## INSTRUCTION <br> MANUAL

# 7A18/7A18N DUALTRACE AMPLIFIER 

Sorial No.

## MARHAWTY

AII TEKTRONIX instruments are wartanted mainst defective matefnets and wortrmanship for one year Any guestions with reipect to the warranty should be then up wilh year TEKThON1X Fhcd Enynctr or represencative

AII requests lor tepairs and replacement parts siould be directed to the TEKTFONIX Fief Office or reprementative In your are: This wir hivure you the fiskeet possible: service, Pleast Mrchalh ke inskrumpent Tyke Mumber of Pert Number and Senial Namber with all reguests for parts or sarvita

Spesifrationu and pico ctiange privieges rozerved
eopyritht (E) 1971, new material 1974, by Tektronix, Ine., Eeaverton, Oregon. Printed in the United States of America. All rights reserved Contents of this publication may not be reproduced in any form without permission of Tektronix, Inc.

US.A. and foreign TEKTRONIX products covered by US. mad foreign patents and/or patents pending:

TEK THONIX is a registered tredemank of Tek ronix, Inc:

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 SPECIFICATION Page OPTION INFORMATION
Introduction ..... 1-1
Electrical Characteristics ..... $1-1$
7A18 And Mainframe Frequency Response ..... 1-3
Environmental Characteristics ..... $1-3$
Physical Characteristics ..... 1-3
SECTION 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS
Installation ..... 2-1
Front Panel Controls and Connectors ..... 2-1
General Operating Information ..... 2-2
Basic Applications ..... 2-4
SECTION 3 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
Introduction ..... 3-1
Block Diagram Description ..... 3-1
Detailed Circuit Description ..... 3-1
SECTION 4 MAINTENANCE
Preventive Maintenance ..... 4-1
Troubleshooting ..... 4-1
Replacement Parts ..... 4-3
Component Replacement ..... 4-4
SECTION 5 CALIBRATION
Recalibration Interval ..... 5.1
Test Equipment Required ..... 5-1Part I .... Performance CheckPart II - Adjustment5-35-7
SECTION 6 ELECTRICAL PARTS LISTAbbreviations and SymbolsParts Ordering InformationSECTION 7 DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARDillustrations
Symbols and Reference Designators
Voltage and Waveform Conditions
SECTION 8 MECHANICAL PARTS LIST
Mechanical Parts List Information
Index of Mechanical Parts IllustrationsMechanical Parts List
Accessories
CHANGE INFORMATION
Abbreviations and symbols used in this manual are based onor taken directly from IEEE Standard 260 "StandardSymbols for Units", MIL-STD-12B and other standards of .the electronics industry. Change information, if any, islocated at the rear of this manual.


Fg- 1,318 and 7 ATB Ampllier.

## SECTION 1 SPECIFICATION

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of the manual.

## Introduction

The 7A18 and 7A18N Dual Trace Amplifier plug-in units are designed for use with Tektronix 7000 -Series Oscilloscopes. The 7A18 and 7A18N are electrically identical except that readout encoding capabilities and an "IDENTIFY" function are provided only in the 7A18. All references made to the 7A18 apply equally to the 7A18N unless otherwise noted. The 7A18 is a dual-channel, medium-bandwidth amplifier. Internal gain and compensation circuits are automatically switched to correspond to
the setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch. Channel 2 can be inverted for differential measurements. The 7A18 can be operated in any plug-in compartment of the 7000 -Series Oscilloscopes.

The following electrical characteristics are valid over the stated environmental range for instruments calibrated at an ambient temperature of $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and after a five minute warmup unless otherwise noted.

TABLE 1-1
ELECTRICAL

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Supplemental Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deflection Factor <br> Calibrated Range | $5 \mathrm{mV} /$ Div to 5 V/Div; ten steps in a 1 , 2,5 sequence. |  |
| Deflection Factor Accuracy | Within 2\% with GAIN adjusted at $10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{Div}$. |  |
| Uncalibrated (VARIABLE) | Continuously variable between calibrated steps; extends deflection factor to at least $12.5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{Div}$. |  |
| GAIN |  | Permits adjustment of deflection factor for calibrated operation with all 7000 series oscilloscopes. |
| Frequency Response System Dependent ( 8 div reference signal) Upper Bandwidth DC (Direct) Coupled | See Table A |  |
| Lower Bandwidth AC (Capacitive) Coupled | 10 Hertz or less |  |
| With $10 \times$ Probe | 1 Herth or less |  |

TABLE 1-1 (cont)

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Supplemental Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Input Voltage DC Coupled |  | 250 volts, ( $D C+$ Peak $A C$ ); AC component 500 volts peak-to-peak maximum, one kilohertz or less. |
| AC Coupled |  | 500 volts, ( $D C+$ Peak $A C$ ); AC component 500 volts peak-to-peak maximum, one kilohertz or less. |
| Channel Isolation | $50: 1$ display ratio up to 50 megahertz. |  |
| Input R and C |  |  |
| Resistance | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega \pm 2 \%$ |  |
| Capacitance | Approximately 20.0 pf |  |
| RC Product |  | Within $\pm 1 \%$ between all deflection factors. |
| Displayed Noise  <br> (Tangentially Measured)  |  |  |
| Overdrive Recovery Time |  | 0.1 ms or less to recover to within one division after the removal of an overdrive signal of up to +75 divisions or -75 divisions regardless of overdrive signal duration. |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | At least 10:1 up to 50 megahertz. |  |
| DC Drift |  |  |
| Drift with Time (ambient temperature and line voltage constant) |  | 0.02 division or less in any one minute, after one hour warmup. |
| Drift with Temperature (line voltage constant) |  | No more than 0.01 division per degree C. |
| Time Delay between Channels |  | 700 picoseconds or less. |
| Display Modes | Channel 1 only. <br> Dual-trace, alternate between channels. <br> Added algebraically. <br> Dual-trace chopped between channels. <br> Channel 2 only. |  |

TABLE 1.1 (cont)

| Characteristic | Performance Requirement | Supplemental Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trigger source Selection | Channel 1 only. <br> Follows DISPLAY MODE selection. <br> Channel 2 only. |  |

TABLEA
7 A18 AND MAINFRAME
FREQUENCY RESPONSE

| With 7700 Series | With 7600 Series | With 7400 Series |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 75 MHz | 60 MHz | 50 MHz |

TABLE 12
ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTIC
Refer to the Specification for the associated oscilloscope.
$\qquad$

TABLE 1-3
PHYSICAL

| Size | Fits all 7000 -steries plug in compartments. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Weight | 2 Pounds 10 Ouncer ( 1.4 kilograms) |

# SECTION 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS 

Change information, if any, affecting this secton will be found at the rat of the marual.

## General

To effectively use the 7 A 18 , the operation and capabll. ties of the instument must be known. This section describes frontpanel control functions, general infomation on signal imput connections, and other subjects that pertain to various measurement applications.

## Installation

The 7 A 18 is calbrated ano ready for use as receved. It can be installed in any compartment of Tektonix 7000 . Seres oscilloscopes, but is intended for principal use in vertical plugin compartments. To install, align the upper and lower fals of the 7A18 with the osclloscope wacks and fully insent it. The front will be fush with the front of the osclloscope when the 7A18 is fully inserted, and the latch ás the bottom-left comer of the 7A18 will be in place against the front panel.

To remove the 7A18, pull om the latch (which is inserbed with the unit dentification "7A18* or "7A $18 N *$ ") and the 7 A 18 will unlath, Conthue pulling on the lated to slide the 7A18 out of the ascilloscope.

## FRONT PANEL CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS

The following descriptions apply to the controls and connectors of both Input Amplifier channels when applicable See Fig 21.

Input Connector

AC-GNDDC
Selecte signal input coupling mode.
$\mathrm{AC}-$ The AC component of the signal is coupled to the amplifier input while the DC component is blocked.

GND-Grounds the amplitier input while malntaining the same load for the input signal. Provides a charge peth for the AC couplimg capacitor to precharge the input circuit before switching the imput to AC.



DC-Bath AC and DC components of the signal are coupled to the amplifier input.

POSITION

IDENTIFY
17A18 only)

Controls position of the wace Posi Honing of the trace in the "ADD" Display Mode is controlled by CH 1 POSITION control only.

Deffect wace about 0.2 division for trace identifation. In instruments with radout also renlaces readout with the word "IDENTIFY".


GAIN Adjustment

DISPLAY MODE

Selects calibrated deflection factors from $5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{Div}$ to $5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{Div}$; ten steps in a $1-2.5$ sequence.

Provides continuously variable uncalibrated settings between calibrated steps. Extends the deflection factor range to 12.5 volts/division or more.

When the VARIABLE control is pushed in, it becomes a front-panel screw-driver adjustment for calibration of deflection factor.

Selects one of the following modes of operation:
$\mathrm{CH} 1-\mathrm{A}$ single-trace display of the signal applied to Channel 1.

ALT-A dual-trace display of the signal applied to both channels. The channels are alternately displayed, and switching occurs at the end of each time-base sweep.

ADD-Algebraically adds the signals applied to the CH 1 and CH 2 input connectors, and the algebraic sum is displayed on the CRT. The CH 2 POLARITY switch allows the display to be $\mathrm{CH} 1+\mathrm{CH} 2$ or $\mathrm{CH} 1-\mathrm{CH} 2$. Position of the trace in this display mode is controlled by CH 1 POSITION control only.

CHOP - A dual-trace display of the signals applied to both channels. The two channels time-share the sweep as determined by the indicator oscilloscope.
$\mathrm{CH} 2-\mathrm{A}$ single-trace display of the signal applied to CH 2.

TRIGGER SOURCE Selects source of the trigger signal. The trigger signals provide internal triggering for the oscilloscope timebase units.

CH 1-Internal triggering signal obtained from signal applied to CH 1.

MODE - Internal trigger signal automatically follows DISPLAY MODE selection. In ADD or

CHOP display modes, the trigger signal is the algebraic sum of CH 1 and CH 2 trigger.

CH 2 - Internal trigger signal obtained from signal applied to CH 2.

CH 2 POLARITY
Provides means of inverting the CH 2 display.
+UP-A positive-going signal at the CH 2 input connector deflects the CRT display upward.

INVERT-A positive-going signal at the CH 2 input connector deflects the CRT display downward.

## GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION

## Introduction

For single-trace operation, either of the two identical amplifier channels can be used independently by setting the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switches to CH 1 or CH 2 and connecting the signal to be observed to the appropriate input. In the discussions to follow, single-trace operations using CH 1 only apply equally to CH 2 only.

## Signal Connections

In general, probes offer the most convenient means of connecting a signal to the input of the 7A18. A 10X attenuator probe offers a high input impedance and allows the circuit under test to perform very close to normal operating conditions.

The Tektronix P6053A probe, with its readout coding ring, was designed specifically for use with Tektronix 7Aseries amplifier units equipped with readout. The readout coding ring on the probe connects to a circuit in the amplifier unit which automatically corrects the readout displayed on the CRT to the actual deflection factor at the tip of the probe being used. For probes to be used with amplifier units without readout, see the Tek tronix, Inc. catalog.

## Vertical Gain Check and Adjustment

To check the gain of either channel, set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV and connect $40 \mathrm{mV}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ signal from the oscilloscope calibrator to the input connector of the channel being checked. The vertical deflection should be exactly four divisions. If not, adjust the front-panel GAIN for exactly four divisions of deflection. The GAIN adjustment is engaged by pressing in the GAIN control knob and turning the knob with a narrow-blade screwdriver (see Front

Panel Controls and Connectors). Turn the knob clockwise, then counterclockwise, until the GAIN control is engaged. When the GAIN control is engaged, the vertical deflection will change as the knob is turned. Turn the GAIN control knob with the screwdriver until the deflection is set to exactly four divisions, then remove the screwdriver.

## Input Coupling

The Channel 1 and Channel 2 coupling (AC-GND-DC) switches allow a choice of input coupling methods. The type of display desired and the applied signal will determine the coupling to use.

The DC coupling position must be used to display the DC component of the signal. It must also be used to display AC signals below about 30 hertz (ten hertz with a 10 X probe) and square waves with low-frequency components as these signals are attenuated in the AC position.

In the AC coupling position, the DC component of the signal is blocked by a capacitor in the input circuit. The AC coupling position provides the best display of signals with a DC component much larger than the AC components. The precharge feature should be used with large DC inputs. To use this feature, first set the coupling to GND. Connect the probe to the circuit and wait about two seconds for the coupling capacitor to charge. Then set the coupling to AC.

The GND position provides a ground reference at the input of the amplifier without externally grounding the input connectors. However, the signals connected to the inputs are not grounded, and the same DC load is presented to the signal source.

## VOLTS/DIV and VARIABLE Controls

The amount of vertical deflection produced by a signal is determined by the signal amplitude, the attenuation factor of the probe, the setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch, and the setting of the VARIABLE control. Calibration deflection factors indicated by the settings of the VOLTS/DIV switch apply only when the VARIABLE control is in the calibrated (CAL IN) position.

The VARIABLE control provides variable, uncalibrated settings between the calibrated steps of the VOLTS/DIV switch. With the VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise and the VOLTS/DIV set to 5 volts/div the uncalibrated vertical deflection factor is extended to at least 12.5 volts/division. By applying a calibrated voltage source to the input connector, any specific deflection factor can be set within the range of the VARIABLE control.

## CH 2 POLARITY Switch

The CH 2 POLARITY switch may be used to invert the displayed waveform of the signal applied to the CH 2 input. This is particularly useful in added operation of the 7A18 when differential measurements are to be made. The CH 2 POLARITY switch has two positions, +UP and INVERT. In the +UP position, the displayed waveform will have the same polarity as the applied signal and a positive DC voltage will move the CRT trace up. In the INVERT position, a positive-going waveform at the CH 2 input will be displayed on the CRT in inverted form and a positive DC voltage will move the trace down.

## DISPLAY MODE Switch

For single-trace operation, apply the signal either to the CH 1 input or the CH 2 input and set the DISPLAY MODE switch to the corresponding position: CH 1 or CH 2 .

To display a signal in one channel independently when a signal is also applied to the other channel, simply select the desired channel by setting the DISPLAY MODE switch to the appropriate CH 1 or CH 2 position.

Alternate Mode. The ALT position of the DISPLAY MODE switch produces a display which alternates between channel 1 and channel 2 with each sweep on the CRT. Although the ALT mode can be used at all sweep rates, the CHOP mode provides a more satisfactory display at sweep rates below about 0.2 millisecond/division. At slow sweep rates alternate mode switching becomes visually perceptible.

Add Mode. The ADD position of the DISPLAY MODE switch can be used to display the sum or difference of two signals, for common-mode rejection to remove an undesired signal, or for DC offset (applying a DC voltage to one channel to offset the DC component of a signal on the other channel). The overall deflection factor in the ADD mode with both VOLTS/DIV switches set to the same position is the deflection factor indicated by either VOLTS/DIV switch. However, if the CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switches are set to different deflection factors, the resultant amplitude is difficult to determine from the CRT display. In this case, the voltage amplitude of the resultant display can be determined accurately only if the amplitude of the signal applied to one channel is known. In the ADD mode, positioning of the trace is controlled by the channel 1 POSITION control only.

Chop Mode. The CHOP position of the DISPLAY MODE switch produces a display which is electronically switched between channels at approximately a 500 kilohertz rate (controlled by mainframe). In general the CHOP mode provides the best display at sweep rates slower than
about 0.2 millisecond/division or whenever dual-trace, nonrepetitive phenomena is to be displayed.

## TRIGGER SOURCE Switch

CH 1. The CH 1 position of the TRIGGER SOURCE switch provides a trigger signal obtained from the signal applied to the CH 1 input connector. This provides a stable display of the signal applied to the CH 1 input connector.

CH 2. The CH 2 position of the TRIGGER SOURCE switch provides a trigger signal obtained from the signal applied to the CH 2 input connector. This provides a stable display of the signal applied to the CH 2 input connector.

