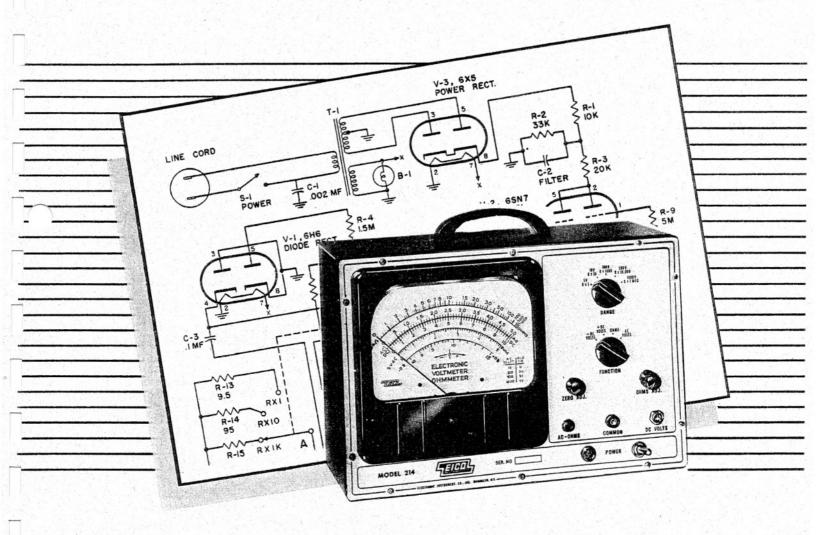


### CONSTRUCTION MANUAL

# Model 214 ELECTRONIC VOLT-OHM METER





ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENT CO., inc.

33-00 NORTHERN BLVD., LONG ISLAND CITY 1, N. Y.

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

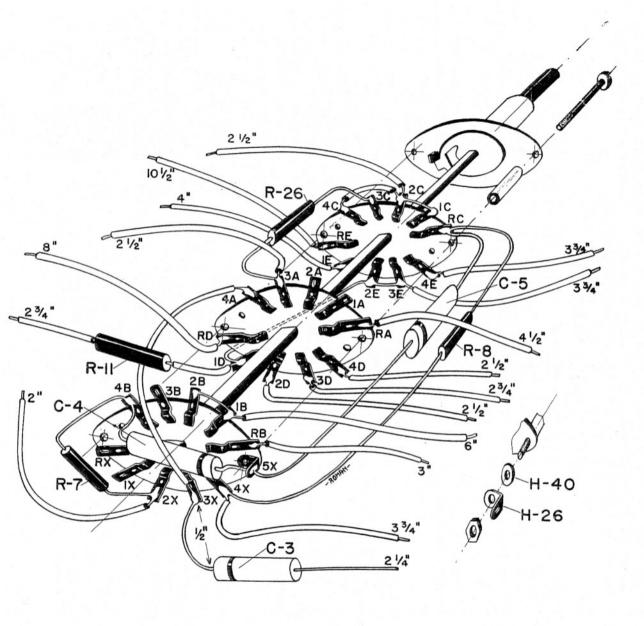
- 1) The Model 214 Electronic Volt-Ohm Meter is constructed very easily with the aid of fully detailed perspective drawings and step-by-step instructions. Before starting the actual construction, it is advisable to study the schematic and pictorial wiring diagrams until all of the steps are clear in your mind. Do not rush the construction, as careful work will result in a properly constructed instrument in the shortest time. In addition, it is suggested that you run all leads exactly as shown on the pictorial wiring diagrams, as this will make the wiring an easier job and insure proper operation of the instrument.
- 2) USE A GOOD GRADE OF ROSIN CORE SOLDER ONLY. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES USE ACID CORE SOLDER OR ACID FLUX inasmuch as the acid flux can cause serious corrosion. Before soldering, make certain there is a good mechanical connection. The solder must flow before you remove the soldering iron as this will prevent rosin joints which are poor electrical conductors. If you are soldering close to a part, hold the ends of a pair of longnose pliers between the part and the solder joint. The pliers will conduct the heat away and prevent the component from being unduly overheated.
- 3) Carefully unwrap all the parts and check them in the space provided on the parts list. Note: In order to maintain the supply of kits and insure prompt delivery, we are forced to buy the same component from several sources (standard manufacturers' parts are interchangeable). You may find that the value of a component will vary within the allowable circuit tolerance. This means a resistance of 470,000 ohms may be substituted for, or may measure 510,000 ohms, etc. Any part supplied will work as well as the part for which it was substituted. No substitutions will be made on precision components.

### CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE

For your convenience, the construction of the instrument has been broken down into a logical series of Assembly Prints. Each Assembly Print consists of a detailed drawing and a table of step-by-step instruction so that no step can be overlooked. Space has been provided on the tables to check off each step as it is completed. Follow the order of the Assembly Prints to finish the mechanical assembly and the wiring quickly and easily.

### PARTS LIST FOR MODEL 214

1	Sym.	Description Amt.	₹	Sym.	Description Amt. J	Sym.	Description Amt.
	B1	pilot light1		H25	brass meter washer4	R9	5M ohm res. 1/2W1
	BTI	1.5 v battery1		H26	ground lug5	R10	1K ohm res. 1/2W1
	C1	.002 mfd cond1		H27	pot grounding lug 1	R11	1K ohm res. 1/2W1
	C2	filter cond1		H28	#10 lock washer5	R12	2 K ohm pot adj
	C3	.1 mfd cond1		H29	fibre shldr. washer (J2)1	R13	9.5 ohm 1% res1
	C4	.01 mfd cond1		H30	3/8 lock washer10	R14	95 ohm 1% res1
	C5	.002 mfd cond1		H31	3/8 flat washer 4	R15	9.5K ohm 1% res1
	HI	panel1		H32	3/8 hex nut	R16	95K ohm 1% res1
	H2	chassis1		H33	wireroll	R17	9.5M ohm 1% res1
	H3	cabinet1		H34	test lead wire2	R18	5M ohm 1% res1
	H4	handle1		H35	shielded wirelength	R19	4.5M ohm 1% res1
	H5	pilot light assembly1		H36	#6 lock washer3	R20	400K ohm 1% res1
	H6	line cord1		H37	bare wire length	R21	50K ohm 1% res1
	H7	wafer socket3		H38	hex nut (J2)1	R22	50K ohm 1% res
	H8	battery bracket1		H39	hex nut (J3)1	R23	2M ohm res. 1/2W1
	H9	test prod (red)1		H40	#6 fibre washer 2	R24	3.3M ohm res. 1/2W1
	H10	test prod (black)1		Jl	phone jack1	R25	500K ohm res. 1/2W 1
	HII	alligator clip		J2	pin jack 1	R26	5.6M ohm res. 1/2W1
	H12	bar knob		J3	banana jack1	R27	1K ohm pot cal
	H13	round knob2		M1	meter1	R28	1K ohm pot adj1
	H14	3/8 rubber grommet1		PI	phone plug1	R29	1K ohm pot cal
	H15	l lug terminal strip1		P2	pin plug 1	R30	1K ohm pot cal1
	H16	3 lug terminal strip1		P3	banana plug1	R31	15M ohm res. 1/2W1
	H17	7/16 nut (S1)2		R1	10K ohm res. 2W1	S1	SPST toggle switch1
	H18	6-32 X 1/4 screw 4		R2	33K ohm res. 2W1	<b>S2</b>	range switch 3 p. 5 pos1
	H19	6-32 hex nut 4		R3	20K ohm res. 1/2W1	53	function switch 6 p. 4 pos 1
	H20	10-24 screw		R4	1.5M ohm res. 1/2W1	TI	transformer1
	H21	spaghettilength		R5	2M ohm pot1	V1	6H6 tube1
	H22	#6 X 1/4 PK screw11		R6	1.5M ohm res. 1/2W1	V2	6SN7 tube1
	H23	meter lug2		R7	5M ohm res. 1/2W1	V3	6X5 tube
	H24	10-32 hex nut 6		R8	1M ohm res. 1/2W1		instruction book



