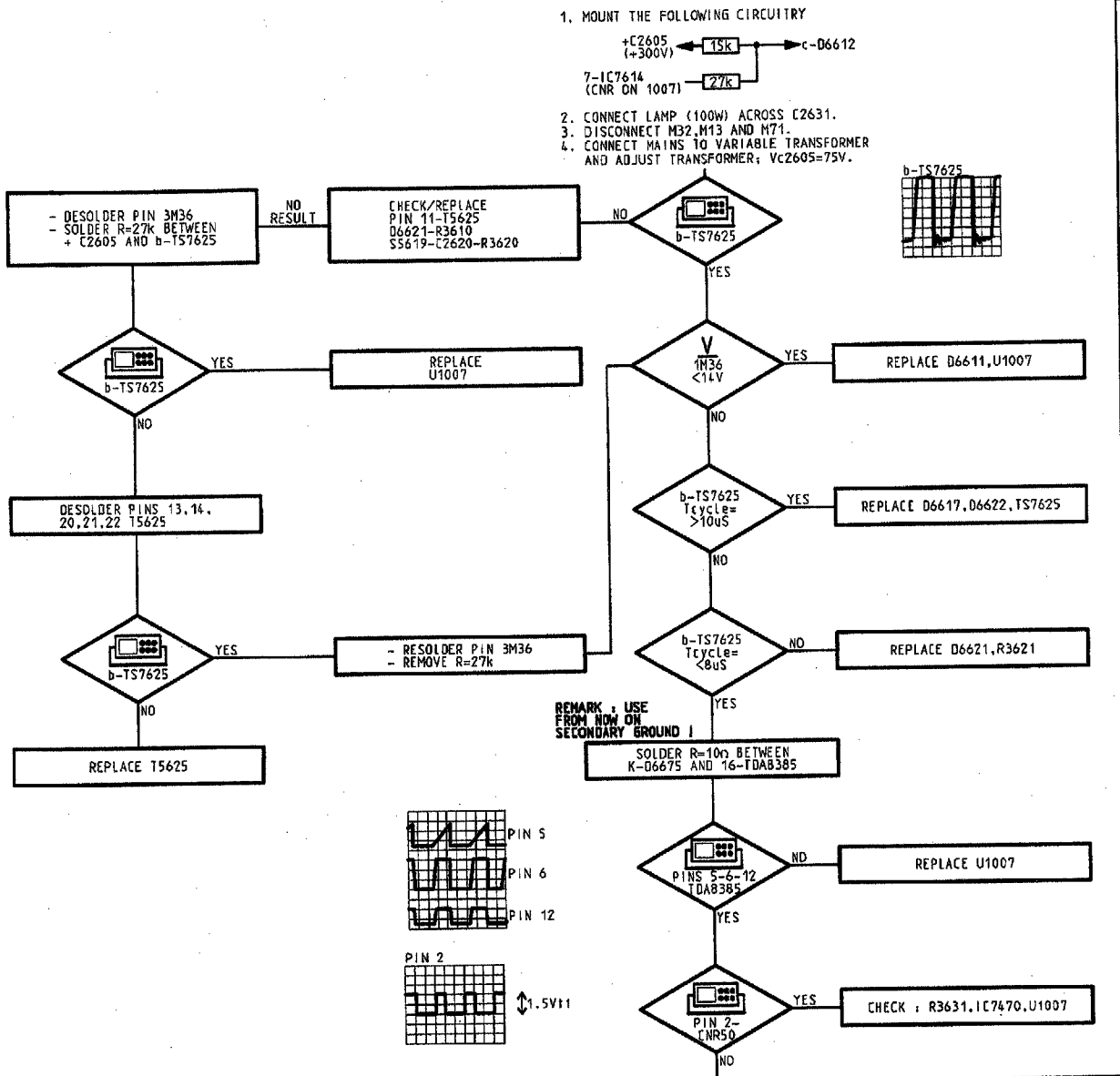
POWER SUPPLY
Protection

Fault finding tree "overvoltage protection"



Fault finding tree "power supply"

Fault finding tree "power supply"



SWITCH OFF THE SET AND REMOVE THE LAMP. CONNECT M13, M32, M71. IF THE SET IS STILL NOT WORKING, SHORTCIRCUIT THE OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION. (PIN 2M37 TO GROUND). IF SETS STARTS, SEARCH IN THE OVERVOLTAGE REPAIR TREE. FINALLY, THE PROTECTION CAN BE IN THE BASE CIRCUITRY. VERIFY D6580. IMPEDANCE SHOULD BE 200 OHM (E.G. LAMP OF 100W). APPLY LOAD OF 200 OHM BETWEEN COLLECTOR OF 6U508A (TS7545) AND +148 WITH THE LINE-DEFLECTION UNIT DISCONNECTED. IF YOU HAVE NO SIGNAL ON THE COLLECTOR, CHANGE T5545 (LOT).