MODE. In this position of the TRIGGER SOURCE switch, the trigger signal for the time-base unit is dependent on the setting of the DISPLAY MODE switch. The trigger source for each position of the DISPLAY MODE switch is as follows:

## MODE

TRIGGER SIGNAL SOURCE

| CH 1 | Channel 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH 2 | Channel 2 |
| ADD | Algebraic sum of channel 1 and channel 2 |
| CHOP | Algebraic sum of channel 1 and channel 2 |
| ALT | Alternates between channel 1 and channel 2 |

## Trace Identification (7A18 only)

When the IDENTIFY button is pressed, the trace is deflected about 0.2 division to identify the 7A18 trace. This feature is particularly useful when multiple traces are displayed. In instruments with readout, also replaces deflection factor readout with the word "IDENTIFY".

## BASIC APPLICATIONS

## General

The following information describes the procedures and techniques for making basic measurements with a 7A18 and the associated Tek tronix oscilloscope and time-base. These applications are not described in detail since each application must be adapted to the requirements of the individual measurements. This instrument can also be used for many applications not described in this manual. Contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative for assistance in making specific measurements with this instrument.

## Peak-to-Peak Voltage Measurements (AC)

To make peak-to-peak voltage measurements, use the following procedure:

1. Apply the signal to either input connector.
2. Set the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switches to display the channel used.
3. Set the coupling switch to AC.

## NOTE

For low-frequency signals below about 30 hertz use the DC position to prevent attenuation of the signal.
4. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to display about five divisions of the waveform vertically.
5. Set the time-base Triggering controls for a stable display. Set the time-base unit to a sweep rate which displays several cycles of the waveform.
6. Turn the 7A18 POSITION control so the lower portion of the waveform coincides with one of the graticule lines below the center horizontal line, and the top of the waveform is within the viewing area. With the time-base Position control, move the display so one of the upper peaks lies near the center vertical line (see Fig. 2-2).
7. Measure the divisions of vertical deflection peak-topeak. Check that the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control is in the CAL IN position.

## NOTE

This technique can also be used to make measurements between two points on the waveform, rather than peak to peak.


Fig. 2-2. Measuring the peak-to-peak voltage of a waveform.
8. Multiply the deflection measured in step 7 by the VOLTS/DIV switch setting. Include the attenuation factor of the probe if used.

EXAMPLE: Assume that the peak to peak vertical deflection is 4.5 divisions (see Fig. 2-2) using a 10 X attenuator probe, and the VOLTS/DIV switch is set to 1 V .

$\underset{\text { Peak to Peak }}{\text { Volts }}=$| vertical |
| :---: |
| deflection |
| (divisions) |$\quad \underset{\text { setting }}{\text { VOLTS/DIV }} \times \underset{\text { attenuation }}{\text { factor }}$

Substituting the given values:

$$
\text { Volts Peak-to-Peak }=4.5 \times 1 \times 10
$$

The peak-to-peak voltage is 45 volts.
Instantaneous Voltage Measurements (DC)
To measure the DC level at a given point on a waveform, proceed as follows:

1. Connect the signal to either input connector.
2. Set the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switches to display the channel used.
3. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to display about five divisions of the waveform.
4. Set the coupling switch to GND and position the trace to the bottom graticule line or other reference line. If the voltage is negative with respect to ground, position the trace to the top graticule line. Do not move the POSITION control after this reference line has been established.

## Note

To measure a voltage level with respect to a voltage other than ground, make the following changes to step 4. Set the coupling switch to DC and apply the reference voltage to the imput connector. Then position the trace to the reference line.
5. Set the coupling switch to DC. The ground reference line can be checked at any time by switching to the GND position.
6. Set the time-base Triggering controls for a stable display. Set the time-base sweep rate for an optimum display of the waveform.
7. Measure the distance in divisions between the reference line and the point on the waveform at which the DC level is to be measured. For example, in Fig. $2-3$ the measurement is between the reference line and point $A$.
8. Establish the polarity of the waveform. With the CH 2 POLARITY switch in the +UP position, any point above the reference line is positive.
9. Multiply the distance measured in step 7 by the VOLTS/DIV setting. Include the attenuation factor of the probe, if used.

EXAMPLE: Assume the vertical distance measured is 3.6 divisions (see Fig. 2-3) and the waveform is above the reference line using a 10X probe with a VOLTS/DIV setting of 0.5 V .

Using the formula:
Instan-
taneous $=\underset{\text { vertical }}{\text { distance }} \times$ polarity $\times \underset{\text { DIV }}{\text { (divisions) }} \times \underset{\text { setting }}{\text { Voltage }} \times \underset{\text { probe }}{\text { factor }}$

Substituting the given values:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Instantaneous } \\
& \text { Voltage }
\end{aligned}
$$

The instantaneous voltage is 18 volts.


Fig. 2-3. Measuring instantaneous voltage with respect to some reference.

## Comparison Measurements

In some applications it may be desirable to establish arbitrary units of measurement other than those indicated by the VOLTS/DIV switch. This is particularly useful when comparing unknown signals to a reference amplitude. One use for the comparison-measurement technique is to facilitate calibration of equipment where the desired amplitude does not produce an exact number of divisions of deflection. The adjustment will be easier and more accurate if arbitrary units of measurement are established so that the correct adjustment is indicated by an exact number of divisions of deflection. The following procedure describes how to establish arbitrary units of measure for comparison measurements.

To establish an arbitrary vertical deflection factor based upon a specific reference amplitude, proceed as follows:

1. Connect the reference signal to the input connector. Set the time-base unit sweep rate to display several cycles of the signal.
2. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch and the VARIABLE control to produce a display which is an exact number of vertical divisions in amplitude. Do not change the VARIABLE control after obtaining the desired deflection.
3. To establish an arbitrary vertical deflection factor so the amplitude of an unknown signal can be measured accurately at any setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch, the amplitude of the reference signal must be known. If it is not known, it can be measured before the VARIABLE VOLTSIDIV control is set in step 2 .
4. Divide the amplitude of the reference signal (volts) by the product of the vertical deflection (divisions) established in step 2 and the setting of the VOLTS/D/V switch. This is the vertical conversion factor.

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\text { Vertical } \\
\text { Conversion }
\end{array} & =\begin{array}{c}
\text { reference signal } \\
\text { amplitude (volts) }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{c}
\text { vertical } \\
\text { deflection } \times \\
\text { (divisions) }
\end{array} & \text { switch } \\
& \text { setting }
\end{array}
$$

5. To measure the amplitude of an unknown signal, disconnect the reference signal and connect the unknown signal to the input connector. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to a setting that provides sufficient vertical deflection to make an accurate measurement. Do not readjust the VARIABLE control.
6. Measure the vertical deflection in divisions and calculate the amplitude of the unknown signal using the following formula.
Signal

Amplitude $=$\begin{tabular}{c}
VOLTS/DIV <br>
setting

$\times \underset{\text { conversion }}{ } \times$

vertical <br>
deflection
\end{tabular}

factor

EXAMPLE: Assume a reference signal amplitude of 30 volts, a VOLTS/DIV setting of 5 V and the VARIABLE control adjusted to provide a vertical deflection of four divisions. Substituting these values in the vertical conversion factor formula (step 4) :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Vertical } \\
& \text { Conversion } \\
& \text { Factor }
\end{aligned}=\frac{30 \mathrm{~V}}{4 \times 5 \mathrm{~V}}=1.5
$$

Then with a VOLTS/DIV setting of 2 V , the peak-to-peak amplitude of an unknown signal which produces a vertical deflection of five divisions can be determined by using the signal amplitude formula (step 6):

$$
\underset{\text { Smplitude }}{\text { Signal }}=2 \mathrm{~V} \times 1.5 \times 5=15 \text { volts }
$$

## Dual-Trace Phase Difference Measurements

Phase comparison between two signals of the same frequency can be made using the duat-trace feature of the 7A18. This method of phase difference measurement can be used up to the frequency limit of the oscilloscope system. To make the comparison, use the following procedure:

1. Set the CH 1 and CH 2 coupling switches to the same position, depending on the type of coupling desired.
2. Set the DISPLAY MODE to ALT or CHOP. In general. CHOP is more suitable for low frequencies and ALT is more suitable for high frequencies. Set the TRIGGER SOURCE to CH 1.
3. Connect the reference signal to the CH 1 input and the comparison signal to the CH 2 input. Use coaxial cables or probes which have similar time delay characteristics to connect the signals to the input connectors.
4. If the signals are of opposite polarity, set the CH 2 POLARITY switch to invert the channel 2 display. (Signals may be of opposite polarity due to $180^{\circ}$ phase difference; if so, take this into account in the final calculation.)
5. Set the VOLTS/DIV switches and the VARIABLE controls of the two channels so the displays are equal and about five divisions in amplitude.
6. Set the time-base unit to a sweep rate which displays about one cycle of the waveforms. Set the Triggering controls for a stable display.
7. Center the waveforms on the graticule with the 7A18 POSITION controls.
8. Adjust the time-base Variable Time/Div control until one cycle of the reference signal occupies exactly eight horizontal divisions between the second and tenth vertical lines of the graticule (see Fig. 2-4). Each division of the graticule represents $45^{\circ}$ of the cycle $\left(360^{\circ} \div 8\right.$ divisions $=$ $45^{\circ}$ /division). The sweep rate can now be stated in terms of degrees as $45^{\circ} /$ division.
9. Measure the horizontal difference between corresponding points on the waveform.
10. Multiply the measured distance (in divisions) by $45^{\circ}$ division to obtain the exact amount of phase difference.

EXAMPLE: Assume a horizontal difference of 0.3 division with a sweep rate of $45^{\circ} /$ division as shown in Fig. 2-4.

Using the formula:
Phase Difference $\left.=\begin{array}{c}\text { horizontal } \\ \text { difference } \\ \text { (divisions) }\end{array} \times \begin{array}{c}\text { sweep rate }\end{array}\right)$


Fig. 2-4. Measuring phase difference between two signals.

Substituting the given values:

$$
\text { Phase Difference }=0.3 \times 45^{\circ}
$$

The phase difference is $13.5^{\circ}$.

## High Resolution Phase Measurements

More accurate dual-trace phase measurements can be made by increasing the sweep rate (without changing the Variable Time/Div controll. One of the easiest ways to increase the sweep rate is with the time-base Magnifier switch. Set the Magnifier to $\times 10$ and determine the magnified sweep rate by dividing the sweep rate obtained previously by the amount of sweep magnification.

EXAMPLE: If the sweep rate is increased 10 times by the Magnifier, the magnified sweep rate is $45^{\circ} /$ division : 10 $=4.5^{\circ} /$ division. Fig. 2.5 shows the same signals as used in Fig. $2-4$ but with the Magnifier set to $\times 10$. With a horizontal difference of 3 divisions, the phase difference is:

$$
\text { Phase Difference }-\begin{gathered}
\text { horizontal } \\
\text { difference } \\
\text { (divisions) }
\end{gathered} \times \begin{gathered}
\text { magnified } \\
\text { sweep rate } \\
\text { (degrees/division) }
\end{gathered}
$$

Substituting the given values:

$$
\text { Phase Difference }=3 \times 4.5^{\circ}
$$

The phase difference is $13.5^{\circ}$.


Fig. 2-5. High resolution phase measurement using time-base magnifier.

## Common Mode Rejection

The ADD feature of the 7A18 can be used to display signals which contain undesirable components. These undesirable components can be eliminated through commonmode rejection. The procedure is as follows:

1. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to ALT or CHOP and the TRIGGER SOURCE switch to MODE.
2. Connect the signal containing both the desired and undesired information to the CH 1 input connector.
3. Connect a signal similar to the unwanted portion of the CH 1 signal to the CH 2 input connector. For example, in Fig. 2-6 a line-frequency signal is connected to Channel 2 to cancel out the line-frequency component of the Channel 1 signal.
4. Set both coupling switches to the same setting, DC or $A C$, depending on the applied signal.
5. Set the VOLTS/DIV switches so the signals are about equal in amplitude.
6. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to ADD. Set the CH 2 POLARITY switch to INVERT so the common-mode signals are of opposite polarity.
7. Adjust the Channel 2 VOLTS/DIV switch and VARIABLE control for maximum cancellation of the common-mode signal. The signal which remains should be only the desired portion of the Channel 1 signal.

EXAMPLE: An example of this mode of operation is shown in Fig. 2-6. The signal applied to Channel 1 contains unwanted line frequency components (Fig. 2-6A). A corresponding line frequency signal is connected to Channel 2 (Fig. 2-6B). Fig. 2.6C shows the desired portion of the signal as displayed when common-mode rejection is used.

The above procedure can also be used for examining a signal superimposed on some $D C$ level when $D C$ coupling is used. A DC voltage of the proper polarity applied to Channel 2 can be used to cancel out the DC portion of the signal applied to Channel 1.


Fig. 2-6. Using the $A D D$ mode for common-mode rejection. (A) Channel 1 signal contains desired information along with linefrequency component. (B) Channel 2 contains line frequency only. (C) Resultant CRT display using common-mode rejection.

# SECTION 3 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION 

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of this manual.

## Introduction

This section of the manual contains a description of the circuitry used in the 7A18 dual-trace amplifier. The description begins with a discussion of the instrument using the block diagram shown in the Diagrams section. Then, each circuit is described in detail using block diagrams to show the interconnections between stages in each major circuit and the relationship of the front-panel controls to the individual stages.

Complete schematics of each circuit are given in the Diagrams section. Refer to these schematics throughout the following circuit description for electrical values and relationship.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

The following discussion is provided to aid in understanding the overall concept of the 7A18 before the individual circuits are discussed in detail. Only the basic interconnections between the individual blocks are shown on the block diagram (see Diagrams section). Each block represents a major circuit within the instrument. The number on each block refers to the schematic on which the complete circuit is found.

The signal to be displayed on the CRT is applied to the input connector. The signal passes through the input coupling switch, where the appropriate coupling is selected, to the attenuators. The VOLTS/DIV switch selects the correct amount of attenuation and the signal is passed to the input amplifier.

The Channel 1 Input Amplifier circuit provides gain setting, variable gain control, and trace positioning. The Channel 2 Input Amplifier provides signal polarity inversion in addition to gain setting, variable gain control, and trace positioning. The outputs of these circuits are applied pushpull to the Signal and Trigger Channel Switches.

The Channel Switches select the proper signal and trigger as determined by the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER

SOURCE switches. The signal and trigger outputs are provided to the oscilloscope via the Interface Connector.

The Readout Encoding circuit (7A18 only) provides readout logic for the oscilloscope readout system. Data is supplied to the mainframe readout system identifying the polarity, deflection factor, the uncalibrated symbol (when the VARIABLE control is in the outward position), and the plug-in mode. When the IDENTIFY button is pressed, the trace is deflected about 0.3 division and the deflection factor readout is replaced by the word "IDENTIFY".

## DETAILED CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

## ATTENUATOR

## General

The Attenuator circuit determines the input coupling and the 7A18 deflection factor.

## NOTE

The CH 1 and CH 2 Attenuator circuits are identical. To minimize duplication, only CH 1 is described in detail throughout this discussion.

## AC-GND-DC Switch

Input signals connected to the input connector can be AC-coupled, DC-coupled, or internally disconnected. S100A is a cam-type switch; a contact-closure chart showing the operation is given on Dlagram 1. The dots on this chart indicate when the associated contacts are in the position shown (open or closed). When the AC-GND-DC switch is in the DC position, the input signal is coupled directly to the Input Attenuator stage. In the AC position, the input signal passes through capacitor C10. This capacitor prevents the DC component of the signal from passing to the amplifier. The GND position opens the signal path and connects the input circuit of the amplifier to ground. This provides a ground reference without the need to disconnect the applied signal from the input connector. Resistor R102, connected across the AC-GND-DC switch, allows C10 to be precharged in the GND position so the trace remains on screen when switching to the $A C$ position if the applied signal has a high DC level.