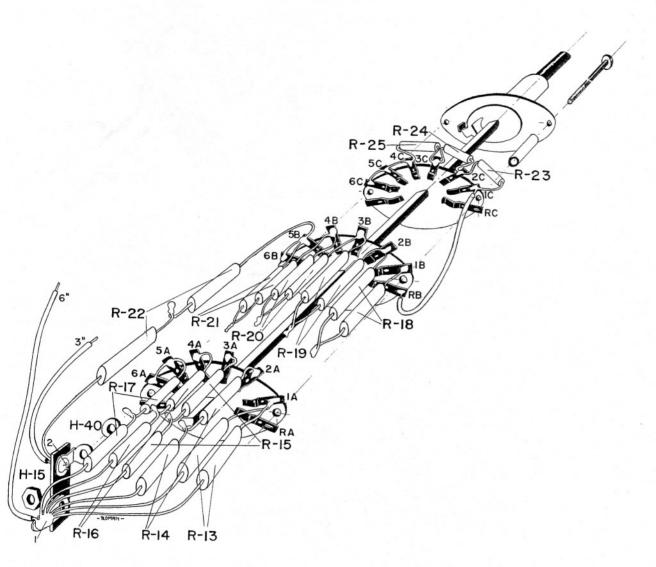
Step #1-1 Assembly: Remove the nut and lockwasher from the switch ass'y. screw (at 5X). Replace the lockwasher with the #6 fibre washer (H40) and the ground lug (H26). Fasten with the nut previously removed. See detail sketch.

### PREWIRING OF FUNCTION SWITCH S3

(S) means solder, (C) means connect but do not solder.

 Step#	Sym.	Description	From	To (Length)
1-2	C5	.002 mfd cond.	(C) RC	(C) 5X
1-3	R8	1M ohm res.	(S) RC	(C) 4X
1-4	H37	bare wire	(S) 1C	(C) 2C
1-5	H33	wire	(C) 2C	2 1/2"
1-6	H33	wire	(S) 2C	(S) 4C
1-7	R26	5.6M ohm res.	(S) 3C	(C) 3A
1-8	H33	wire	(S) RE	10 1/2"
1-9	H33	wire	(S) 1E	4"
1-10	H37	bare wire	(C) 2E	(C) 1D
1-11	H37	bare wire	(S) 2E	(C) 3E
1-12	H33	wire	(S) 3E	3 3/4"
1-13	H33	wire	(S) 4E	3 3/4"
1-14	H33	wire	(S) RA	4 1/2"
1-15	H33	wire	(S) 3A	2 1/2"
1-16	H33	wire	(S) 4A	(C) 3X
1-17	H33	wire	(S) RD	8"
1-18	R11	*1K ohm res.	(S) 1D	2 3/4"
1-19	H33	wire	(S) 2D	2 1/2"
1-20	H33	wire	(S) 3D	2 3/4"
1-21	H33	wire	(S) 4D	2 1/2"
1-22	H33	wire	(S) RB	3"
1-23	H33	wire	(C) 1B	6"
1-24	H37	bare wire	(S) 1B	(S) 2B
1-25	C4	.01 mfd cond.	(C) 4B	(S) 5X
1-26	R7	5M ohm res.	(S) 4B	(C) 2X
1-27	H33	wire	(S) 2X	2"
1-28	C3	.1 mfd cond.	(S) 3X	2 1/4"
1-29	H33	wire	(S) 4X	3 3/4"

\*With spaghetti



Step #2-1 Assembly: Remove the nut and lockwasher from the switch ass'y. screw (next to 6A). Replace the lockwasher with the #6 fibre washer (H40) and the 1 lug terminal strip (H15). Fasten with the nut previously removed. See drawing.