Survey voltages

Survey voltages

		+200	+190	+190	+148	+148	+32	+32	+32	+16	-16	+16	+16	-16	-16	+14	+14	+14	+14	+14	+14	+14	+13	+12	+12	+12	+12	+12	+12	+12	+9	+8	+8	+6	+5	+5	+5	+5	+5	+5	+5	+5	+32	-26	+9	+9	+9								
		A	B		B	A	B			A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	C	D	E	F			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	A	B		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	V		A	B	V										
GENERATED	PART OF MANUAL GRID SQUARE	D	E	E	D	D	D	D	D	D	B	B	B	B	D	K	C	C	D	D	A	K	F/G	E	E	E	E	J	J	J		D	D	C	D	A	G	G	I	I	I	I		D	K	K	K								
		A14	C4	D5	I22	I22	J14	A24	I24	M12	N12	B6	B6	A6	A6	F13	F19	M5	L5	F13	G13	G3	L20	J18	D8	B6	B6	C6	C6	F3	G3	H3		C25	C25	B16	N14	G7	F8	G8	C3	E3	C4	I10		B14	L15	L14	L15						
CONTROLS	(A)				X										X						X															X	X																		
TUNER	(B)															X																	X			X	X																		
AUDIO	(B)									X	X	X	X	X	X	X																																							
VIDEO	(C)															X				X										X	X			X																					
SYNC	(D)							X								X					X																																		
SOPS MODULE	(D)						X																																																
LINE	(D)				X	X	X	X																																															
FRAME	(D)						X		X																																														
CRT	(E)	X	X	X																					X	X		X	X																							X			
STEREO MODULE	(F)															X								X																															
NICAM MODULE	(G)															X								X														X	X	X															
AUDIO AMP	(H)									X				X																																									
TXT	(I)																								X																X	X	X	X	X	X									
PIP	(J)																							X	X			X		X	X	X					X		X																
SECOND SCART PANEL	(K)														X	X																X																		X	X	X			
SCAVEM AMP	(M)																																																		X				
SCAVEM FILTER	(L)																							X																															

Introduction

In the microprocessor IC7708, the following service software features are implemented:

- Self test of the internal RAM
- Error reporting of defective I²C bus controlled IC's
- Default settings after mounting an empty EEPROM

SELF TEST

After every hardware reset, all RAM locations are tested. If the test result is negative, the "LED" is blinking fast.

ERROR CODES

"Error codes" are indicated by:

- blinking "ON" LED
- displaying an "Error message"

DEFAULT SETTINGS

As soon as the microprocessor IC7708 starts up, default values are stored in the EEPROM. These default settings can be changed in the service mode.

Error table

Priority level	Error	Device	Error message
1	Pip module		"ER PIP"
2	Chroma 1	IC7309 IC7308	"ER 4680" + LED 1s on/1s off
3	Chroma 2		"ER 4670"
4	PLL tuner	U1000	"ER TUNER"
5	Eeprom	IC7710	"ER EEPROM"
6	Sound processor	IC7220/ IC7215	"ER 8425"
7	Sound decoder	IC7200	"ER 8415/8417"
8	Nicam decoder	IC7150	"ER NICAM"
9	TXT	IC7880	"ER TXT"
10	TDA8444 (16:9)	IC8444	"ER 8444"
11	SAA5246	IC7800	"ER 5246"
12	TEA6415	IC7820	"ER 6415"
13	Bus hanging		"ER BUS" + LED 1s on/2s off
14	RAM		LED fast blinking

Service Menu

DISPLAY OF THE ERROR CODE

In the service-default-mode, error messages will be displayed after switch on the set or after changing program. The error message will be displayed for 3 seconds.