## Input Attenuator

The effective overall deflection factor of the 7A18 is determined by the setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch, S 100 B . The basic deflection factor is five millivolts per division of CRT deflection. To increase the basic deflection factor to the values indicated on the front panel, precision attenuators are switched into the circuit. These attenuators are hybrid devices which contain the necessary resistances and capacitors. Each attenuator is replaceable as a unit. S100B is a cam-type switch and the dots on the contactclosure chart (see Diagram 1) indicate when the associated contacts are in the position shown (open or closed). In the $5 \mathrm{mV} /$ Div position, input attenuation is not used; the input signal is connected directly to the input amplifier.

For switch positions above five millivolts, the attenuators are switched into the circuit singly or in pairs to produce the deflection factor indicated on the front panel. These attenuators are frequency-compensated voltage dividers. For DC and low-frequency signals, the attenuators are primarily resistance dividers and the voltage attenuation is determined by the resistance ratio in the circuit. The reactance of the capacitors in the circuit is so high at low frequencies that their effect is negligible. However, at higher frequencies, the reactance of the capacitors decreases and the attenuator becomes primarily a capacitance divider.

In addition to providing constant attenuation at all frequencies within the bandwidth of the instrument, the input attenuators are designed to maintain the same input RC characteristics (one megohm $\times 20 \mathrm{pF}$ ) for each setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch. Each attenuator contains an adjustable series capacitor to provide correct attenuation at high frequencies and an adjustable shunt capacitor to provide correct input capacitance.

## CHANNEL 1 INPUT AMPLIFIER

## General

The Channel 1 Input Amplifier converts the single-ended signal applied to the Channel 1 input connector to a differential (push-pull) output. Fig. 3-1 shows a detailed block diagram of the Channel 1 Input Amplifier. A schematic of this circuit is shown on Diagram 2 in the Diagrams section.

## Input Source Follower

The Input Source Follower Q210A provides a high input impedance with a low impedance drive for the following stage. R210 limits the current drive to the gate of Q210A. Dual-diode CR210 provides circuit protection by limiting the voltage swing at the gate of O210A to about $\pm$ (positive or negative) 15 volts. Q210B provides a constant current
source for O210A. O210A and Q210B are encapsulated in the same case so that O210B temperature-compensates the circuit.

## Paraphase Cascode Amplifier

Paraphase amplifier Q220-Q320, in conjunction with Q225-Q325, forms a cascode amplifier. O220-Q320 convert the single-ended input signal to a differential output signal. Diodes CR220-CR221 hold the voltage level at the base of Q220 close to ground to limit the voltage swing to about $\pm 0.6$ volt. Common-base connected 0225-0325 provide isolation between the paraphase amplifier and the GAINVARIABLE controls. The gain of the Channel 1 Input Amplifier is set in this stage by front-panel GAIN control R237A with the CAL IN switch pressed in. When the CAL IN switch is in the outward (uncalibrated) position and turned fully counterclockwise to minimum resistance, the gain of the amplifier is reduced by a factor of at least 2.5. Adjustment 1 R321 varies the base level of Q320 to provide the same voltage levels at the collectors of Q225 and O325. This prevents a zero-volt reference trace from changing position when varying the GAIN or VARIABLE controls.

## Second Cascode Amplifier

The Second Cascode Amplifier stage provides a signal gain of approximately two. This stage includes the POSI. TION control and, in the 7A18 only, trace IDENTIFY circuitry. The emitters of common-base connected Q250-Q350 provide a low-impedance point for injection of the POSITION control and IDENTIFY switch currents. Position of the trace is determined by the setting of the POSITION control, R11. This control changes the current drive to $0250-0350$. Since the emitters are a very low. impedance point in the circuit, there is negligible voltage change at these points. However, the change in current from the POSITION control produces a resultant DC voltage difference at the collectors to change the position of the trace. Trace identification is accomplished by inserting resistor R357 from ground through CR357 to the junction of R11-R256. This results in a slight increase in the emitter current of Q250 to cause the trace to move. This aids in identifying the channel 1 trace when multiple traces are displayed.

The network C246-C345-C245-R246-R345-R245 provides high frequency compensation. R245-C245 in this network provide high-frequency response adjustment for this stage.

## Emitter Follower

Emitter Follower stage 0260 -0360 provides a low output impedance to drive the Signal and Trigger Channel Switches, U270-U470. This stage also provides isolation between the Second Cascode Amplifier and U270-U470.


Fig. 3-1. Channel 1 Input Amplifier detailed block diagram.

## CHANNEL 2 INPUT AMPLIFIER

## General

The Channel 2 Input Amplifier circuit is basically the same as the Channel 1 Input Amplifier circuit. Only the differences between the two circuits are described here. Portions of this circuit not described in the following description operate in the same manner as for the Channel 1 Input Amplifier circuit (corresponding circuit numbers assigned in the $400-599$ range). Fig. 3-2 shows a detailed block diagram of the Channel 2 Input Amplifier circuit. A schematic of this circuit is shown on Dlagram 3 in the Diagrams section.

## Paraphase Cascode Amplifier

The Paraphase Cascode Amplifier for Channel 2 consists of Q420, 0520, Q425, 0525, Q426, and 0526. In addition to the functions described under Channel 1 Input Amplifier, the Channel 2 Paraphase Cascode Amplifier stage provides a means of inverting the displayed signal. With the CH 2 POLARITY switch set to +UP, Q425 and O525 are biased on and the signal is passed to the Second Cascode Amplifier stage as for the Channel 1 Input Amplifier. With the CH 2 POLARITY switch set to INVERT, Q425 and Q525 are biased off and Q426-Q526 are turned on to provide signal inversion.


Fig. 3-2. Channel 2 Input Amplifier detailed block diagram.

## Second Cascode Amplifier

The Second Cascode Amplifier for Channel 2 consists of Q440, 0540, Q450, and O550. Position of the trace is set by the POSITION control, R21 or by network R455-R555 as determined by the DISPLAY MODE switch. In any DISPLAY MODE switch position other than ADD, +50 volts is applied to the center arm of the POSITION control through R32. The POSITION control varies the current drive to the emitters of Q450-0550. Since the emitters are a very lowimpedance point in the circuit, there is negligible voltage change at these points. However, the change in current from the POSITION control produces a resultant DC voltage difference at the collectors to change the position of the trace. When the DISPLAY MODE switch is in the ADD position, +50 volts is applied to the junction of resistors R455-R555 through R32 to balance the current drive to the emitters of 0450-0550. This results in a fixed zero volts (approximately) difference between the collectors. Since +50 volts is not applied to the POSITION control in the ADD position of the DISPLAY MODE switch, the control setting has no effect on the circuit operation.

## CHANNEL SWITCHES

## General

The Channel Switches circuit provides Signal and Trigger outputs to the oscilloscope via the Interface Connector as determined by the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switches. A schematic of this circuit is given on Diagram 4 in the Diagrams section.

## Signal Channel Switch

The Signal Channel Switch stage consists of integrated circuit U270 and its external components. This stage selects one, or mixes two input analog signals in response to inputs from the DISPLAY MODE switch. The Signal Channel Switch stage determines which input ( CH 1 or CH 2) provides the signal to the oscilloscope as controlled by the DISPLAY MODE switch setting. Resistors R276-R277 and R376-R377 set the current gain for each channel. Networks C274-R274-C275-R275 and C374-R374-C375-R375 provide high-frequency compensation for each channel. C275 and C375 in these networks are high-frequency compensation adjustments.

Fig. 3-3 shows the $\mathbf{U} 270$ input combinations for each position of the DISPLAY MODE switch. When the level at pin 14 is LO the output of U270 is determined by the level at pin 4 . With the level at pin 14 HI and the level at pin 4 LO, the signals from both channel 1 and channel 2 are passed to the Signal Output stage. This condition occurs only when the DISPLAY MODE switch is set to ADD. In this operating mode the signal output is the algebraic sum of channel 1 and channel 2 signals and the resultant signal determines the mainframe deflection.


Fig. 3-3. U270 input combinations for DISPLAY MODE selection.

## Trigger Channel Switching

The Trigger Channel Switch U470 is identical to the Signal Channel Switch. This stage determines which input $(\mathrm{CH} 1$ or CH 2) provides the trigger signal for internal triggering of the time-base unit. The selection of the trigger signal is controlled by inputs from the TRIGGER SOURCE switch. Resistors R476-R477 and R576-R577 set the current gain for each channel. Networks C474-R474-C475-R475 and C574-R574-C575-R575 provide high-frequency compensation for each channel.

An input/output table for this stage is shown in Fig. 3-4. When the level at pin 14 is LO, the output of $U 470$ is determined by the level at pin 4 . With the level at pin 14 HI and the level at pin 4 LO , the channel 1 and channel 2 triggers are added algebraically.

## Signal and Trigger Output

The Signal Output stage, 0280-0380, and the Trigger Output stage, 0480-0580, are similar. Each stage consists of a pair of common-base connected transistors which provide the DC level shifting necessary to drive the mainframe circuits.

## DISPLAY MODE AND TRIGGER SWITCHING

## General

The Display Mode and Trigger Switching circuit determines which input signal (Channel 1 or Channel 2) provides the Signal and Trigger outputs to the mainframe as selected by the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switches. This circuit also provides plug-in mode information to the mainframe chop blanking circuit, and readout control information for proper CRT display.

## DISPLAY MODE Switch

The DISPLAY MODE switch provides logic level outputs to the Signal Channel Switch stage (U270, Channel Switches diagram 4). A table of the outputs for each position of the DISPLAY MODE switch is shown in Fig. 3-3.

## TRIGGER SOURCE Switch

The TRIGGER SOURCE switch provides logic level outputs to the Trigger Channel Switch (U470, Channel Switches diagram 4). A table of the outputs for each switch position is shown in Fig. 3-4.

| INPUT |  | OUTPUT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display <br> Mode <br> Switch | Trigger Source | U 470 Pins |  | Trigger Signal Source |
|  | Switch | 4 | 14 |  |
| CH 1 | CH 1 | 10 | LO | CH 1 |
|  | MODE | LO | 10 | CH 1 |
|  | CH 2 | H1 | 10 | CH 2 |
| ALT | CH 1 | 10 | LO | CH 1 |
|  | MODE | HIWLO | LO | Alternates between CH 1 and CH 2 |
|  | CH 2 | HI | 10 | CH 2 |
| ADD | CH 1 | LO | LO | CH 1 |
|  | MODE | 10 | HI | CH 1 and CH 2 added |
|  | CH 2 | H1 | 10 | CH 2 |
| CHOP | CH 1 | 10 | 10 | CH 1 |
|  | MODE | LO | HI | CH 1 and CH 2 added |
|  | CH 2 | H1 | LO | CH 2 |
| CH 2 | CH 1 | LO | LO | CH 1 |
|  | MODE | HI | 10 | CH 2 |
|  | CH 2 | HI | LO | CH 2 |

Fig. 3-4. Input/Output combinations for DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switch selections.

## CONNECTORS AND READOUT

## General

The Connectors and Readout circuit consists of the power supply and signal distribution from the Interface Connector and the Readout Encoding circuit. A schematic of this circuit is shown on Diagram 6 in the Diagrams section.

## Connectors

All the connections made to the mainframe by the 7A18 are shown on the Connectors portion of Diagram 6. Also shown are the power supply decoupling components.

## Readout Encoding (7A18 only)

The Readout Encoding circuit consists of switching resistors and probe sensing stage Q620. This circuit encodes the Channel 1 and 2, Row and Column output lines for readout of deflection factor, uncalibrated deflection factor (VARIABLE) information, and signal inversion (channel 2 only). Data is encoded on these output lines by switching resistors between them and the time-slot input lines, or by adding current through Q620.

R647-CR647 are switched between time-slot three (TS-3) and Column output line when the CAL IN switch is in the uncal position. This results in the symbol $>$ (greater than) being displayed preceding the deflection factor readout. R648 (Channel 2 only) is switched between TS-2 and the Column output line when the CH 2 POLARITY switch is in the INVERT position. This results in the symbol $\downarrow$ (inverted) being displayed preceding the deflection factor readout.

Switching resistors are used to indicate the setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch to the mainframe readout system. The VOLTS/DIV switch is a cam-type switch. The dots on the contact-closure chart (see Diagram 6) indicate when the associated contacts are closed. R633, R634, and R635 select the number 1,2 , or 5 depending on the resistor combination that is switched in. R637 selects the m (milli-) prefix and R 639 selects the symbol $V$ (volts) in the 5 mV through $.5 \mathrm{~V}(500 \mathrm{mV})$ positions of the VOLTS/DIV switch. R638 selects the symbol $V$ in the 1,2 , and 5 V positions. R630, R631, and the output of the probe sensing stage ( Q 620 ) select the decimal point (number of zeroes) again depending on the resistor combination switched in by the VOLTS/DIV switch.

Probe sensing stage 0620 identifies the attenuation factor of the probe connected to the input connector by sensing the amount of current flowing from the current sink through the probe coding resistance. The output of this circuit corrects the mainframe readout system to include the probe attenuation factor. The third contact of the input connector provides the input to the probe sensing stage from the probe coding resistance (coded probes only; see Operating Instructions). The third contact is also used for the IDENTIFY input. The coding resistor forms a voltage divider with R621 through CR621 to the -15 V supply. The resultant voltage sets the bias on 0620 and determines, along with emitter resistor R622, the collector current. When the -15 volt time-slot pulse is applied to Interface Connector B33, Q620 is interrogated and its collector current is added to the column current output through Interface Connector A37.

With a $1 \times$ probe (or no probe) connected to the input connector, O620 is turned off. The deflection factor readout is determined by the VOLTS/DIV switch position. With a 10 X probe connected, the bias on 0620 will allow 100 microamperes of collector current to flow. This increases the deflection factor readout by a factor of 10 .

The IDENTIFY button (S13 or S23 on Diagram 1) does two things when pressed:

1. It causes the trace representing the appropriate channel of the 7A18 to move about 0.3 division (see the discussion on the Channel 1 or Channel 2 Input Amplifier).
2. Forward biases CR621 and Q620 to result in a sufficient amount of collector current which, when added to the column current output, replaces the deflection factor readout with the word "IDENTIFY".

These two actions aid in identifying the 7A18 trace when multiple traces are displayed. When the IDENTIFY button is released, the deflection factor readout and trace position are restored.

For further information on the operation of the readout system, see the oscilloscope instruction manual.

# SECTION 4 MAINTENANCE 

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of this manual.

## Introduction

This section of the manual contains maintenance information for use in preventive maintenance, corrective maintenance, and troubleshooting of the 7A18.

Further maintenance information relating to component color codes and soldering techniques can be found in the instruction manuals for the 7000 -series oscilloscopes.

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

## General

Preventive maintenance, consisting of cleaning, visual inspection, lubrication, etc., performed on a regular basis, will improve the reliability of this instrument. Periodic checks on the semiconductor devices used in the unit are not recommended as a preventive maintenance measure. See semiconductor-checking information given under Troubleshooting.

## Cleaning



Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents which might damage the plastics in this instrument. Avoid chemicals containing benzene, toluene, xylene, acetone, or similar solvents.

Front Panel. Loose dust may be removed with a soft cloth or a dry brush. Water and mild detergent may be used; however, abrasive cleaners should not be used.

Interior. Cleaning the interior of the unit should precede calibration, since the cleaning process could alter the settings of the calibration adjustments. Use low-velocity compressed air to blow off the accumulated dust. Hardened dirt can be removed with a soft, dry brush, cotton-tipped swab, or cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution.

## Lubrication

Use a cleaning-type lubricant on shaft bushings, interconnecting plug contacts, and switch contacts. Lubricate switch detents with a heavier grease. A lubrication kit containing the necessary lubricating materials and instructions is available through any Tektronix Field Office. Order Tek tronix Part Number 003-0342-01.

## Recalibration

To ensure accurate measurements, the 7A18 should be checked after each 1000 hours of operation or every six months if used infrequently. A complete performance check procedure is given in Part I for Section 5.