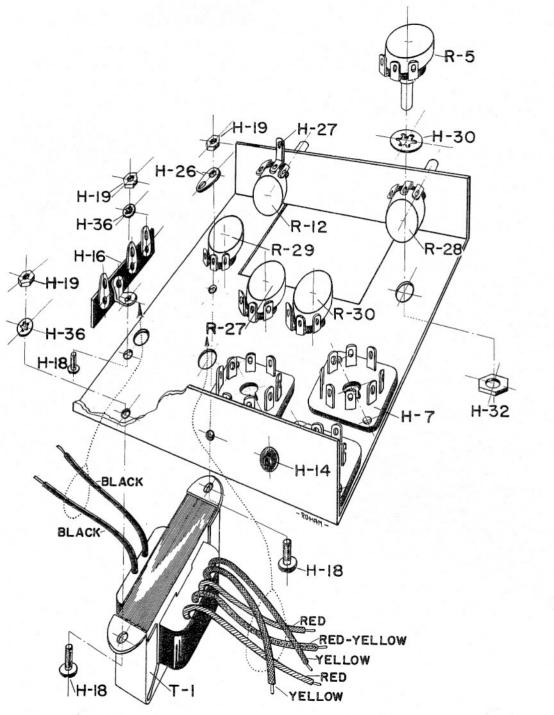
### PREWIRING OF RANGE SWITCH S2

(S) means solder, (C) means connect but do not solder.

_	Step#	Sym.	Description	From	To (Length)
	2-2	H33	wire	(C) 1C	(S) RB
	2-3	R23	2M ohm res.	(S) 1C	(C) 2C
	2-4	R24	3.3M ohm res.	(S) 2C	(C) 3C
	2-5	R25	500K ohm res.	(S) 3C	(C) 4C
	2-6	H37	bare wire	(S) 4C	(C) 5C
	2-7	H37	bare wire	(S) 5C	(S) 6C
	2-8	R18	5M ohm res.	(C) 1B	(C) 2B
	2-9	R19	4.5M ohm res.	(S) 2B	(C) 3B
	2-10	R20	400K ohm res.	(S) 3B	(C) 4B
	2-11	R21	50K ohm res.	(S) 4B	(C) 5B
	2-12	H37	bare wire	(C) 5B	(S) 6B
	2-13	R22	50K ohm res.	(S) 5B	(C) H15#2
	2-14	R13	9.5 ohm res.	(S) 1A	(C) H15#1
	2-15	R14	95 ohm res.	(S) 2A	(C) H15#1
	2-16	R15	9.5K ohm res.	(S) 3A	(C) H15#1
	2-17	R16	95K ohm res.	(S) 4A	(C) H15#1
	2-18	R17	9.5M ohm res.	(C) 5A	(C) H15#1
	2-19	H37	bare wire	(S) 5A	(S) 6A
	2-20	H33	wire	(S) H15#2	
	2-21	H33	wire	(S) H15#1	6"

NOTE: Each of the resistors R13, R14, R15, R16, R17, R18, R19, R20, R21, and R22 is actually a matched pair as shown in the drawing. The two resistors that form a matched pair will be found inserted together in one sleeve marked with the resistance value. All of the matched pairs are to be wired in series except R13, which is wired in parallel. In the case of the series matched pairs, twist two ends together and solder as shown.