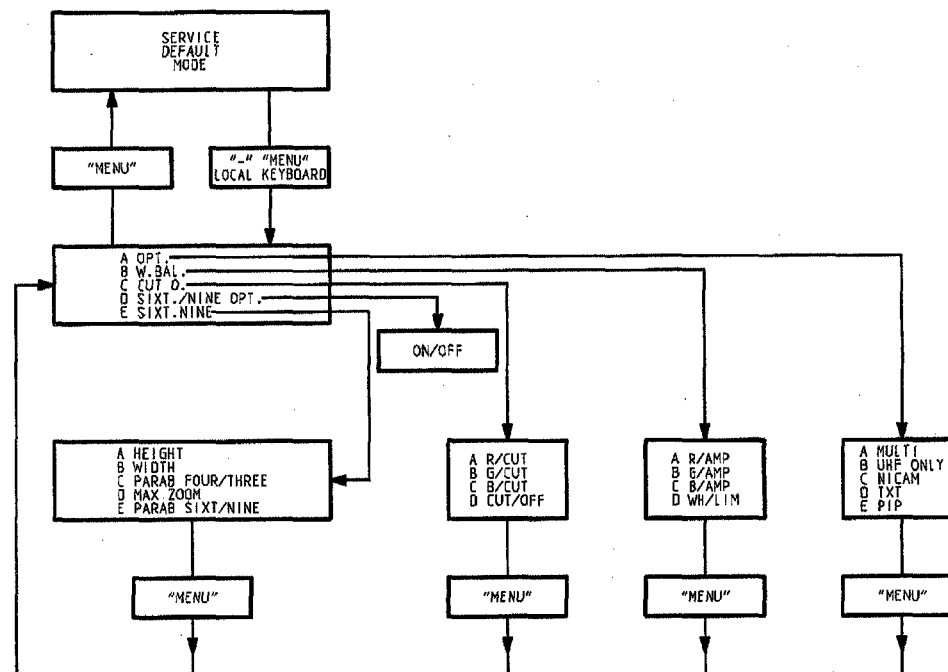
Only the last detected error code will be displayed.

Note: Leaving the service-default-mode is only possible with the "stand-by" command.

SERVICE MENU

1. The service menu is entered by pushing simultaneously the "menu" button and the "-" button on the local keyboard.
2. Items can be selected by pushing the corresponding coloured buttons (on the remote control). Now a new menu will appear and other items can be chosen. These items can be set to "on" (available) by means of the "+" button or set to "off" (not available) by means of the "-" button.
3. By pushing the "menu" button, the first menu will be entered again.
4. By pushing the "menu" button again, the service-menu will be left and the service-default-mode will be entered again. All parameters will be stored in memory.

Service Menu



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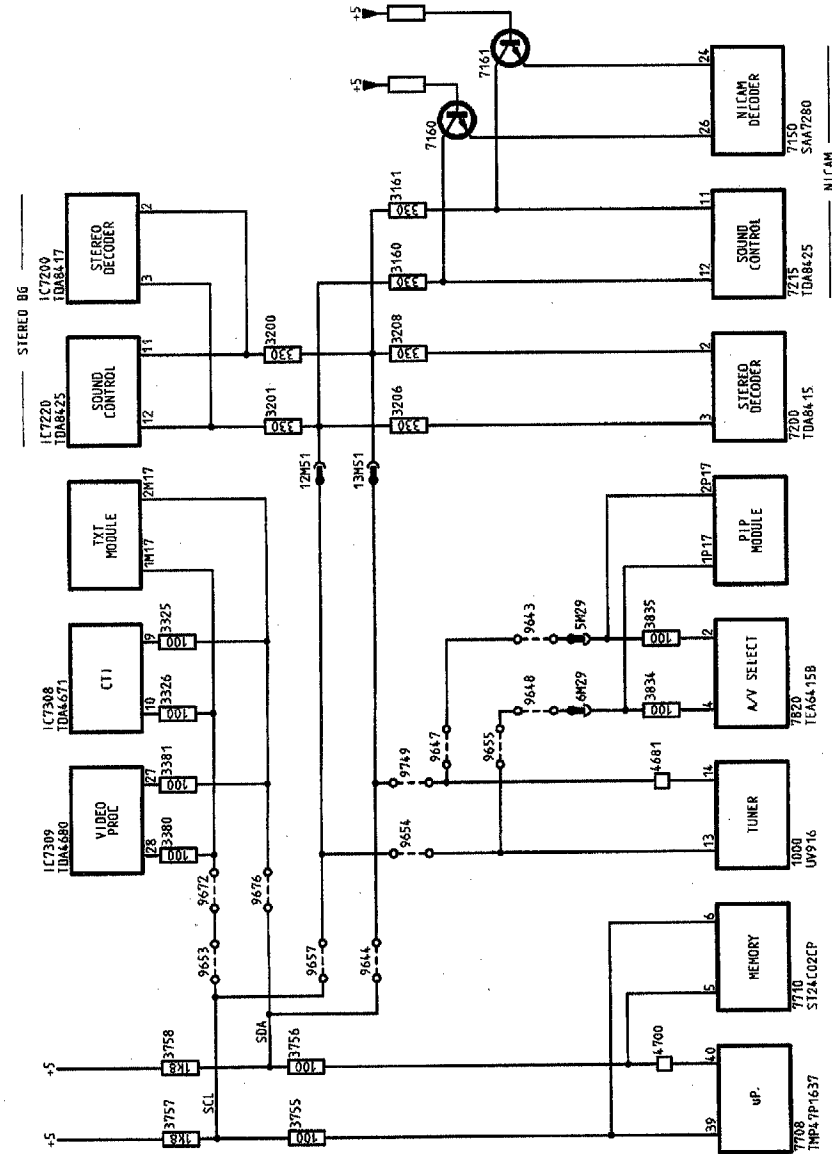
Survey I²C bus connections