The performance check procedure can be helpful in isolating major troubles in the unit. Moreover, minor troubles not apparent during regular operation may be revealed and corrected.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

The following is provided to augment information contained in other sections of this manual when troubleshooting the 7A18. The schematic diagrams, Circuit Description, and Calibration sections should be used to full advantage. The Circuit Description section gives detailed information on circuit behavior and output requirements.

## Troubleshooting Aids

Diagrams. Circuit diagrams are given on foldout pages in Section 7. The circuit number and electrical value of each component in this instrument are shown on the diagrams. Important voltages are also shown.

Circuit Board. The circuit board used in the 7A18 is outlined on the schematic diagrams, and a photograph of the board is shown on the back of Diagram 1. Each board-mounted electrical component is identified on the photograph by its circuit number.

Component and Wiring Color Code. Colored stripes or dots on resistors and capacitors signify electrical values, tolerances, etc., according to the EIA standard color code. Components not color coded usually have the value printed on the body.

The insulated wires used for interconnection in the 7 A18 are color coded to facilitate tracing a wire from one point to another in the unit.

Semiconductor Lead Configuration. Fig. 4-1 shows the lead configuration of the semiconductor devices used in this instrument.

## Troubleshooting Equipment

The following equipment is useful for troubleshooting the 7A 18.

1. Semiconductor Tester-Some means of testing the transistors, diodes, and FET's used in this instrument is helpful. A transistor-curve tracer such as the Tektronix Type 576 will give the most complete information.
2. DC Voltmeter and Ohmmeter-A voltmeter for checking voltages within the circuit and an ohmmeter for checking resistors and diodes are required.
3. Test Oscilloscope - A test oscilloscope is required to view waveforms at different points in the circuit.

A Tektronix 7000-series Oscilloscope equipped with a readout system, 7D13 Digital Multimeter unit, 7B-series Time-Base unit, and a 7A-series Amplifier unit with a 10 X probe will meet the needs for items 2 and 3.

## Troubleshooting Procedure

This troubleshooting procedure is arranged in an order which checks the simple trouble possibilities before proceeding with extensive troubleshooting.

1. Check Control Setting. An incorrect setting of the 7A18 controls can indicate a trouble that does not exist. If there is any question about the correct function or operation of a control or front-panel connector, see the Operating Instructions section.


Fig. 4-1. Electrode configuration for semiconductors used in this instrument.
2. Check Associated Equipment. Before proceeding with troubleshooting of the 7A18, check that the equipment used with this instrument is operating correctly. If possible, substitute an amplifier unit known to be operating correctly into the indicator unit and see if the problem persists. Check that the inputs are properly connected and that the interconnecting cables are not defective.
3. Visual Check. Visually check the portion of the instrument in which the trouble is suspected. Many troubles can be located by visual indications, such as unsoldered connections, broken wires, damaged circuit boards, damaged components, etc.
4. Check Instrument Performance. Check the calibration of the unit, or the affected circuit by performing Part 1 - Performance Check of Section 5. The apparent trouble may only be a result of misadjustment and may be corrected by calibration. Complete calibration instructions are given in Part II of Section 5.
5. Check Voltages and Waveforms. Often the defective component or stage can be located by checking for the correct voltage or waveform in the circuit. Typical voltages and waveforms are given on the diagrams; however, these are not absolute and may vary slightly between instruments. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to take these readings, see the instructions in the Diagrams section.
6. Check Individual Components. The following methods are provided for checking the individual components in the 7A18. Components which are soldered in place are best checked by disconnecting one end to isolate the measurement from the effects of surrounding circuitry.
A. TRANSISTORS AND INTEGRATED CIRCUITS. The best check of transistor and integrated circuit operation is actual performance under operating conditions. If a transistor or integrated circuit is suspected of being defective, it can best be checked by substituting a component known to be good; however, be sure that circuit conditions are not such that a replacement might also be damaged. If substitute transistors are not available, use a dynamic tester (such as Tektronix Type 576). Static-type testers may be used, but since they do not check operation under simulated operating conditions some defects may go unnoticed. Fig. 4-1 shows base pin and socket arrangements of semiconductor devices. Be sure the power is off before attempting to remove or replace any transistor or integrated circuit.

Integrated circuits can be checked with a voltmeter, test oscilloscope, or by direct substitution. A good understanding of the circuit description is essential to troubleshooting circuits using integrated circuits. Use care when checking voltages and waveforms around the integrated circuits so that adjacent leads are not shorted together. An integrated-circuit test clip provides a convenient means of clipping a test probe to the 14 - and 16 -pin integrated circuits. This device also doubles as an integrated-circuit extraction tool.
B. DIODES. A diode can be checked for an open or for a short circuit by measuring the resistance between terminals with an ohmmeter set to the $\mathrm{R} \times 1 \mathrm{k}$ scale. The diode resistance should be very high in one direction and very low when the meter leads are reversed. Do not check tunnel diodes or back diodes with an ohmmeter.


Do not use an ohmmeter scale that has a high internal current. High currents may damage the diodes.
C. RESISTORS. Check resistors with an ohmmeter. Resistor tolerance is given in the Electrical Parts List. Resistors normally do not need to be replaced unless the measured value varies widely from the specified value.
D. CAPACITORS. A leaky or shorted capacitor can be detected by checking resistance with an ohmmeter on the highest scale. Use an ohmmeter which will not exceed the voltage rating of the capacitor. The resistance reading should be high after initial charge of the capacitor. An open capacitor can best be detected with a capacitance meter, or by checking whether the capacitor passes $A C$ signals.
7. Repair and Readjust the Circuit. Special techniques required to replace components in this unit are given under Component Replacement. Be sure to check the performance of any circuit that has been repaired or that has had any electrical components replaced. Recalibration of the affected circuit may be necessary.

## REPLACEMENT PARTS

## Standard Parts

All electrical and mechanical part replacements for the $7 A 18$ can be obtained through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative. However, many of the standard electronic components can be obtained locally in less time than is required to order them from Tektronix, Inc. Before purchasing or ordering replacement parts, check the parts lists for value, tolerance, rating, and description.

## NOTE

When selecting replacement parts, it is important to remember that the physical size and shape of the component may affect its performance in the instrument. All replacement parts should be direct replacements unless it is known that a different component will not adversely affect the instrument performance.

## Special Parts

Some parts are manufactured or selected by Tektronix to satisfy particular requirements, or are manufactured for Tektronix to our specifications. These special parts are indicated in the parts list by an asterisk preceding the part number. Most of the mechanical parts used in this instrument have been manufactured by Tektronix. Order all special parts directly from your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

## Ordering Parts

When ordering replacement parts from Tektronix, Inc., refer to the Parts Ordering Information and Special Notes and Symbols on the page immediately preceding the Electrical Parts List section. Include the following information:

1. Instrument type (7A18)
2. Instrument Serial Number
3. A description of the part (if electrical, include the circuit number)

## 4. Tektronix Part Number

## Soldering Techniques

Attenuator Circuit Boards. The Attenuator circuit boards are made from polyphenylene oxide because of its excellent electrical characteristics. Use more than normal care when cleaning or soldering this material. The following rules should be observed when removing or replacing parts:

1. Use a very small soldering iron (not over 15 watts).
2. Do not apply more heat, or apply heat for a longer time, than is absolutely necessary.
3. Use a vacuum-type desoldering tool to remove the excess solder from the circuit board.
4. Do not apply any solvent containing ketones, esters, or halogenated hydrocarbons.
5. To clean, use only water-soluble detergents, ethyl, methyl, or isopropyl alcohol.

## General

The exploded-view drawing associated with the Mechanical Parts List may be helpful when disassembling or reassembling individual components or sub-assemblies.

## Circuit Board Removal

In general, the circuit boards used in the 7A 18 need never be removed unless they must be replaced. Electrical connections to the boards are made by soldered connections. If it is necessary to replace a circuit board assembly, use the following procedures.

## A. READOUT CIRCUIT BOARD REMOVAL (7A 18 only)

1. Disconnect the wires connected to the outside of the board.
2. Remove the seven screws holding the board to the mounting surface.
3. Disconnect the wires connected to the inside of the board.
4. Remove the board from the unit.
5. To replace the board, reverse the order of removal.

## B. ATTENUATOR CIRCUIT BOARD REMOVAL

1. Remove the readout board as outlined in the previous procedure.
2. Disconnect the resistor/capacitor connected to the rear of the board.
3. Loosen the front set screw on the VARIABLE/GAIN control shaft coupling (use a 0.050 -inch hex-key wrench).
4. Remove the red VARIABLE control knob and rod from the control shaft.
5. Remove the remaining front-panel knobs using a 1/16-inch hex-key wrench.
6. Remove the front panel from the instrument.
7. Remove the attenuator shields.
8. Disconnect the wires and resistor from the input BNC connector.
9. Remove the input BNC connector.
10. Remove the POSITION control using a $5 / 16$-inch nut driver.
11. Remove the attenuator board with cam switch from the instrument.
12. To replace the board, reverse the order of removal.

## C. AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT BOARD REMOVAL

1. Remove the Readout circuit boards as given previously.
2. Remove the plastic plug-in guide from the rear of the instrument.
3. Disconnect the wires connected to the board from the front-panel controls.
4. Loosen the front hex-socket screw in the front coupling of the VARIABLE control shaft using a 0.050 -inch hex-key wrench. Pull the VARIABLE knob and shaft from the front of the instrument.
5. Loosen the front hex-socket screw in the coupling between the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOUCE switch sections. Pull the TRIGGER SOURCE knob and long shaft from the front of the instrument.
6. Loosen the front hey-socket screw in the coupling of the DISPLAY MODE switch shaft using a $5 / 16$-inch hexkey wrench. Pull the DISPLAY MODE knob and long shaft from the front of the instrument.
7. Disconnect the resistor-capacitor combinations connected to the ceramic strips at the front of the board.
8. Remove the screws and nuts securing the board to the chassis or other mounting surface.
9. Remove the board from the instrument.
10. To replace, reverse the order of removal.

## Switch Replacement

Several types of switches are used in the 7A18. The following special maintenance information is provided for the cam-type switches and rotary switches.
A. CAM-TYPE SWITCHES


Repair of cam-type switches should be undertaken only by experienced maintenance personnel. Switch alignment and spring tension of the contacts must be carefully maintained for proper operation of the switch. For assistance in maintenance of the cam-type switches, contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

## B. ROTARY SWITCHES

Single wafers on the DISPLAY MODE and TRIGGER SOURCE switches are not normally replaced. If any part of these switches is defective, the entire switch assembly should be replaced. A new switch can be ordered through your Tektronix Field Office.


When disconnecting or connecting leads to a wafertype rotary switch, do not let solder flow around and beyond the rivet on the switch terminal. Excessive solder can destroy the spring tension of the contact.

## Transistor and Integrated Circuit Replacement

Transistors and IC's should not be replaced unless they are actually defective. If removed from their sockets during routine maintenance, return them to their original sockets. Special care must be given to integrated circuit leads, because they can easily be damaged in removal from sockets. Unnecessary replacement or switching of components may affect the calibration of the instrument. When a transistor is replaced, check the operation of that part of the instrument that may be affected.

## Recalibration After Repair

After any electrical component has been replaced, the calibration of that particular circuit should be checked, as well as the calibration of other closely related circuits. The Performance Check instructions given in Part I of Section 5 provide a quick and convenient means of checking the instrument operation. The Calibration Procedure in Part II of Section 5 can then be used to adjust the operation to meet the Performance Requirements listed in Section 1.

## Repackaging for Shipment

If the Tektronix instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, athach a tag showing: owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm that can be contacted, complete instrument serial number and a description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your instrument was shipped. If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish of the instrument. Obtain a carton of corrugated cardboard of the correct carton strength and having inside dimensions of no less than six inches more than the instrument dimensions. Cushion the instrument by tightly packing three inches of dunnage or urethane foam between carton and instrument, on all sides. Seal carton with shipping tape or industrial stapler
The carton test strength for your instrument is 200 pounds.

# SECTION 5 <br> CALIBRATION 

Change information, if any, affecting this section will be found at the rear of the manual.

## Recalibration Interval

To assure instrument accuracy, check the calibration of the 7A18 every 1000 hours of operation, or every six months if used infrequently. Before complete calibration, thoroughly clean and inspect this instrument as outlined in the Maintenance section.

## Tektronix Field Service

Tektronix, Inc. provides complete instrument repair and recalibration at local Field Service Centers and the Factory Service Center. Contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative for further information.

## Using This Procedure

General. This section provides several features to facilitate checking or adjusting the 7A18. These are:

Index. To aid in locating a step in the Performance Check or Adjustment procedure, an index is given preceding Part I - Performance Check and Part II -- Adjustment procedure.

Performance Check. The performance of this instrument can be checked without removing the side shields or making internal adjustments by performing only Part I Performance Check. This procedure checks the instrument against the tolerances listed in the Performance Requirement column of Section 1. In addition, a cross-reference is provided to the step in Part II - Adjustment which will return the instrument to correct calibration. In most cases, the adjustment step can be performed without changing control settings or equipment connections.

Adjustment Procedure. To return this instrument to correct calibration with the minimum number of steps, perform only Part 11 -... Adjustment. The Adjustment procedure gives the recommended calibration procedure for all circuits in this instrument.

Complete Performance Check/Adjustment. To completely check and adjust all parts of this instrument, perform both Parts I and II. Start the complete procedure by performing the Adjustment procedure and follow this with the Performance Check. This method will assure that the
instrument is both correctly adjusted and performing within all Performance Requirements as given in Section 1.

## TEST EOUIPMENT REQUIRED

## General

The following test equipment and accessories, or its equivalent, is required for complete calibration of the 7A18. Specifications given for the test equipment are the minimum necessary for accurate calibration. Therefore, some of the specifications listed here may be somewhat less precise than the actual performance capabilities of the test equipment. All test equipment is assumed to be correctly calibrated and operating within the listed specifications.

The Performance Check and Adjustment procedures are based on this recommended equipment. If other equipment is substituted, control settings or calibration setup may need to be altered to meet the requirements of the equipment used. Detailed operating instructions for the test equipment are not given in this procedure. Refer to the instruction manual for the test equipment if more information is needed.

## Calibration Equipment Alternatives

All of the test equipment is required to completely check and adjust this instrument. However, some of the items used only for the Performance Check can be deleted without compromising the instrument's measurement capabilities. For example, the low-frequency constantamplitude signal generator is used only in the Performance Check and may be deleted if the user does not desire to check the lower frequency response or trigger source operation. Equipment used only for the Performance Check procedure is indicated by note 1; items required only for the Adjustment procedure are indicated by note 2.

## Test Equipment

1. 7000-series oscilloscope, referred to as the Indicator Oscilloscope in this procedure. Tektronix 7403 recommended.
2. Time-Base plug-in unit, Tek tronix 7B50.
3. Amplitude Calibrator. Output signal, one kilohertz square wave; output amplitude, 20 millivolts to 20 volts; amplitude accuracy, within $0.25 \%$. Tektronix PG 506 Pulse Generator recommended. ${ }^{3}$
4. Medium-frequency constant-amplitude sine-wave generator. ${ }^{1}$ Frequency, variable from 50 to 75 megahertz; reference frequency, 50 kilohertz; output amplitude, variable from 50 millivolts to 200 millivolts into 50 ohms; amplitude accuracy, output amplitude constant within $3 \%$ at 50 kilohertz and from 50 to 75 megahertz. For example, Tektronix SG 503 Signal Generator. ${ }^{3}$
5. Low-frequency constant-amplitude signal generator. ${ }^{1}$ Frequency range, two hertz to 10 kilohertz; output amplitude, variable from 10 millivolts to 400 milivolts peak to peak. For example, General Radio 1310-B Oscillator (use General Radio Type 274 OBJ Adapter to provide BNC output).
6. Square-wave generator. ${ }^{2}$ Must have the following output capabilities (may be obtained from separate generators): 12 volts amplitude into 50 ohms at one kilohertz with a risetime of 12 nanoseconds or less; 500 millivolts into 50 ohms at 100 kilohertz with a risetime of one nanosecond or less. Tektronix PG 506 Pulse Generator recommended (meets both output requirements). ${ }^{3}$
7. Plug-in extender. ${ }^{2}$ Tektronix Part Number 067 -0589-00.