### MOUNTING TO THE CHASSIS

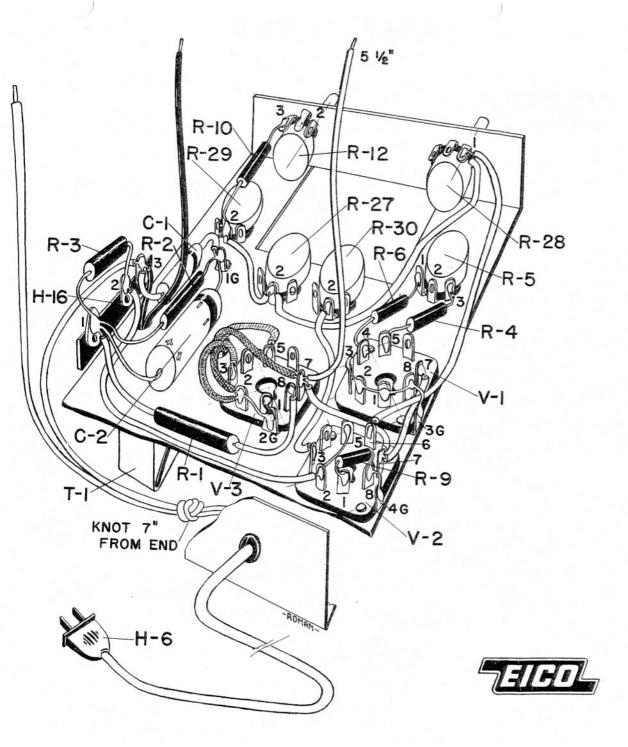
_	Step#	Sym.	Description	Mounted With			
	3-1	R5	2M ohm pot	1#H30, 1#H32			
	3-2	R30	1K ohm pot	1#H30, 1#H32			
	3-3	R27	1K ohm pot	1#H30, 1#H32			
	3-4	R29	IK ohm pot	1#H30, 1#H32			
	3-5	*R12	2K ohm pot	1#H30, 1#H27 1#H32			
	3-6	*R28	1K ohm pot	1#H30, 1#H32			
	3-7	H16	3 lug term. str.	1#H18, 1#H36 1#H19			
	3-8	TI	power ×fmr.	2 <sup>#</sup> H18, 2 <sup>#</sup> H19 1 <sup>#</sup> H36, 1 <sup>#</sup> H26			
	3-9	H14	3/8 grommet				

\*The 3/8 hex nuts (H32) on the 1K ohm pots (R12 & R28) must be temporarily removed later on to attach the chassis to the panel.



ASS'Y PRINT 3

MODEL 214



### CHASSIS WIRING

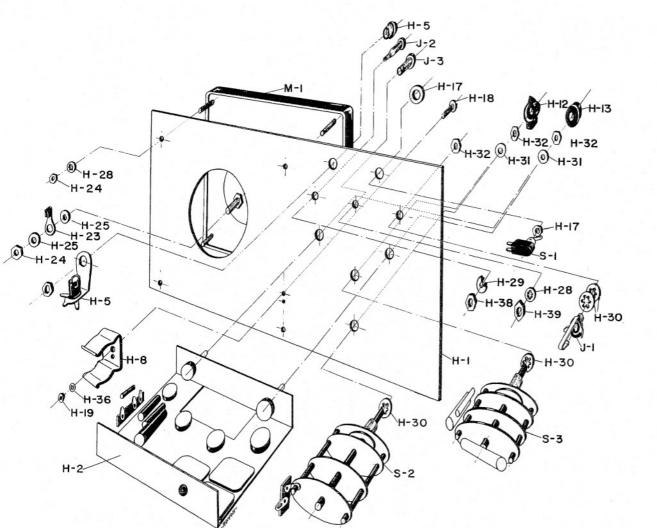
(S) means solder, (C) means connect but do not solder.