SERVICE TIPS

1. The I²C connected IC's are separated via resistors (except tuner U1000, memory IC7710 and the TXT (U1003) and PIP (U1004) module).
If, due to a defective IC, the I²C bus is kept at a zero potential, the defective IC can be detected via DC voltage measurements.

The IC with the lowest DC potential is the defective one.
2. If the menu on the screen is in french language only, it may be caused by an error on the TXT-module concerning microprocessor IC7880.

Survey I²C bus connections



I²C fault example

SYMPTOMS

After switching on with the mains switch the set gives:

- no picture, no sound (screen is dark)
- "ON" LED is blinking.
- after pressing a RC key the "ON" LED blinks.

FAULT FINDING

DIAGNOSE 1:

- Power supply does not start (+148 not present; CRT filament not burning)
- "ON" LED is blinking after pressing RC key means; μ C is receiving command but cannot execute
- Pin 17 μ C (IC7708) is "low". This means power supply is in stand-by mode without indicating stand-by
- The fault has to be looked for in the I²C bus system

I²C fault example

STEP 1:

Disconnect pin 17 μ C IC7708 to avoid stand-by mode

MEASUREMENT 1:

Measure with a multi meter the levels of Pin 39 (SCL) and Pin 40 (SDA) of μ C IC7708 (I²C bus)

RESULT 1:

SCL = 5 V; SDA = 0 V

MEASUREMENT 2:

Measure with an oscilloscope the levels at pin 27 (SDA) and pin 28 (SCL) of the video processor IC7309

RESULT 2:

SCL = 5 V; SDA = 0 V

DIAGNOSE 2:

The short circuit on the DATA line is caused by a device not connected via a series resistor to the I²C bus. Otherwise both measurements on the SDA line are not equal. According to the survey of I²C connections the tuner (U1000), the memory IC7710 and the TXT (U1003) and PIP (U1004) modules are connected without series resistors.

STEP 2:

By removing the plugable "PIP" and "TXT" modules it can be checked whether these modules are causing the problems

I²C fault example

RESULT 2: The modules do not cause the problem.

DIAGNOSE 3: The only device without series resistor is the tuner.
Disconnect jumper 9749 (to 13M51)

MEASUREMENT 3: Measure with multimeter or oscilloscope the level of Pin 40 (SDA) of IC7708