## Accessories

8. 18 -inch cable. ${ }^{1}$ Impedance, 50 ohms; type, RG-58/U; connectors, BNC. Tektronix Part No. 012-0076-00.
9. 42-inch cable. Impedance, 50 ohms; type RG-58/U; connectors, BNC. Tek tronix Part No. 012-0057-01.
10. Five-nanosecond cable. Impedance, 50 ohms; type, RG-213/U; connectors, GR874. Tektronix Part No. 017-0502-00.
11. In-line GR termination. Impedance, 50 ohms; wattage rating, two watts; accuracy, $\pm 2 \%$; connectors, GR874 input with BNC male output. Tektronix Part No. 017-0064-00.
12. Dual-input coupler. ${ }^{1}$ Matched signal transfer to each input. Tektronix calibration fix ture 067-0525-00.
13. 10X GR attenuator. ${ }^{2}$ Impedance, 50 ohms; accuracy, $\pm 2 \%$; connectors, GR874. Tektronix Part No. 017-0078-00.

[^0]14. In-line BNC termination. ${ }^{1}$ Impedance, 50 ohms; wattage rating, two watts; accuracy, $\pm 2 \%$; connectors, BNC. Tektronix Part No. 011-0049-01.
15. 10X BNC attenuator. ${ }^{1}$ Impedance, 50 ohms; accuracy, $\pm 2 \%$; connectors, BNC. Tektronix Part No. 011-0059-02.
16. Input RC normalizer. ${ }^{2}$ Time constant, one megohm X 20 picofarads; attenuation, 2 X ; connectors, BNC. Tektronix calibration fixture 067-0538-00.
17. Adapter. ${ }^{2}$ Adapts GR874 connector to BNC male connector. Tektronix Part No. 017-0064-00.

## Adjustment Tools

18. Screwdriver. Three-inch shaft, $3 / 32$-inch bit. For example, Xcelite R-3323.
19. Low-capacitance screwdriver. ${ }^{2} 1$ 1/2-inch shaft. Tektronix Part No. 003-0000-00.
20. Tuning tool. ${ }^{2}$ Handle with inserts for input capacitance and attenuator adjustments. Tektronix Part No. 003-0307-00, 003-0334-00, and 003-0497-00.

## Preliminary Control Settings

Set the Indicator Oscilloscope and 7A18 controls as follows (for both Performance Check and Adjustment procedure):

## Indicator Oscilloscope

| Intensity | Midrange <br> Focus |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Adjust for well-defined <br> display |
| Graticule lllum | As desired |
| Calibrator | 40 mV |
| Rate | 1 kHz |
| Vert Mode | Left |
| Trig Source | Left Vert |

## $7 A 18$

| DISPLAY MODE | CH 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| TRIGGER SOURCE | MODE |
| CH 2 POLARITY | + UP |

## CH 1 and CH 2

POSITION
Midrange
VOLTS/DIV
AC-GND-DC

10 mV
DC

## PARTI-PERFORMANGE CHECK

## Introduction

The following procedure checks the performance of the 7 A18 without removing the covers or making internal adjustments. All tolerances given in this procedure are based on Section 1 of this manual.

## Index to Part I -- Performance Check

1. Check Channel 1 and 2 GAIN

Page 5-3
2. Check Channel 1 and 2 Deflection

Page 5-3 Factor Accuracy
3. Check Channel 1 and 2 VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) Range
4. Check Channel 1 and 2 Trace Page 5-4 IDENTIFY (7A18 only)
5. Check Channel 1 and 2 Upper Bandwidth
6. Check Channel 1 and 2 Lower Frequency Response
7. Check Channel Isolation
8. Check Common-Mode Rejection Ratio
9. Check Alternate Operation
10. Check Chopped Operation

Page 5-6
11. Check Trigger Source Operation

Page 5-6

## Preliminary Procedure for Performance Check

NOTE

The performance of this instrument can be checked at any temperature within the $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range unless stated otherwise.

1. Install the 7A18 in the left vertical plug-in compartment of the Indicator Oscilloscope.
2. Connect the Indicator Oscilloscope to a power source which meets the frequency and voltage requirements of the oscilloscope power supply.
3. Turn the Indicator Oscilloscope power on. Allow at least twenty minutes warmup for checking the 7A18 to the given accuracy.
4. Set the controls as given under Preliminary Control Settings.

## NOTE

The checks titled Channel 1 and 2 apply equally to both channels. Perform the check on the channel selected by the DISPLAY MODE switch.

## 1. Check Channel 1 and 2 GAIN

a. Connect the standard amplitude calibrator output to the CH 1 and CH 2 input connectors with the 42 -inch BNC cable and dual-input coupler.
b. Set the standard amplitude calibrator for a 50 millivolt square-wave output.
c. CHECK--CRT display for a five-division display.
d. If necessary, adjust the front-panel GAIN control for exactly five divisions of vertical deflection. To adjust, press in the GAIN knob with a screwdriver and turn until the GAIN control is engaged.
e. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 2 and repeat parts c and d of this step for Channel 2.

## 2. Check Channel 1 and 2 Deflection Factor Accuracy

a. Set the Channel 1 AC-GND-DC switch to GND.
b. CHECK-Using the VOLTS/DIV and standard amplitude calibrator settings given in Table 5-1, check vertical deflection within $2 \%$ in each position of the VOLTS/DIV switch.
c. Change the following control settings:

| DISPLAY MODE | CH 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH 1 AC-GND-DC | DC |
| CH 2 AC GND-DC | GND |

d. Repeat part b of this step for Channel 1.

TABLE 5. 1
Vertical Deflection Accuracy

| VOLTS/DIV <br> Switch <br> Setting | Standard <br> Amplitude <br> Calibrator <br> Output | Vertical <br> Deflection <br> in <br> Divisions | Maximum <br> Error for $\pm 2 \%$ <br> Accuracy <br> (divisions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 mV | 20 mV | 4 | $\pm 0.08$ |
| 10 mV | 50 mV | 5 | Set in step 1 |
| 20 mV | 0.1 V | 5 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| 50 mV | 0.2 V | 4 | $\pm 0.08$ |
| .1 V | 0.5 V | 5 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| 2 V | 1 V | 5 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| 5 V | 2 V | 4 | $\pm 0.08$ |
| 1 V | 5 V | 5 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| 2 V | 10 V | 5 | $\pm 0.1$ |
| 5 V | 20 V | 4 | $\pm 0.08$ |

## 3. Check Channel 1 and 2 VARIABLE (VOLTS/ DIV) Range

a. Set the Channel 1 and 2 VOLTS/DIV switches to 10 mV and the standard amplitude calibrator for a 50 -millivolt output.
b. Press and release the VARIABLE control to its outward position
c. CHECK With the VARIABLE control fully counterclockwise, check for two divisions or less of deflection.
d. Return the VARIABLE control to the CAL IN position.
e, Change the following control settings:

| DISPLAYMODE | CH2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH 1AC-GND-DC | GND |
| CH 2AC-GND-DC | DC |

f. Repeat parts $b_{r}, c_{\text {, }}$ and $d$ of this step for Channel 2.
4. Check Channel 1 and 2 Trace IDENTIFY (7A18 only)
a. Center the CRT display vertically with the 7A18 POSITION control.
b. CHECK...Press the IDENTIFY button and check that the trace moves upward.
c. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 1 and repeat parts $a$ and $b$ of this step for Channel 1.
d. Disconnect all test equipment.

## 5. Check Channel 1 and 2 Upper Bandwidth

a. Connect the medium-frequency constant-amplitude sine-wave generator to the 7 A 18 CH 1 input connector with the five-nanosecond GR cable and in-line 50 -ohm GR termination.
b. Set the medium-frequency generator for an eightdivision display ( 80 millivolts) at the 50 -kilohertz reference frequency.
c. Increase the generator frequency until the display amplitude decreases to 5.6 divisions.
d. CHECK Generator output frequency; must be at least 50 megahertz in a 7400 -series mainframe, 60 megahertz in a 7500 -series, or 75 megahertz in a 7700 -series.
e. Disconnect the generator output from the CH 1 input connector and connect it to the CH 2 input connector.
f. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 2.
g. Repeat parts $b, c$, and $d$ of this step for Channel 2.
h. CALIBRATION-See step 5 of the Adjustment procedure.
i. Disconnect all test equipment.
6. Check Channel 1 and 2 Lower Frequency
Response Response
a. Change the following control settings:

CH 1 and CH 2
VOLTS/DIV
5 mV
AC
b. Set the time-base unit for a free-running sweep at a rate of two milliseconds/division.
c. Connect the low-frequency constant-amplitude sinewave generator to the CH 2 input connector with the 42 -inch BNC cable, $10 \times$ BNC attenuator, and 50 -ohm BNC termination.
d. Set the low-frequency generator for a six-division display ( 30 millivolts) at 10 kilohertz.
e. Decrease the generator frequency until the display amplitude decreases to 4.2 divisions.
f. CHECK-Generator frequency: must be 10 hertz or less.
g. Disconnect the low-frequency generator from the CH 2 input connector and connect it to the CH 1 input connector.
h. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 1 .
i. Repeat parts $d$ through $f$ of this step for Channel 1.
j. Disconnect all test equipment.

## 7. Check Channel Isolation

a. Change the following control settings:

CH 1 and CH 2
DC
AC-GND-DC
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV , 1 V
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV 10 mV
b. Connect the medium-frequency generator to the CH 1 input connector with the five-nanosecond GR cable and in-line 50 -ohm GR termination.
c. Set the generator for a two-division display ( 200 millivolts) at 50 megahertz.
d. Change the following control settings:

| DISPLAY MODE | CH 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 10 mV |

e. Check-CRT display for 0.4 division or less deflection (channel isolation display ratio $50: 1$ or better).
f. Disconnect the termination from Channel 1 and connect it to the CH 2 input connector.
g. Set the CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 V .
h. Set the generator for a two division display ( 200 millivolts) at 50 megahertz.
i. Change the following control settings:

| CH 1 VOLTS/DIV | 10 mV |
| :--- | :--- |
| DISPLAY MODE | CH 1 |
| CH 2 VOLTS/DIV | 10 mV |

j. CHECK-CRT display for 0.4 division or less deflection.
k. Disconnect all test equipment.

## 8. Check Common-Mode Rejection Ratio

a. Change the following control settings:

CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV 20 mV
b. Connect the medium-frequency generator to the CH 1 and CH 2 input connectors with the five-nanosecond GR cable, in-line 50 ohm GR termination, and the dual-input coupler.
c. Set the constant-amplitude generator for an eightdivision display ( 160 millivolts) at 50 megahertz.
d. Change the following control settings

DISPLAY MODE
ADD
CH 2 POLARITY
INVERT
e. CHECK CRT display for 0.8 division or less deflection (common-mode rejection ratio 10:1 or better).
f. Disconnect all test equipment.

## 9. Check Alternate Operation

a. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to ALT.
b. Position the traces about two divisions apart.
c. Turn the time-base unit time/division switch throughout its range.
d. CHECK-Trace alternation between channel 1 and 2 at all sweep rates. At faster sweep rates, alternation will not be apparent; instead display appears as two traces on the screen.

## 10. Check Chopped Operation

a. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CHOP.
b. CHECK CRT display for two traces.

## 11. Check Trigger Source Operation

a. Change the following control settings:

DISPLAY MODE ALT
TRIGGER SOURCE

$$
\mathrm{CH} 1
$$

b. Connect the Indicator Oscilloscope Cal Out connector to the CH 1 input connector with the 18 -inch BNC cable.
c. Set the time-base unit for a triggered display at a sweep rate of 0.5 millisecond/division.
d. Connect the low-frequency generator to the CH 2 input connector with the 42 -inch BNC cable.
e. Set the generator for a two-division ( 40 millivolts) one-kilohertz signal.
f. CHECK-CRT display for square wave and sine wave; square wave only is stable.
g. Set the TRIGGER SOURCE switch to MODE.
h. CHECK-CRT display; square wave and sine wave are both stable.
i. Set the TRIGGER SOURCE switch to CH 2.
j. CHECK-CRT display; sine wave only is stable.
k. Disconnect all test equipment.

This completes the Performance Check procedure for the 7A18. If the instrument has met all tolerances given in this procedure, it is correctly calibrated and within the specified limits.

## PARTII-ADJUSTMENT

## Introduction

The following procedure returns the 7A18 to correct calibration. All limits and tolerances given in this procedure are calibration guides, and should not be interpreted as instrument specifications except as listed in the Performance Requirement column of Section 1. The actual operation of the instrument may exceed the given limits or tolerances if the instrument meets the Performance Requirements as checked in Part I - Performance Check of this section.

## Index to Part II - Adjustment

1. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 DC Balance
2. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 GAIN

Page 5-8
3. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 Input Capacitance
4. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 Attenuator

Page 5-9 Compensation
5. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 High- Page 5-10 Frequency Compensation

## Preliminary Procedure For Adjustment

NOTE
This instrument should be adjusted at an ambient temperature of $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for best overall accuracy.

1. Remove the left side shield from the 7A18, and the left side panel from the Indicator Oscilloscope.
2. Install the 7A18 in the left vertical plug-in compartment of the Indicator Oscilloscope.
3. Connect the Indicator Oscilloscope to a power source which meets the frequency and voltage requirements of the oscilloscope power supply.
4. Turn the Indicator Oscilloscope power on. Allow at least twenty minutes warmup before proceeding.
5. Set the controls as given under Preliminary Control Settings.
6. Adjust the Focus and Astigmatism as necessary to obtain a well-defined display.

## NOTE

Tities for external controls of this instrument are capitalized in this procedure (e.g., VOLTS/DIV). Internal adjustments are initial capitalized only (e.g., DC Balance).

## Location of Adjustments

The locations of the 7A18 adjustments are shown in Fig. 5-1.

## 1. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 DC Balance

a. Position the trace to the center horizontal line with the CH 1 POSITION control.
b. Push and release the CH 1 VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control to its outward position.
c. CHECK-Turn the VARIABLE control from fully counterclockwise to fully clockwise. Trace should not move more than 0.5 division vertically.
d. ADJUST-Channel 1 DC Balance, adjustment number 1, for minimum trace shift as the CH 1 VARIABLE control is rotated from fully counterclockwise to fully clockwise.
e. Set the CH 1 VARIABLE control to the CAL IN position.
f. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 2.
g. Position the trace to the center horizontal line with the CH 2 POSITION control.
h. Push and release the CH 2 VARIABLE control to its outward position. (For instruments B070000 and below.) Perform the following for instruments B070000 and up:

ADJUST-DC BAL (see number 5, Fig. 5-1) for no trace shift while switching CH 2 POLARITY switch from +UP to INVERT.



## MOTE

Porformparts/, and Ifor 7.48 N below SN B0\%0000: 7416 below SN B000000. Perform part $k$ for 7418 N SN BO70000 and up and 7418 SN B090000 and op.

1. CHECK-Tum the VARIABLE control from fully counterclockwise to fully clockwise. Trace should not move more than 0.5 division vertically.
2. ADuUST-Channel 2 DC Balance, adustment number 5 , for minimum trace shift as the CH 2 VARIABLE control is rotated from fully counterclockwise to fully clockwise.
\& ADJUST-CH 2 VARIABLE DC BAL IRS44. see number $9_{x}$ Fig. 5.11 for minimum trace shit as the CH 2 VAPIABLE control is rotated from fully counterclockwise to fully clockwise.
3. Set the CH 2 VARIABLE control to the CAL IN position.