<u></u>	Step#	Sym.	Description	From	To (Length)	
	4-1 4-2 4-3 4-4 4-5 4-6 4-7 4-8 4-9 4-10 4-11 4-12 4-13 4-14 4-15 4-16 4-17 4-18 4-20 4-21 4-22 4-23 4-24 4-25 4-26 4-27 4-28 4-30 4-31 4-32 4-33	H33 R9 H37 R3 R1 T1 C1	wire bare wire red wire red wire red-yellow wire yellow wire bare wire bare wire wire wire bare wire 1.5M ohm res. 1.5M ohm res. wire wire wire vire wire wire 1000 ohm res. bare wire 20K ohm res. bare wire 20K ohm res. *10K ohm res. black wire .002 mfd cond. *33K ohm res. *filter cond. line cord (1 lead)	(C) H16#2 (S) V2#2 T1 T1 T1 (S) V3#2 (S) V3#1 T1 (C) V3#7 (S) V2#7 (S) V1#3 (S) V1#2 (S) V1#1 (S) V1#8 (S) V1#5 (S) V2#6 (S) R2#1 (S) V2#8 (S) R2#1 (S) V2#8 (S) H16#2 (S) V3#8 T1 (C) H16#1 (S) H16#1 (S) H16#1	(C) V2#2 (S) V2#5 (S) V3#3 (S) V3#5 (C) V3#2 (C) V3#2 (C) V3#7 (C) V2#7 (C) V1#7 (C) V1#8 (S) XG (C) V1#1 (C) V1#8 (S) XG (S) R5#3 (C) R27#2 (C) R29#2 (C) R29#2 (C) R29#2 (C) R29#2 (C) R29#2 (C) R29#2 (C) R16#1 (C) H16#1 (C) H16#3 (C) H16#3 (C) H16#3 (C) H16#3 (C) R19#2	
			pot grounding lug		(-,	

<sup>\*</sup>With spaghetti

## ASS'Y PRINT 4

MODEL 214



### MOUNTING PANEL

_	Step#	Sym.	Description	Mounted With
	5-1	H5	pilot light ass'y.	associated hdwe.
	5-2	J2	pin jack	1#H29, 1#H38
	5-3	J3	banana jack	1#H28, 1#H39
	5-4	S1	SPST toggle switch	2#H17
	5-5	JI	phone jack	2#H30, 1#H32
	5-6	\$3	function switch	1 <sup>#</sup> H30, 1 <sup>#</sup> H31 1 <sup>#</sup> H32
	5-7	S2	range switch	1#H30, 1#H31, 1#H32
	5-8	H2	chassis	2#H31, 2#H32*
	5-9	H8	battery bracket	1#H18, 1#H36,
	5-10	M1	meter movement	4#H28, 4#H24
	5-11	H23	meter lugs	4 <sup>#</sup> H25, 2 <sup>#</sup> H24
	5 11	1120	merer rogs	

\*3/8 hex nuts previously mounted - remove temporarily and replace after the pot shafts are through the panel.

### KNOB PLACEMENT

Step#5-12: Place the small round knobs (H13) on the shafts of the OHMS ADJ. and ZERO ADJ. potentiometers respectively, and tighten the set screws.

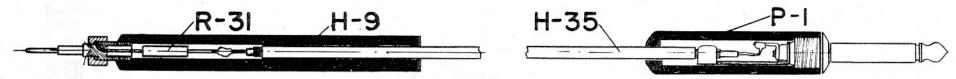
Step#5-13: Place the bar knobs (H12) on the shafts of the FUNCTION switch, S3, and the RANGE switch, S2, and tighten the set screws. Rotate the switches counter-clockwise as far as they will go. Loosen the set screws, and line up the FUNCTION switch and RANGE switch knobs with the markers for the "-DC VOLTS" and "5V, RX1" positions respectively. Tighten the set screws. The knobs now indicate properly.