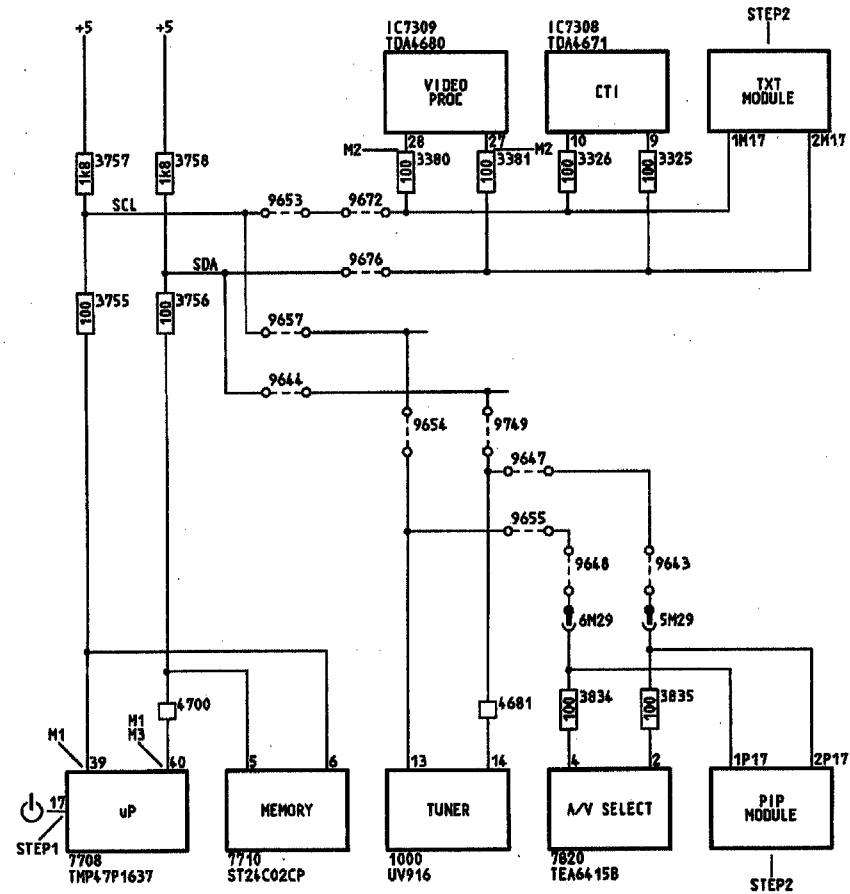
RESULT 3: SDA = 5 V
The disconnected tuner is causing the short circuit of the SDA line

REMARK:

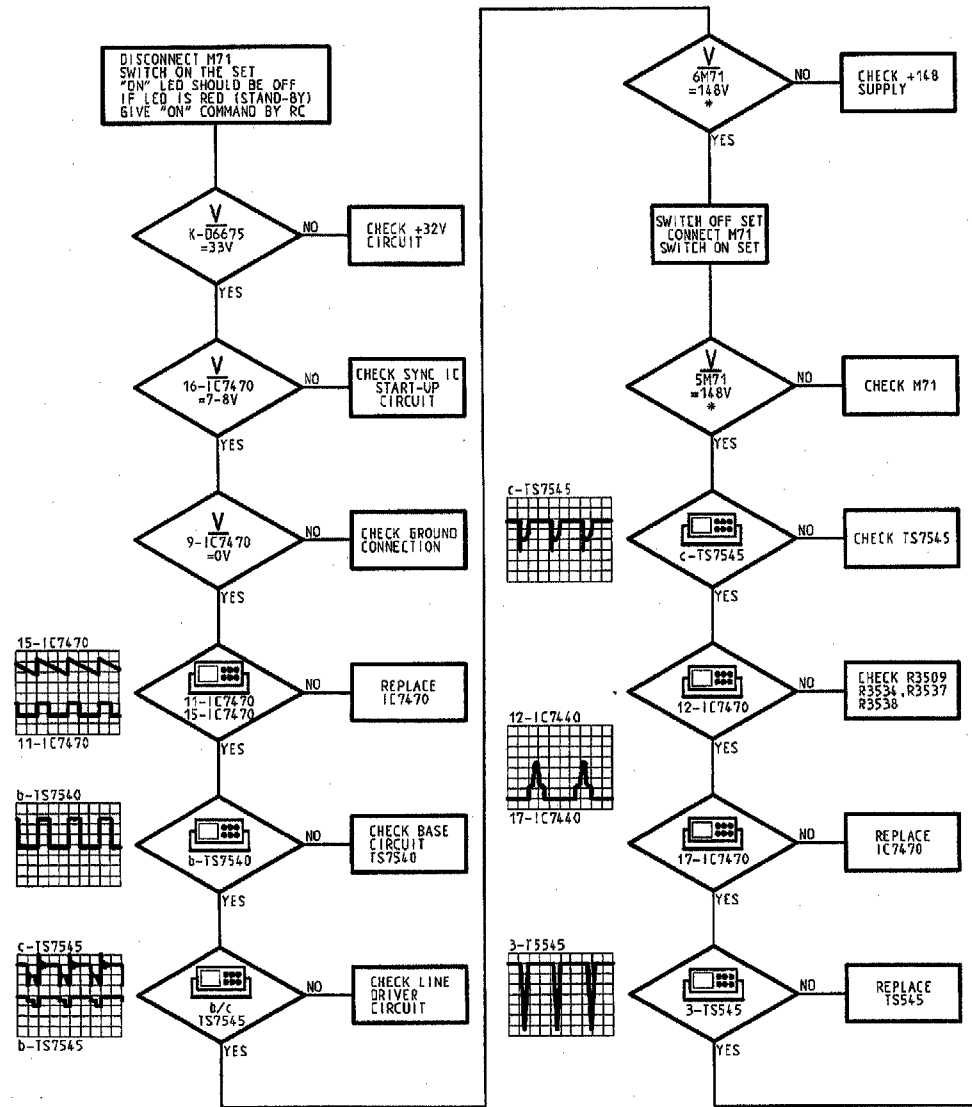
In case a short circuit is present on the I²C clock line (SCL), the set will produce the same symptoms