## 2. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 GAIN

a. Connect the standard amplitude calibrator to the CH 2 Inpticonnector with the 42 -nch BNC cable.
b. Set the standard ampltude calibrator for 50 -miltvolt square wave output.
c. Position the display to the conter of the graticule with the CH 2 POSITION control.
d. CHECK-CRT display for exactly five divisions in amplitude.
e. ADJUST-CH 2 GAIN adustment (front panell for exactly five divisions of deflection, To adjust, press in the

GAIN knob with a serewdriver and turn until the GAIN control is engaged.
f. Disconnect the standard amplitude calibrator from the CH 2 imput connector and connect it to the CH 1 input connector:

## g. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 1.

h. Position the display to the center of the graticule with the CH 1 POSTIION control.

1. CHECK-CRT display for exacty five divisions in amplitude.
2. ADIUST-CH 1 GAIN adustment (tront panel) for exactly flye divisions of ceflection.

## K. Disconnect all test equipment.

## 3. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 Imput Capacitance

a. Remove the 7A18 from the Indicator Oscilloscope. Place the 7A18 on the plug-in extender and plug the extender into the left vertical compartment.
b. Set the CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switches to 5 mV .
c. Connect the square-wave generator Wighampltude output to the CH I input connector with the five
nanosecond GR cable, 10X GR attenuator, in-line 50 -ohm GR termination, and 20 pF normalizer.
d. Set the square-wave generator for a six-division display ( 30 millivolts) of a one-kilohertz signal.
e. Set the time-base unit for a triggered display at a sweep rate of .2 millisecond/division.
f. CHECK-CRT display for square-wave with square corner.
g. ADJUST-Channel 1 C100 for optimum square corner on the displayed waveform (use tuning tool).
h. Disconnect the normalizer from the CH 1 input connector and connect it to the CH 2 input connector.

## i. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 2.

j. CHECK -...CRT display for square-wave with square corner.
k. ADJUST--Channel 2 C100 for optimum square corner on the displayed waveform.
I. Disconnect all test equipment.
m . Remove the 7A18 and plug-in extender from the Indicator Oscilloscope. Install the 7A18 only in the left vertical compartment.

## 4. Adjust Attenuator Compensation

a. Connect the square-wave generator high-amplitude output to the CH 2 input connector with the fivenanosecond GR cable, 10X GR attenuator, in-line 50 -ohm GR termination, and 20 pF normalizer.
b. Set the CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switches to 10 $m V$.
c. Set the square-wave generator for a six-division display ( 60 millivolts) of one-kilohertz signal.
d. CHECK-CRT display at each CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switch position listed in Table 5-2 for square corner and flat
top within 0.15 division. Re-adjust the generator output at each switch position to provide six divisions of deflection.
e. ADJUST-CH 2 attenuator compensations as given in Table 5-2 for optimum square corner and flat top on the displayed waveform (use tuning tool). Re-adjust the generator output at each switch position to provide six divisions of deflection.
f. Disconnect the normalizer from CH 2 and connect the signal to the CH 1 input connector.
g. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 1.
h. CHECK-CRT display at each CH 1 VOLTS/DIV switch position listed in Table 5-2 for square corner and flat top within 0.15 division. Re-adjust the generator output at each switch position to provide six divisions of deflection.
i. ADJUST -CH 1 attenuator compensations as given in Table 5-2 for optimum square corner and flat top on the displayed waveform. Re-adjust the generator output at each switch position to provide six divisions of deflection.
j. Disconnect all test equipment.

TABLE 5-2

## Attenuator Compensation

|  | VOLTS/DIV <br> Switch <br> Setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 mV | Adjust for Optimum <br> Square Corner | Flat Top |
| 20 mV | C106 | C107 |
| 50 mV | C110 | C111 |
| 0.1 V | C114 | C115 |

Remove 10X GR attenuator.

| 0.2 V | Check | Check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 V | C118 | C119 |
| 1 V | Check | Check |

Replace in-line 50 -ohm GR termination with GR to BNC male adapter.

| 2 V | Check | Check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 V | Check | Check |

## 5. Adjust Channel 1 and 2 High-Frequency Compensation

a. Set the CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switches to 10 mV .
b. Connect the square-wave generator fast-rise output to the CH 1 input connector with the five-nanosecond GR cable, $10 \times$ GR attenuator, and in-line 50 -ohm GR termination.
c. Set the square-wave generator for a six-division display ( 60 millivolts) of a 100 kilohertz signal.
d. Set the time-base unit for a triggered display at a sweep rate of 2 microseconds/division.

## NOTE

In the following steps, change the time-base unit magnifier from $\times 1$ to $X 10$ and compare the response at both sweep rates.
e. CHECK-CRT display for optimum square-wave response with aberrations not to exceed 0.24 division peak-to-peak.
f. ADJUST-Adjustments numbers 2, 3, and 4 for optimum square-wave response with minimum aberrations. Use the low-capacitance screwdriver to adjust the variable capacitors. Repeat these adjustments until optimum response is obtained.
g. Disconnect the termination from the CH 1 input connector and connect it to the CH 2 input connector.
h. Set the DISPLAY MODE switch to CH 2.
i. CHECK-CRT display for optimum square-wave response with aberrations not to exceed 0.24 division peak-to-peak.
j. ADJUST Adjustments numbers 6, 7, and 8 for optimum square-wave response with minimum aberrations. Use the low-capacitance screwdriver to adjust the variable capacitors. Repeat these adjustments until optimum response is obtained.

This completes the Calibration of the 7A18. Disconnect all test equipment. Replace the left side shield on the 7A18 and the left side panel on the Indicator Oscilloscope.

## REPLACEABLE

## ELECTRICAL PARTS

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through yourlocal Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

> SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS
> x000 $\quad$ Part first added at this serial number
> 00 P

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an ltem Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

| ACTR | ACTUATOR | PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | QTZ | QUARTZ |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | RECP | RECEPTACLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | RES | RESISTOR |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | RF | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | SEL | SELECTED |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | SENS | SENSITIVE |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | VAR | VARIABLE |
| INCAND | INCANOESCENT | WW | WIREWOUND |
| LED | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| NONWIR | NON WIREWOUND | XTAL | CRYSTAL |

## CROSS INDEX MFR. COOE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| MFA.CODE | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CITY,STATE,ZIP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01.121 | ALLEN-BRADILEY CO. | 1201 2ND ST. SOUTH | MILTAUKEF, WI 53204 |
| 03508 | GENERAL EIECTRRIC CO., SEMI-CONDUCTOR |  |  |
|  | PRODUCTS DEPT. | ELIECTRONICS PARK | SYRACUSE, NY 13201 |
| 04222 | AVX CERAMIC CORP. | P.O. BOX 867 | MURTTLE BEACH, SC 29577 |
| 07263 | FAIRCHITD SEMICONDUCTOR, A DIV. OF |  |  |
|  | FAIRCHITL CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP. | 464 ELLIS ST. | MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94042 |
| 07910 | TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR | 12515 CHADRON AVE. | HAWTHORNE, CA 90250 |
| 12697 | CLAROSTAT MF'G. CO., INC. | LOWER WASHINGTON ST. | DOVER, NH 03820 |
| 17856 | SILICONIX, INC. | 2201 LAURELWOOD RD. | SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO., INC. | 3560 MADISON AVE. | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46227 |
| 36619 | MICROWAVE INSTRUMEN'TS \& COMPONENTS, INC. | 6600 BOMBARDIER ST. | MONTREAL 458 QUE CAN |
| 56289 | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO. |  | NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247 |
| 71590 | CENTRALAB ELECTRONICS, DIV. OF |  |  |
|  | GLOBE-UNION, INC. | 5757 N. GREEN BAY AVE. | MILWAUKEE, WI 53201 |
| 72982 | ERTE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC. | 644 W .12 TH ST. | ERIE, PA 16512 |
| 74970 | JOHNSON, E. F., CO. | 299 10NH AVE. S. W. | WASECA, MN 56093 |
| 75042 | TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, IRC FIXED |  |  |
|  | RESISTORS, PHITADELPHIA DIVISION | 401 N. BROAD ST. | PhILADELPHIA, PA 19108 |
| 76854 | OAK INDUSTRIES, INC., SWITCH DIV. | S. MAIN ST. | CRYSTAL LAKE, IL 60014 |
| 78488 | STACKPOLE CARBON CO. |  | ST. MARYS, PA 15857 |
| 79727 | C-W Industries | 550 DAVISVILLE RD. | WARMINS'IER, PA 18974 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P. O. BOX 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 80740 | BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS, INC. | 2500 HARBOR BlVD. | FULLERTON, CA 92634 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/M Eff | del No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| chassis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C9} 1$ | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102F |
| C10 | 285-0816-01 |  |  | CAP. FXD, PLSTC: $0.19 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 600 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 285-0816-01 |
| Cl3 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C19 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C20 | 285-0816-01 |  |  | CAP. FXD, FLSTC: $0.19 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 600 \mathrm{~V}$ | 80009 | 285-0816-01 |
| C23 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 4100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C106 1 | 307-1010-00 | B010100 | B039999 | ATHENUATOR, FXD: 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-00 |
| C106 1 | 307-1010-01 | B040000 |  | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-01 |
| Cl06 2 | 307-1010-00 | B020100 | B029999 | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-00 |
| Cl06 ${ }^{2}$ | 307-1010-01 | B030000 |  | ATMENUATOR, FXD: 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-01 |
| C107 1 | 307-1010-00 | B010100 | B039999 | ATTENTUATOR, FXD : 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-00 |
| c107 1 | 307-1010-01 | B040000 |  | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-01 |
| Cl 1072 | 307-1010-00 | 8020100 | B029999 | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-00 |
| C1072 | 307-1010-01 | 8030000 |  | ATMENUATOR, FXD : 2 X | 80009 | 307-1010-01 |
| C110 | 307-1011-00 |  |  | ATMENOATOR, FXD: 4 X | 80009 | 307-1011-00 |
| c111 | 307-1011-00 |  |  | ATMEENUATOR, FXD : 4 X | 80009 | 307-1011-00 |
| C11.41 | 307-1013-00 | B010100 | B039999 | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 10X | 80009 | 307-1013-00 |
| C1141 | 307-1013-01 | B040000 |  | ATTEENOATOR, FXD: 10X | 80009 | 307-1013-01 |
| C1142 | 307-1013-00 | B020100 | B029999 | ATTENUATOR,FXD:10X | 80009 | 307-1013-00 |
| C1142 | 307-1013-01 | B030000 |  | ATTENUATOR, EXD : 10 X | 80009 | 307-1013-01 |
| C115 1 | 307-1013-00 | B010100 | B039999 | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 10 X | 80009 | 307-1013-00 |
| C115 1 | 307-1013-01 | B040000 |  | ATTENUATOR, FXD: 10X | 80009 | 307-1013-01 |
| C1152 | 307-1013-00 | B020100 | B029999 | ATTENUATOR, EXD: 10 X | 80009 | 307-1013-00 |
| C115 2 | 307-1013-01 | B030000 |  | ATMENUATOR, FXD : 10 X | 80009 | 307-1013-01 |
| c1181 | 307-1014-00 | B010100 | B039999 | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 100X | 80009 | 307-1014-00 |
| C1.18 ${ }^{1}$ | 307-1014-01 | B040000 |  | ATTTENUATOR, FXD: 100X | 80009 | 307-1014-01 |
| C118 ${ }^{2}$ | 307-1014-00 | B020100 | B029999 | ATMENUATOR, FXD : 100 X | 80009 | 307-1014-00 |
| 01182 | 307-1014-01 | B030000 |  | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 100X | 80009 | 307-1014-01 |
| C119 1 | 307-1014-00 | B010100 | B039999 | ATTENUATOR, PXD: 100 X | 80009 | 307-1014-00 |
| C119 1 | 307-1014-01 | B040000 |  | ATTENUATOR, FXD : 100X | 80009 | 307-1014-01 |
| C1192 | 307-1014-00 | B020100 | B029999 | ATTTENUATOR,FXD: 100X | 80009 | 307-1014-00 |
| C1192 | 307-1014-01 | B030000 |  | ATMENUATOR,FXD: 100X | 80009 | 307-1014-01 |
| C238 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0504-00 | B010100 | B079999X | CAP. FEXD, CER DI: $10 \mathrm{PF},+/-1 \mathrm{PE}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-055C0G0100F |
| $\mathrm{C} 2382$ | 281-0504-00 | B020100 | B059999x | CAP. FPD, CER DI: $10 \mathrm{PF},+/-1 \mathrm{PE}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-055C0G0100F |
| C438 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0504-00 | 8010100 | B079999x | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $10 \mathrm{PF},+/-1 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-055COGO100F |
| C438 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0504-00 | B020100 | B059999x | CAP, FXD, CER DI: 10PF,+/-1PF,500V | 72982 | 301-055COG0100F |
| 5101 | 131-0679-00 |  |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, :BNC W/HARDWARE | 24931 | 28JR168-1 |
| J10 2 | 131-0126-00 |  |  | CONNECTOR,RCPY, : BNC, FEMALE | 36619 | 9663-1 NT-34 |
| 5201 | 131-0679-00 |  |  | CONNECTOR, RCPT, : BNC W/HARDWARE | 24931 | 28JR168-1 |
| 120 2 | 131-0126-00 |  |  | CONNECTOR,RCPT, : BNC, FEMALE | 36619 | 9663-1 NT-34 |
| L2371 | 276-0507-00 | B010100 | B079999X | SHIELDTNG BEAD, 0.6 UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D |
| L237 2 | 276-0507-00 | B020100 | B059999x | SHIELDING BEAD, 00.6 UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D |
| $\mathrm{L4} 371$ | 276-0507-00 | B010100 | B079999X | SHIELDTNG BEAD,:0.6UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D |
| L437 2 | 276-0507-00 | B020100 | B059999X. | SHIELDING BEAD, 0.6 UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D |
|  | 315-0620-00 |  |  | RES. , EXD, CMPSN: 62 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6205 |
| R111 3 | 311-0880-01 | B010100 | B029999 | RES. ,VAR, NONWIR: 5 K OHM, $208,0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 71590 | BA202-001 |
| R11 ${ }^{3}$ | 311-1320-00 | B030000 |  | RES. ,VAR,NONWIR:5K OHM,10\%,1W | 12697 | 381-cM39700 |
| R11 | 311-0310-00 |  |  | RES. VAR, NONWIR:5K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 01.121 | $\mathrm{W}-7350 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| R13 ${ }^{1}$ | 317-0910-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 91 OHM , 5\%,0.125W | 01121 | BB9105 |
| R20 | 315-0620-00 |  |  | RES. ${ }^{\text {FXD }}$, CMPSN: 62 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6205 |
| ```17Al8 only. 27Al8N only. 3}\mathrm{ Fuxcnished as a unit with s13, 7Al8 only``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tekfronix Part No. | ```Serial/M Eff``` | del No. Dscont | Name \& Description | MFr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R21 1 | 311-0880-01 | B010100 | B029999 | RES. ,VAR,NONWIR:5K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 71590 | BA202-001 |
| R21 ${ }^{1}$ | 311-1320-00 | B030000 |  | RES. ,VAR, NONWIR: 5 K OHM, 10\%,1W | 12697 | 381-CM39700 |
| R21 ${ }^{2}$ | 311-0310-00 |  |  | RES. , VAR,NONWIR: 5K OHM, 20\%,0.50W | 01121 | W-7350A |
| R23 ${ }^{3}$ | 317-0910-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 91 OHM, 5\%,0.125W | 01121 | BB9105 |
| R35 | 315-0241-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN:240 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R36 | 315-0621-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R38 | 315-0392-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3.9K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R236 | 315-0621-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R237A, ${ }^{4}$ | 311-1131-01 |  |  | RES. ,VAR,NONWIR:5K OHM,10\%,0.25W | 80009 | 311-1131-01 |
| R238 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0131-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R238 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0390-00 | B080000 |  | PES., FXD, CMPSN: 39 ORM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3905 |
| R238 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0131-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R238 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0390-00 | B060000 |  | RES . FXD , CMPSN: 39 OHM , 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121. | CB3905 |
| R2393 | 315-0222-00 | X8080000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R239 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0222-00 | XB060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 011.21 | CB2225 |
| R436 | 315-0621-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R437A, $\mathrm{B}^{5}$ | 311-1131-01 |  |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR: 5 K OHM, $10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 80009 | 311-1131-01 |
| R438 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0131-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. ,EXD, CMPSN:130 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R438 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0390-00 | B080000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 39 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3905 |
| R438 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0131-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R438 2 | 315-0390-00 | B060000 |  | RES. FXXD, CMPSN: 39 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3905 |
| R439 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0222-00 | XB080000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R439 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0222-00 | XB060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| S136 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{S} 22 \\ & \mathrm{~S} 237 \end{aligned}$ | 260-0816-00 |  |  | SWITCH, SLIDE:DPDT,0.5A,125VAC | 79727 | GF-126-0012A |
| S30A, B | 262-0926-00 |  |  | SWITCH,ROTARY:DISPLAY MODE/TRIG SCE (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0926-00 |
| S30A, B | 260-1221-00 |  |  | SWITCH,ROTARY:DISPLAY MODE/TRIG SCE | 76854 | 5-41981-411 |
| S2373,8 | 262-0928-00 | B010100 | B079999 | SWITCH,ROTARY:CAL IN CHl (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-00 |
| S2373,8 | 262-0928-01 | B080000 |  | SWITCH, ROTARY:CAL IN CH1 (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-01 |
| S2372,8 | 262-0928-00 | B020100 | B059999 | SWITCH, ROTARY:CAL IN CHI (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-00 |
| S2372,8 | 262-0928-01 | B060000 |  | SWITCH, ROTARY:CAL IN CHI (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-01 |
| S4373,9 | 262-0928-00 | B010100 | B079999 | SWITCH, ROYARY:CAL IN CH2 (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-00 |
| 54373,9 | 262-0928-01 | B080000 |  | SWITCH, ROTARY: CAL IN CH2 (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-01 |
| S4372,9 | 262-0928-00 | B020100 | B059999 | SWITCH, ROTARY: CAL IN CH2 (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-00 |
| 54372,9 | 262-0928-01 | B060000 |  | SWITCH, ROTARY:CAL IN CH2 (WIRED) | 80009 | 262-0928-01 |
| m113 | 276-0549-00 | B010100 | B039999 | CORE,FERRITE: 0.210 ID X $0.437^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD}$ | 01121 | T0437C416A |
| T113 | 276-0525-00 | B040000 |  | CORE, FERRITEE: 0.196 TD X $0.437 \prime$ ' $O D$ | 01121 | T037C351A |
| T112 | 276-0549-00 | B020100 | B029999 | CORE,FERRITE: 0.210 ID X $0.437^{\prime \prime}$ OD | 01121 | T0437C416A |
| T112 | 276-0525-00 | B030000 |  | CORE, FERRITE: 0.196 ID X $0.437^{\prime \prime}$ OD | 01121 | T037C351A |
| T213 | 276-0549-00 | B010100 | 8039999 | CORE,FERRTIE: 0.210 ID X $0.437^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD}$ | 01121 | T0437C416A |
| T21 ${ }^{3}$ | 276-0525-00 | B040000 |  | CORE,FERRTTE:0.196 TD X 0.437" OD | 01121 | T037C351A |
| T212 | 276-0549-00 | B020100 | B029999 | CORE, FERRITE : $0.210 \mathrm{TD} \mathrm{X} 0.437^{\prime \prime}$ OD | 01121 | T0437C416A |
| T212 | 276-0525-00 | B030000 |  | CORE,FERRITE: 0.196 ID X $0.437^{\prime \prime}$ OD | 01121 | T037C351A |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{3}$ | 672-0020-00 | B010100 | B059999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:READOUT CAM SW ATYENUATIOR (2) | 80009 | 672-0020-00 |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{3}$ | 672-0020-01 | B060000 | B099999 | CKI BOARD ASSY: READOUT CAM SW ATMIENUATOR (2) | 80009 | 672-0020-01 |
| A13 | 672-0020-02 | B100000 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY: READOUT CAM SW ATMENUATOR (2) | 80009 | 672-0020-02 |
| $A 1 A^{3}$ | 670-1706-01 | XB100000 | B119999 | CKT' BOARD ASSY:ATTTENUAI'OR | 80009 | 670-1706-01 |
| $A^{\prime} A^{3}$ | 670-1706-02 | B120000 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR | 80009 | 670-1706-02 |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{2}$ | 670-1386-00 | B020100 | B049999 | CKT BOARD ASSY: ATMENUATOR (2) | 80009 | 670-1386-00 |
| ```l}\mp@subsup{}{\mathrm{ Furnished as a unit with s23, 7Al8 only.}}{ 27Al8N only. 37Al8 only. 4 9Furnished as a unit with R 5 Furnished as a unit with S437. 6Furnished as a unit with Rll,7Al8 only. 7Furnished as a unit with R21,7A18 only. 8``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serial/Mr } \\ & \text { Eff } \end{aligned}$ | del No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-1386-03 | B050000 | B085868 | CKT BOARD ASSY: ATM | 80009 | 670-1386-03 |
| A1 ${ }^{1}$ | 672-0480-00 | B085869 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY: CAM SW ATTENUATOR(2) | 80009 | 672-0480-00 |
| C100 | 281-0064-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR, PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF, 600V | 72982 | 530-002 |
| Cl01. ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0661-00 | B010100 | B029999x | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.8 \mathrm{PF},+/-0.1 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000С0к0808B |
| R102 | 317-0105-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN:1M OHM, 5\%,0.125W | 01121 | BE1055 |
| R130 | 322-0481-00 |  |  | RES. FXD,FILM:1M OHM, $2 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEBTO-1004F |
| S100A 3,2 | 105-0242-00 | B010100 | B059999 | ACTUATOR CAM SW:AC/GND/DC | 80009 | 105-0242-00 |
| Sl00A 3,2 | 105-0242-01 | B060000 | B099999 | ACTUATOR CAM SW:AC/GND/DC | 80009 | 105-0242-01 |
| S100A 3,2 | 105-0242-02 | B100000 |  | ACTUATOR CAM SW:AC/GND/DC | 80009 | 105-0242-02 |
| S100A 3,1 | 105-0242-00 | B020100 | B049999 | ACTUATOR, CAM SW:AC/GND/DC | 80009 | 105-0242-00 |
| S100A 3.1 | 105-0242-01 | B050000 | B085868 | ACTUATOR, CAM SW:AC/GND/DC | 80009 | 105-0242-01 |
| S100A 3,1 | 105-0242-02 | B085869 |  | ACTUATOR, CAM SW:AC/GND/DC | 80009 | 105-0242-02 |
| S100B $\left.\right\|^{3,2}$ | 105-0241-00 | B010100 | B059999 | ACTUATOR CAM SW:VOLTS/DIV | 80009 | 105-0241-00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{slo0C} \\ & \mathrm{sio0B})^{3,2} \\ & \mathrm{Sl00C} \end{aligned}$ | 105-0241-01 | B060000 |  | ACTUATOR CAM SW:VOLTS/DIV | 80009 | 105-0241-01 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { s1008 } \beta^{3,1} \\ & \text { s100C } \end{aligned}$ | 105-0241-00 | B020100 | B049999 | ACTUATOR,CAM SW:VOLTS/DIV | 80009 | 105-0241-00 |
| S100B $\}^{3,1}$ | 105-0241-01 | B050000 |  | ACTUATOR,CAM SW:VOLTS/DIV | 80009 | 105-0241-01 |