ASS'Y PRINT 5

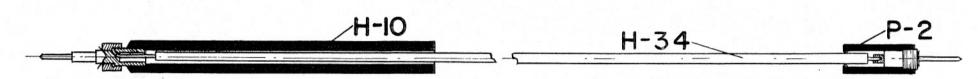
MODEL 214

#### DC TEST LEAD



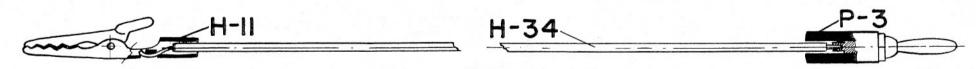
Strip ends of shielded wire, H35, as shown. Solder one end of inner conductor to 15M ohm resistor, R31. Be sure that shielding is well separated from exposed inner conductor. Unscrew ring nut from tip of test prod, H9. Slide cable through prod, resistor first, until resistor lead protrudes from small hole in prod tip. Wind protruding lead once around tip and secure with ring nut. Unscrew cover from phone plug, P1, and slide other end of the shielded wire through it. Solder inner conductor to short terminal lug of P1. Insert exposed shielding in clamp at the end of the long terminal. Crimp it so that the cable is held securely. Solder shielding to clamp. Make sure that shielding is well separated from exposed end of inner conductor. Slide cover to end of plug and screw tight.

### AC TEST LEAD



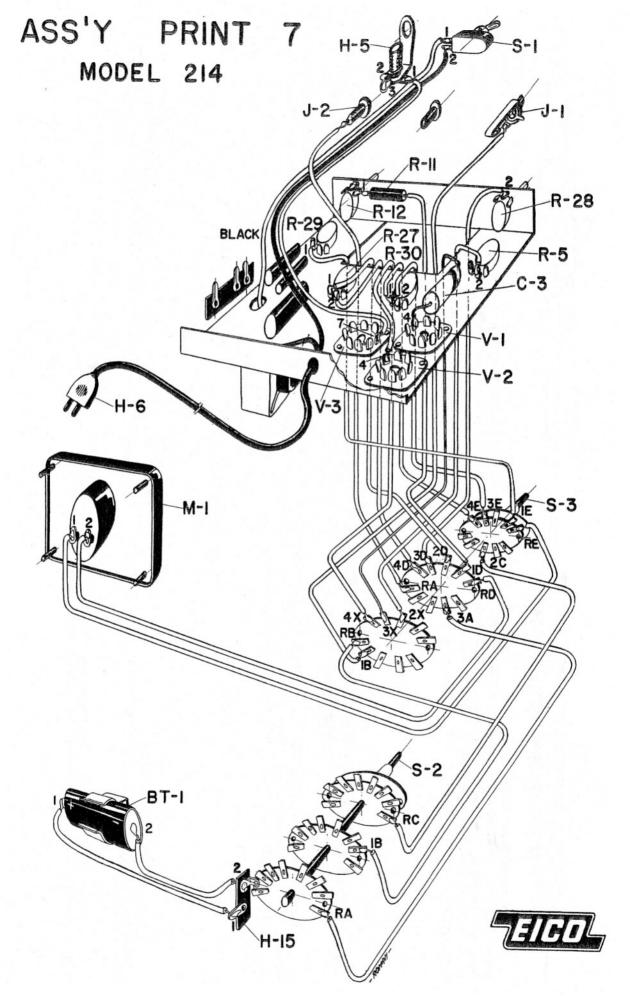
Strip ends of test lead wire, H34. Remove ring nut from black test prod, H10. Slide wire through prod until one stripped end protrudes from small hole in prod tip. Wind exposed wire around prod tip and secure with ring nut. Unscrew cover from pin plug, P2, and slide other end of wire through it. Solder end of wire to terminal on pin plug. Slide cover to end of plug and screw tight.

### COMMON TEST LEAD



Strip ends of test lead wire, H34. Solder one end to alligator clip, H11. Unscrew cover from banana plug, P3, and slide other end of wire through it. Solder end of wire to terminal on banana plug. Slide cover to end of plug and screw tight.