DIAGNOSE: Both SDA and SCL lines have a low level.
With an oscilloscope no data communication on the SDA line is measurable.
Proceed as indicated on previous sheets.

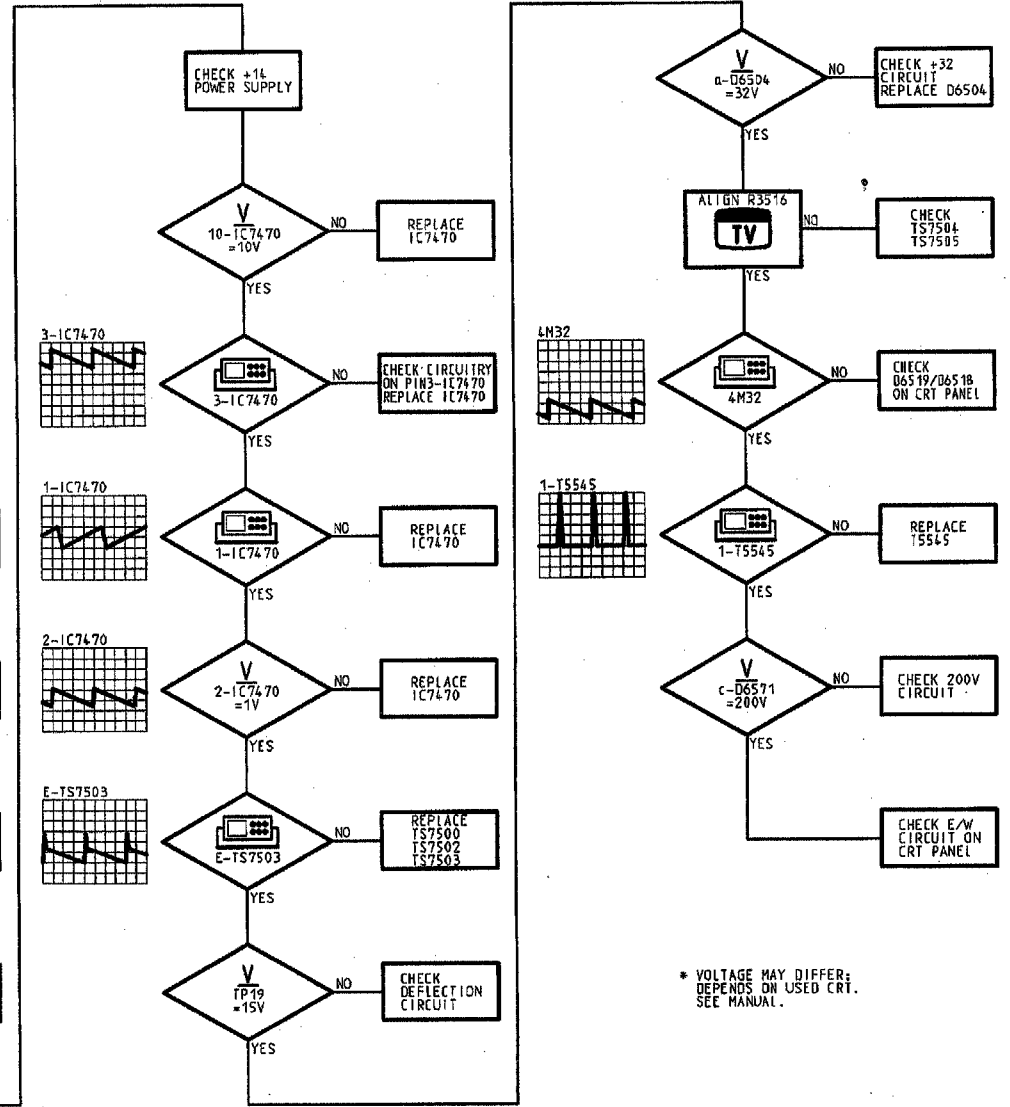
I²C fault example



Fault finding tree



Fault finding tree



Below a list is given of fault symptoms with the possible cause

Type of symptom	Analysis and description	Possible cause
OSD/menu	shifted to right wrongly coloured no menu	R3742 absent IC7309 (TDA4680) R3779 on front command panel
Frame amplitude zero	if oscillator frame (pin 3 of IC7470) = 0 if not	C2471, C2473 TS7502 or R3503
Colour (chroma)	colour instability in blue line instability between red and blue surfaces at program switch, pinkish colour in white areas yellowish aureole green area at end of deflection blue or yellow area at start deflection left and right side alternating blue and green colours RGB incorrect, check cut-off pulses no colour if warm no red during fast changes, and TDA4680 is OK one of three colours not present; check if pins 21, 23 and 25 of TDA4680 < 4.7V no colour with PAL saturation at 50% of warm saturation level discolouring red at start-up (5 sec only) greenish at end of deflection greenish, bad grey shades (filtering) discoloured half picture colour rests; dragging colour instability in black/white: opening of colour	wrong filter 5.5 MHz at IF module L1042 IC7307 (TDA4661) IC7470 (frame too long) (TDA2579B) C2306, C2307 IC7305 (TDA4510) IC7308 (TDA4661) value R3310 BAV103, D6301, D6331, D6361 on CRT panel IC7305 (TDA4510) EEPROM IC7710 corresponding capacitors alignment oscillator C2311 RGB connector too close to SOPS-trafo IC7309 (TDA4680) C2355 inverse C2355, C2580 value C2355 C2330 T7341, C2322, filter 5.5 MHz IF D6617 CNR50, TDA8385, TA leakage D6612 leakage D6611 leakage D6646 T7533, fuse 1534, D6547, D6546, D6561 (all) CNR50 D6611 leakage D6664
No power	BUT12AF: base command > 10 μ s + PIC (voltage anode D6617 < -2V) zero (see repair tree) no base command BUT12AF, voltage pin 8 CNR50 = 9V pin 8 CNR50 = 14V, pin 7 CNR50 = 3V stop and short start-up, destruction T7625 and BUT12AF wrong value D6547 (BYW95C iso BY228) or D6546 no power when warm or alternating to stand-by no power at 220V, OK at low voltage. See repair tree. voltage 148V < 93V; not in stand-by, pin 10 of TDA8385 = 1.1V, pin 33 of μ P (reset) = 0.2V (D6665), alignment not possible and pin 7 of TDA8385 < 2.4V voltage 148V = 75V, pin 8 of TDA8385 = 2.3V	leakage D6611 leakage D6646 T7533, fuse 1534, D6547, D6546, D6561 (all) CNR50 D6611 leakage D6664
(geometric) Deformation	broken hor./vert. lines at right and left side, check L5534 mode TXT or rapid switching seagull effect picture strangely shaped between hor. and vert. lines 148V = 133V shape: reversed pear	see protection repair method L5549, shortcircuit C2539 and jumper 9670 C2469 TDA8385 R3560 value R3631 D6547, C2533, jumper 4505, shortcircuit of pin 7 LOT and 14V, R3533, C2532 or deflection unit T7533
Error messages	curtain effect ERR 8415 ERR BUS ERR CHROMA when warm ERR NICAM	IF NICAM IC8415 see section 2 IC7470 (TDA2579B) IC7309 (TDA4680), 14V on IF, IC7470 (TDA2579B)
Picture quality	ERR TUNER red drags, no voltage 200V	link SDA and SCL broken R3570, C2570