TEIGUL



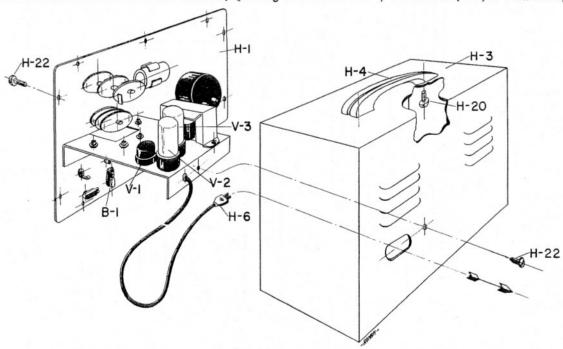
### FINAL WIRING

Step#	Sym.	Description	From	То	Step#	Sym.	Description	From	То
6-1	H33	wire	*S3#3E	(S) R30#2	6-13	H33	wire	*S3#RE	(S) M1#1
6-2	H33	wire	*S3#4E	(S) R30#1	6-14	H33	wire	*S3#2C	(S) S2#RC
6-3	H33	wire	*S3#4X	(S) V2#4	6-15	H33	wire	*S3#RD	(S) M1#2
6-4	H33	wire	*S3#4D	(S) R27#2	6-16	H33	wire	*S3#3A	(S) S2#RA
6-5	H33	wire	*S3#2D	(S) R27#1	6-17	H33	wire	*S3#RB	(S) S2#1B
6-6	H33	wire	*S3#3D	(S) R28#2	6-18	H33	wire	*H15#1	(S) BT1#1
6-7	H33	wire	*S3#1E	(S) R29#1	6-19	H33	wire	*H15#2	(S) BT1#2
6-8	H33	wire	*S3#2X	(S) R5#2	6-20	T1	power ×fmr.	black	(S) S1#1
6-9	C3	.1 mfd cond.	*S3#3X	(S) V1#4	6-21	H6	line cord	lead	(S) S1#2
6-10	R11	1K ohm res.	*S3#1D	(S) R12#1	6-22	H37	bare wire	(S) H5#2	(S) H5#3
6-11	H33	wire	*S3#1B	(S) J1	6-23	H33	wire	*V3#7	(S) H5#1
6-12	H33	wire	*S3#RA	(S) J2			ldered in previ		(-,

### FINAL STEPS

You have now completed the mechanical assembly and the wiring of your instrument. Insert the tubes and the pilot light as shown in the figure below. Check the wiring carefully for errors or omissions. If you have an ohmmeter, measure the resistance from V3, pin 8 to ground (before connecting the instrument to the power line). If it is less than 40,000 ohms, check the rectifier circuit. Insert the plug on the line cord into the 115 VAC power supply and turn the instrument on. If you have a voltmeter, check to see if you have the following voltages to ground (within 20%): V2, pins 2 & 5—90v; V2, pin 3—2 to 3v; V2, pin 6—2 to 3v. If these voltages are not present, check the wiring and components in the circuits involved. Whether you have made the voltage and resistance checks or not, proceed with these remaining steps. Check to see that rotation of the "ZERO ADJ." potentiometer results in movement of the meter pointer. Set the FUNCTION switch at "OHMS" and observe whether the meter pointer swings to the right as it should. Check to see whether the "OHMS ADJ." potentiometer can adjust the meter pointer to full-scale deflection.

After you have made these checks, proceed with the calibration. The calibration procedure is described completely in the MAINTENANCE section of the Instruction Book. After calibration, mount the handle (H4) with two  $10^-24$  screws (H20), and then insert the instrument in the cabinet, securing it with the  $^{\#}6 \times 1/4$  PK screws (H22) as shown in figure below.



If the instrument fails to operate properly, make certain that the wiring and the components in the circuit are correct. Almost all troubles reported to us in the past, have had improper wiring as their cause. If the wiring is correct, test for continuity and check individual components for breakdown. If you are still having difficulty, write to our engineering department (Electronic Instrument Co., Inc., 84 Withers Street, Brooklyn 11, New York) listing all indications which might be helpful. If desired, you may return the instrument to our factory, where it will be placed in operating condition and calibrated for \$4.00 plus the cost of parts replaced due to their being damaged in the construction of the instrument. Pack the unit very carefully; in the original shipping carton, if possible. Send it to the above address, prepaid Railway Express. The instrument will be returned as soon as possible, express collect.