Type of symptom	Analysis and description	Possible cause
	<p>bad colour, 148V = 160V, pin 8 of TDA8385 = -0.7V after CRT ionised white line on right side flag effect on upper part of picture extinction in stand-by (hor. line for a moment), 148V = 60V in stand-by misty (CRT AX). Look at contrast between chassis and CRT-panel: pin 15 of TDA4680 must be 3.8V if it is 4.7V, look at instable in middle of picture interference instable picture, followed by no picture no picture after TXT module is mounted (TXT is OK) flyback lines 'pumping' picture, check connector M13 and C19 (CRT-board) flyback lines in upper part visible black hor. lines vertical instability instable in middle of screen instable menu</p>	<p>leakage D6591 D6547 IF: R3030, C2015 D6485</p> <p>TS7391 on the CRT-panel, or around jumper 9531</p> <p>C2703 D6421 jumper 9850 C2471, C2473 C2526 D6504, C2506 jumper 9806 R3458 jumper 9531 IR-receiver</p>
LED flicker	<p>LED late after stand-by orange after stand-by, later green orange, see repair method (no 14V) orange or periodically zero with EXT3 and 16/9; 5V = 6 à 8V orange, 5V = 3.4V, ground = -1.4V red: if pin 16 TDA2579B = 3V or pin 11 = zero if pin 16 = 0.7V red: no start-up after stand-by red: no 14V, see repair method at start-up, 1 sec red, later green very weak green, if 148V < 93V, check pin 10 TDA8385 < 1.8V, pin 33 of μProc = 0.2V no LED flicker, with deflection unit disconnected still no frame green; no lines, after hard reset μP OK no reaction on remote control; look if connector M41 is connected to connector T41 on TXT-panel and not on M56 strong</p>	<p>leakage D6663 IC7470 (TDA2579B)</p> <p>D6662 jumper 9850 IC7470 (TDA2579B) R3455 R3663</p> <p>D6705 TS7533</p> <p>IC7470 (TDA2579B) D6662 connector inversion</p>
LED does not flicker with GR2.3: Brightness/contrast	<p>strong; pin 3 of TDA2579B = 0 pumping after changing LOT</p>	<p>CRT-panel R3370 and R3371; change also R3431, TS7362 C2471, C2473 C2526; pin 7 bad contact</p>
Install/search	<p>does not stop can be in hotel mode</p>	<p>R3005 prog 38, push vol+ and prog-simultaneously CRT - INTERFERENCE IF IC7470 (TDA2579B) bad contact pin 2 of peritel D6249 IC7240 (TDA1521) leakage C2800 or C2252 broken mass in headphone 2 diodes BYD33D, jumper 9697, 9699 pin 20 IC7820</p>
Sound	<p>code RC5 does not (or hardly) react no NICAM; pin 11 connector 51 on IF (power supply) no sound, look at pin 13 of TDA2579B, OSD shifted on EXT no sound on right channel on EXT left 'plop' at start-up 'plop' at start-up 'plop' en EXT 1.2.3 diaphony (cross-talk over left and right) 'motor boating' in stand-by</p>	<p>IC7470 (TDA2579B) bad contact pin 2 of peritel D6249 IC7240 (TDA1521) leakage C2800 or C2252 broken mass in headphone 2 diodes BYD33D, jumper 9697, 9699 pin 20 IC7820</p>
TXT	<p>TXT 3 sec too late</p>	<p>pin 20 IC7820</p>
Protection	<p>OK at 220V, protected at 240V protection on white picture, look if pin 15 of TDA4680 = 3.7V protection without antenna signal no LED flickering; 148V = 95V and with load 147V</p>	<p>D6669 D6367, D6590, D6315, R3560 leakage TS7246 LOT</p>
General	<p>no synchro; line frequency OK, probably defect mute video stays in service mode despite stand-by, check pin 18μP</p>	<p>IF D6043 μP, LED, D6705, EEPROM IC7710</p>



V

μC

CNR50

CRT

EEPROM

EHT

I²C

IF

LED

PIP

RAM

RC

SCL

SDA

SOPS

SYNC

TDA8385

TXT

Measure with oscilloscope

Measure with multimeter

Microprocessor

Opto coupler on the SOPS control panel

Picture tube

Electrical Erasable Programable Read Only Memory

Extrá High Tension

Digital control/communication bus of the microprocessor

Intermediate Frequency

Light Emitting Diode

Picture In Picture

Random Access Memory

Remote Control

Serial Clock Line of the I²C bus

Serial Data Line of the I²C bus

Self Oscillating Power Supply

Synchronisation

Control IC on the SOPS control panel

Teletext