| A2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-1384-00 | B010100 | B069999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLIFTER | 80009 | 670-1384-00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-1384-02 | B070000 | B079999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLIFIER | 80009 | 670-1384-02 |
| A. $2{ }^{2}$ | 670-1384-03 | B080000 | B119999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLIFTER | 80009 | 670-1384-03 |
| A2 ${ }^{2}$ | 670-1384-07 | B120000 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY: AMPLIFIER | 80009 | 670-1384-07 |
| A2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-1384-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CKY BOARD ASSY:AMPIIFJER | 80009 | 670-1384-00 |
| A2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-1384-03 | B060000 | B085749 | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLTEIER | 80009 | 670-1384-03 |
| A2 ${ }^{1}$ | 670-1384-06 | B085750 |  | CKI BOARD ASSY:AMPLTFIER | 80009 | 670-1384-06 |
| A2 ${ }^{4}$ | 670-1384-01 |  |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLTEIER | 80009 | 670-1384-01 |
| A2 ${ }^{5}$ | 670-1384-04 | XB100000 | B119999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLIFIER | 80009 | 670-1384-04 |
| A2 ${ }^{5}$ | 670-1384-08 | B120000 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLIFIER | 80009 | 670-1384-08 |
| C210 | 283-0001-00 |  |  | CAP. FXX, CER DI: $0.005 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-559E502P |
| C212 | 281-0557-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $1.8 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000C0K0189B |
| C 216 | 290-0512-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: 22 UF , 20\%, 15V | 56289 | 196D226x0015KA1 |
| C225 2 | 281-0638-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $240 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | $301000 \mathrm{z5D241J}$ |
| C 2252 | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C225 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0638-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:240PF, $5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 30100025D241J |
| $\mathrm{C} 225{ }^{1}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, 10\%,200V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C 237 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C 2412 | 281-0580-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP. FXD, CER DI:470PF, 10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C241 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, $10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C241 1 | 281-0580-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:470PF, 10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C241 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, $10 \%$, 200 V | 72982 | 835-5158102K |
| C245 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.7-10PF,250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C246 | 281-0512-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: $27 \mathrm{PF},+/-2.7 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 308-000C0G0270K |
| C256 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, $+100-0 \%$, 500 V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C264 | 281-0600-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:35PF, 10\%,500V | 72982 | 308-000C0G0350K |
| C270 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.0010 \mathrm{~F},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C274 | 281-0592-00 |  |  | CAP. FXX , CER DI: $4.7 \mathrm{PF},+/-0.5 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-023C0H0479D |
| C275 | 281-0153=00 |  |  | CAP. VAR,AIR DI: 1.7-10PF, 250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C278 | 281-0523-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI : $100 \mathrm{PF},+/-20 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-00002M0101M |
| C313 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. FXX, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C318 | 290-0512-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: $22 \mathrm{UF}, 20 \%, 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | $196 \mathrm{D} 226 \times 0015 \mathrm{KA1}$ |
| C325 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0638-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 240 PF , 5\%, 500V | 72982 | $301000 \mathrm{Z5D} 241 \mathrm{~J}$ |
| C325 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.001UF,10\%,200V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C325 ${ }^{1}$ | 281-0638-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $240 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 30100025 D 241 J |
| C325 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP. ,EXD, CER DI $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \mathrm{z}, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C341 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0580-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP. FXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| 17 Al 8 N only. 27 Al 8 only. |  |  |  | $3^{3}$ See Mechanical Parts List for replacement parts. 57 Al8 option 6 only. ${ }^{47 A 18}$ option 1 only. |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Mod Eff | el No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| c341 ${ }^{1}$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP. ,EXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{OF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | $835-515 \mathrm{Bl} 102 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| C341 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0580-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP.,EXD, CER DI:470PF,10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C341 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, 10\%,200V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C345 1 | 281-0578-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP. FXD, CER DT: 18PF,5\%,500V | 72982 | 301-050C0G0180J |
| $\mathrm{C} 345^{1}$ | $283-0067-00$ | B080000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-5158102K |
| C345 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0578-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:18PF,5\%,500V | 72982 | 301-050C0G0180J |
| C345 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{FF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C356 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP , FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C364 | 281-0600-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI: 35PF,10\%,500V | 72982 | 308-000C0G0350K |
| C370 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C374 | 281-0592-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: 4.7PF, +/-0.5PF,500V | 72982 | 301-023C0H0479D |
| C375 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP, VAR,AIR DI:1.7-10PF,250V | 74970 | 187-0106-005 |
| C378 | 281-0523-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CEF DI: $100 \mathrm{PF},+/-20 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101m |
| C391 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| $\mathrm{C} 392$ | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP., EXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C393 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C394 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, $+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C395 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP. , EXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103Z |
| C396 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C397 | $283-0002-00$ |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:0.01UF, $+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| C398 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103Z |
| C410 | 283-0001-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.005 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-559E502P |
| C412 | 281-0557-00 |  |  | CAP, EXD, CER DI: $1.8 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000C0K0189B |
| $\mathrm{C} 416$ | 290-0512-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, ELCILT: 22UF, 20\%,15V | 56289 | 1960226x0015KA1 |
| $C 425^{1}$ | 281-0638-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP. .PXD, CER DI: 240PF, 5\%,500V | 72982 | 30100025 D 241 JJ |
| C425 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, 10\%,200V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| $\mathrm{C} 4252$ | 281-0638-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $240 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 30100085 D 241 J |
| $\mathrm{C} 425{ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C 427 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C429 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| $\mathrm{C} 441 \frac{1}{1}$ | 281-0580-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI : $470 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4411$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{VF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C441 2 | 281-0580-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP. EXD, CER DI: $470 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | $7001-1374$ |
| C441 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 108,200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C445 | 281-0153-00 |  |  | CAP., VAR,ATR DI: $1.7-10 \mathrm{FF}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | 74970 | 187-0106m005 |
| $\mathrm{C} 446^{1}$ | 281-0578-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP, FXX, CER DI:18PF,5\%,500V | 72982 | 301-050c0G0180J |
| $\mathrm{C} 446^{1}$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | $835-515 \mathrm{~B} 102 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 446^{2}$ | 281-0578-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $18 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-050C0G0180J |
| $\mathrm{C} 446^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, 10\%, 200 V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C456 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, +100-0\%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C457 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.0010 \mathrm{~F},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C464 | 281-0600-00 |  |  | CAP, , FXD, CER DI:35PF, 10\%,500V | 72982 | 308-000COGO350K |
| C470 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP , FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C474 | 281-0592-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 4.7PF, +/-0.5PF,500V | 72982 | 301-023C0H0479D |
| C 475 | 281-0503-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $8 \mathrm{PF},+/-0.5 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000СОН0809D |
| C478 | 281-0523-00 |  |  | CAP, ,FXD, CER DI: 100PF, $+/-20 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M |
| C 513 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP , FXD, CER DI $0.001 \mathrm{CF},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C518 | 290-0512-00 |  |  | CAP, PXD, ELCTLLT: $220 \mathrm{~F}, 208,15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 196D226x0015KA1 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5251$ | 281-0638-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $240 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301000250241 J |
| $\mathrm{C} 525^{1}$ | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, 10\%, 200 V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| $\mathrm{C} 525^{2}$ | 281-0638-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP . FXD, CER DI: $240 \mathrm{PF}, 5 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 30100025D241J |
| $\mathrm{C} 525^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | $72982$ | $835-515 \mathrm{~B} 102 \mathrm{~K}$ |
| C527 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 0.001UF,+100-0\%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |

[^1]| Ckt No. | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial/M Eff | del No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C541 | 281-0580-00 | B010100 | B079999 | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 470PF, 10\%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C5411 | 283-0067-00 | B080000 |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF,10\%,200V | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C541 ${ }^{2}$ | 281-0580-00 | B020100 | B059999 | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $470 \mathrm{PF}, 10 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 04222 | 7001-1374 |
| C541 ${ }^{2}$ | 283-0067-00 | B060000 |  | CAP, ,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF}^{\prime}, 10 \%, 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 835-515B102K |
| C545 | 281-0512-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $27 \mathrm{PF},+/-2.7 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 308-000COG0270K |
| C556 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C564 | 281-0600-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: 35PF, 108,500V | 72982 | 308-000C0G0350K |
| C570 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0\%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C574 | 281-0592-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI:4.7PF, $+/-0.5 \mathrm{FF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-023COH0479D |
| C575 | 281-0503-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $8 \mathrm{PF},+/-0.5 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000СОН0809D |
| C578 | 281-0523-00 |  |  | CAP, FXD, CER DI: $100 \mathrm{PF},+/-20 \mathrm{PF}, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101m |
| C584 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08,500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C591 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD , CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{VF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C592 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| C593 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C594 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP. FXXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E1032 |
| C595 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXX, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UE}, 480-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| C596 | 283-0002-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | 72982 | 811-546E103z |
| CR210 | 152-0321-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:STLITCON,35v,100MA | 07263 | FSA1480 |
| CR220 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE: STLTCON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR221 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:STLICON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR357 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SLLICON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR410 | 152-0321-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:STLICON,35v,100MA | 07263 | FSA1480 |
| CR420 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE: STLTCON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR421 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE: STHICON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| CR557 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMTCOND DEVICE:SILICON,40PIV,150MA | 07910 | 1N4152 |
| LR391 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COTL, RF: 3.2 UF (WOUND ON A 10 OHM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR393 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COIL, RF: 3.2UF (WOUND ON A 10 OHM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR395 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COTL, RE: 3.2 UF' (WOUND ON A $10 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR396 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COIL, RF: 3.2UF (WOUND ON A 10 OEM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR397 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COIL, RE: 3.2UF (WOUND ON A 10 OIM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR591 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COTL, RE: 3.2 UF (WOUND ON A 10 ORM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR592 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COTK, RE: 3.2UF (WOUNS ON A 10 OHM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR595 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COTL, $\mathrm{HE}: 3.2 \mathrm{UF}$ (WOUND ON A 10 OHM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| LR596 | 108-0184-00 |  |  | COTL, RE: 3.2UF (WOUND ON A 10 OHM, 5\%,0.5W RES) | 80009 | 108-0184-00 |
| Q210A, B | 151-1032-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: SIKICON, FET, DUAL | 17856 | DN399 |
| Q220 ${ }^{1,3}$ | 153-0596-00 | B010100 | B079999 | SEMTCOND DVC SE:SILICON, NPN, 2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| 22201.3 | 153-0631-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:STLICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| Q220 2 , 3 | 153-0596-00 | B020100 | B059999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN,2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| Q220 ${ }^{2,3}$ | 153-0631-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| Q225 | 151-0225-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:STT, TCON, NEN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q240 ${ }^{4}$ | 153-0597-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q250 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0221-00 | 8010100 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNE | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q2501,5 | 153-0597-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q250 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0221-00 | B020100 | B059999 | TYANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q250 ${ }^{2,5}$ | 153-0597-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q260 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0225-00 | B010100 | B039999 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q260 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0367-00 | B040000 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN,SEL FROM 3571MP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| Q2601 | 151-0441-00 | B080000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NRN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q260 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0225-00 | B020100 | B029999 | TRAANSISTOR: SILICON, NEN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q260 ${ }^{2}$ | 151-0367-00 | B030000 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM 3571\% | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| $2260{ }^{2}$ | 151-0441-00 | B060000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILYCON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| $1_{7 A 18}$ on <br> 27A18N on <br> 30220 and <br> 40240 and <br> ${ }^{5}$ Q250 an | y. <br> ly. <br> Q320 furnis <br> Q340 fuxnis <br> Q350 furnis |  | tched pai tched pai atched pai |  |  |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serial/M } \\ & \text { Eff } \end{aligned}$ | el No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q280 | 151-0221-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q320 ${ }^{1,2}$ | 153-0596-00 | B010100 | B079999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN, 2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| Q320 ${ }^{1,2}$ | 153-0631-00 | 8080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| $Q 320^{2,3}$ | 153-0596-00 | B020100 | B059999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN,2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| Q320 ${ }^{2,3}$ | 153-0631-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| Q325 | 151-0225-00 |  |  | THEANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q340 ${ }^{4}$ | 153-0597-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q350 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0221-00 | B010100 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| 2350 ${ }^{1,5}$ | 153-0597-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q $350{ }^{3}$ | 151-0221-00 | B020100 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q350 ${ }^{3,5}$ | 153-0597-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q $360{ }^{1}$ | 151-0225-00 | B010100 | B039999 | THRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q360 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0367-00 | B040000 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM 3571TP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| Q360 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0441-00 | B080000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q360 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0225-00 | B020100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q $360{ }^{3}$ | 151-0367-00 | B030000 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM 3571TP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| Q360 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0441-00 | B060000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q380 | 151-0221-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q410A, B | 151-1032-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON,FET, DUAL | 17856 | DN399 |
| 24201,6 | 153-0596-00 | B010100 | B079999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SIIICON,NPN,2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| Q420 ${ }^{1,6}$ | 153-0631-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| Q4203,6 | 153-0596-00 | B020100 | B059999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN, 2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| 24203,6 | 153-0631-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| Q425 ${ }^{7}$ | 153-0595-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN, 2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0595-00 |
| Q426 ${ }^{7}$ | 153-0595~00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN,2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0595-00 |
| $2440{ }^{8}$ | 153-0597-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| $2450{ }^{1}$ | 151-0221-00 | B010100 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| 2450 ${ }^{1,9}$ | 153-0597-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q450 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0221-00 | B020100 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q450 ${ }^{3,9}$ | 153-0597-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q460 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0225-00 | B010100 | B039999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q460 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0367-00 | B040000 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL FROM 3571TP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| $\mathrm{Q}^{460}{ }^{1}$ | 151-0441-00 | B080000 |  | TYRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q460 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0225-00 | B020100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q460 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0367-00 | B030000 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN,SEL EROM 3571TP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| Q460 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0441-00 | B060000 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q480 ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 151-0221-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q520 ${ }^{1,6}$ | 153-0596-00 | B010100 | B079999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN, 2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| Q520 ${ }^{1,6}$ | 153-0631-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| Q $520{ }^{3,6}$ | 153-0596-00 | B020100 | B059999 | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN,2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0596-00 |
| 2520 ${ }^{3,6}$ | 153-0631-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0631-00 |
| 25257 | 153-0595-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN,2N3563 | 80009 | 153-0595-00 |
| Q526 ${ }^{7}$ | 153-0595-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN, 2 N3563 | 80009 | 153-0595-00 |
| Q540 | 153-0597-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SIIICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q550 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0221-00 | B010100 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| $2550{ }^{1,9}$ | 153-0597-00 | B080000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| $2550{ }^{3}$ | 151-0221-00 | B020100 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q550 ${ }^{3,9}$ | 153-0597-00 | B060000 |  | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 153-0597-00 |
| Q560 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0225-00 | B010100 | B039999 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q560 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0367-00 | B040000 | B079999 | TRANSISTOR:STLICON,NPN,SEL FROM 3571TP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| Q560 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0441-00 | B080000 |  | TrANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q560 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0225-00 | B020100 | B029999 | TRANSISTOR:STLICCON,NPN | 07910 | CS23365 |
| Q560 ${ }^{3}$ | 151-0367-00 | B030000 | B059999 | TRANSISTOR:STLICON,NPN,SEL FROM 3571TP | 80009 | 151-0367-00 |
| 17 A18 only. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{Q} 220$ and Q320 furnished as a matched pair. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3} 7 \mathrm{Al8N}$ only. $70425,0426,0525$ and 0526 furnished as a matched set |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{5} \mathrm{Q} 250 \text { anc }$ $6_{\mathrm{Q} 420} \text { and }$ | Q350 furnis Q520 furnish | ed as a m | ached pa | Q440 and Q540 furnished as ${ }^{9}$ Q450 and $Q 550$ furnished as | ed pai ed pai |  |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serial/M } \\ & \text { Eff } \end{aligned}$ | odel No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q560 ${ }^{1}$ | 151-0441-00 | B060000 |  | TRANSTSTOR:STITCON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0441-00 |
| Q580 | 151-0221-00 |  |  | TRANSISTOR:STLICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| R32 | 315-0123-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 12K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1235 |
| R210 | 316-0474-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 470 K OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4741 |
| R211 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R212 | 315-0561-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 560 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R215 | 315-0391-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 390 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3915 |
| R222 | 321-0153-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:383 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-3830F |
| R223 | 323-0257-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.64K OHM, $0.5 \%$, 0.5 W | 75042 | CECTO-4641F |
| R224 | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:21 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF |
| R225 2 | 315-0471-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R225 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0621-00 | B080000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R225 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0471-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R225 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0621-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXD , CMPSN: 620 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R226 | 321-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FTLM: 182 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-1820F |
| R227 2 | 315-0821-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:820 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB821.5 |
| R227 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0561-00 | B080000 |  | RES. .FXD, CMPSN:560 OHM , 5\%, 0.25W | 011.21 | CB5615 |
| R227 1 | 315-0821-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES + FXD, CMPSN: 820 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| F227 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0561-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 560 OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R241 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0241-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. , FXD , CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R241 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0221-00 | B080000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01.121 | CB2215 |
| R.241 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0241-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R241 1 | 315-0221-00 | B060000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM ,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R242 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0068-00 | XB080000 |  | RES. FRD, FTTM: $49.9 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEATO-49R90F |
| R242 ${ }^{1}$ | 321-0068-00 | XB060000 |  | RES.,FXD,FITM:49.9 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEAT0-49R90F |
| R243 | 323-0255-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, FILM: 4.42K OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-4421F |
| R244 | 321-01.26-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FTKM: 200 OHM,18,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-2000F |
| R245 | 311-0634-00 |  |  | RES. . VAR, NONWTR: 500 OHM, 10\%, 0.50 W | 80740 | 62-55-3 |
| R246 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0103-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES., F'XD, CMPSN: 10X OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R246 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0912-00 | B080000 |  | RES. $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CMPSN}: 9.1 \mathrm{~K}$ OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9125 |
| R246 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0103-00 | B020100 | B059999 | FES.,FXD, CMPSN: 10 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R246 ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 315-0912-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 9.1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9125 |
| R250 | 321-0105-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, FITM: 121 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-1210F |
| R251 | 321-01.37-00 |  |  | RES . FXXD,FILM: 261 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEAT0-2610F |
| R256 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES. , PXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 011.21 | CB4715 |
| R257 | 315-0153-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 15K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R259 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R260 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES. . FXD , CMPSN : 100 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R263 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES. FXX, CMPSN: 2.7 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R264 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: $33 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R274 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0182-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.8K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R274 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0392-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: $3.9 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R274 1 | 315-0182-00 | B010200 | B059999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.8K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R274 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0392-00 | B060000 |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 3.9 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01.121 | CE3925 |
| R275 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 10 OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R276 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES. FFXD, FITM : 40.2 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-4OR2OF |
| R277 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES. ${ }^{\text {FXD }}$, FTKM $: 40.2$ OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEATO-40R20F |
| F 278 | 323-0189-00 |  |  | RES * FXD, FTTM : 909 OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-9090F |
| F280 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: $33 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R282 | 323-0150-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:357 OHM,1\%,0.5W | 75042 | CECTO-3570F |

[^2]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/M Eff | Nel No. Dscont | Name \& Description | MFr Code | Mir Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R284 1 | 316-0121-00 | B010100 | 8039999x | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 120 OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1211 |
| R284 ${ }^{2}$ | 316-0121-00 | B020100 | B029999X | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 120 OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1211 |
| R286 | 323-0206-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FITM:1.37K OHM,1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-1371F |
| R313 | 315-0105-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1 M OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R317 | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FITM:21 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF |
| R318 | 315-0911-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:910 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9115 |
| R319 | 315-0391-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 390 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3915 |
| R321 | 311-0633-00 |  |  | RES., VAR,NONWIR:5K OHM,10\%,0.50W | 80740 | 62-58-3 |
| R322 1 | 315-0123-00 | 8010100 | B079999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 12 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1235 |
| R322 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0273-00 | B080000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R322 2 | 315-0123-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES., FXD,CMPSN:12K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1235 |
| R322 2 | 315-0273-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R323 1 | 315-0131-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES, FXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R323 1 | 315-0271-00 | B080000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 270 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R323 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0131-00 | B020000 | B059999 | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R323 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0271-00 | B060000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN:270 OHM $, 58,0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R324 | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:21 OHM,18,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF |
| R325 1 | 315-0471-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. EXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R325 1 | 315-0621-00 | B080000 |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R325 2 | 315-0471-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R325 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0621-00 | B060000 |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R326 | 321-0122-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,FTLM:182 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-1820F |
| R3271 | 315-0361-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. , FXD,CMPSN: 360 OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 011.21 | C83615 |
| R327 1 | 315-0431-00 | B080000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 430 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4315 |
| R327 2 | 315-0361-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 360 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01.121 | CB3615 |
| R327 2 | 315-0431-00 | B060000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 430 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4315 |
| R3411 | 315-0241-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R3411 | 315-0221-00 | B080000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0,25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R3412 | 315-0241-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CMPSN}: 240$ OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R3412 | 315-0221-00 | B060000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R3421 | 321-0068-00 | XB080000 |  | RES. ${ }^{\text {FXD }}$, FILM $: 49.9$ OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEATO-49R90F |
| R342 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0068-00 | XB060000 |  | RES. FXX, FIILM:49.9 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-49R90F |
| R343 | 323-0255-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, FILM 4.42 K OHM, $18,0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | СЕСT0-4421F |
| R345 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0392-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. EXD, CMPSN: 3.9 K OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R345 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0623-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 62K OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6235 |
| R345 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0392-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3.9 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R345 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0623-00 | B060000 |  | RES., EXD, CMPSN:62K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01.121 | CB6235 |
| R350 | 323-0153-00 |  |  | RES., EXD,FILM:383 OHM,1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-3830F |
| R351 | 321-0137-00 |  |  | RES.,EXD,FTLM:261 OHM,1\%,0.125 | 75042 | CEATO-2610F |
| R356 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R357 | 315-0274-00 |  |  | RES. FXX, CMPSN: 270 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2745 |
| R358 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R359 | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:1.2K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R363 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 2.7 K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R364 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 33 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R370 | 321-0217-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.78K OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-1781F |
| R374 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0182-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1.8K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R374 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0392-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXX, CMPSN: 3.9K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R374 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0182-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 1.8 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R374 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0392-00 | B060000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 3.9K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R375 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES. FXX, CMPSN: 10 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R376 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:40.2 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-40R2OF |
| R377 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:40.2 OEM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-40R20F |

[^3]| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/M Eff | el No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R378 | 323-0189-00 |  |  | RES. FXX, FTMM:909 OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-9090F |
| R380 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 33 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R382 | 323-01.50-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD, FTLM: 357 OHM, 1\%,0.5 W | 75042 | CECTO-3570F |
| R384 ${ }^{1}$ | 316-0121-00 | B010100 | B039999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN:120 OHM, 10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1211 |
| R384 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0271-00 | B040000 |  | RES., EXD, CMPSN: 270 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R384 ${ }^{2}$ | 316-0121-00 | B020100 | B029999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: $120 \mathrm{OHM}, 10 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1211 |
| R384 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0271-00 | B030000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:270 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R386 | 323-0206-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, FTLM 1.37 K OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-1371F |
| R390 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES., EXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R400 | 315-0152-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1525 |
| R401 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R410 | 316-0474-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN: 470K OHM,10\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4741 |
| R411 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R412 | 315-0561-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 560 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R415 | 315-0391-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 390 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3915 |
| R416 | 315-0911-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:910 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9115 |
| R418 | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FITM:21 OHM,18,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF |
| R422 | 321-0153-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 383 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-3830F |
| R423 | 323-0257-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.64K OHM,1\%,0.5W | 75042 | CECTO-4641F |
| R424 | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:21 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF* |
| R425 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0471-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R425 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0621-00 | B080000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R425 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0471-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. , FXX , CMPSN: 470 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 011.21 | CB4715 |
| R425 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0621-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R426 | 321-0122-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FTTM : 182 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEAT0-1820F |
| R427 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0821-00 | B0101.00 | B079999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 820 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R427 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0561-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:560 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R427 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0821-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 820 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R427 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0561-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 560 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R428 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0241-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R428 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0301-00 | B080000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:300 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3015 |
| R428 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0241-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R428 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0301-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXX , CMPSN: 300 OMM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3015 |
| R4291 | 315-0821-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES., FXX, CMPSN: 820 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R4291 | 315-0561-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXX, CMPSN: 560 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R429 2 | 315-0821-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. , FXD , CMPSN: 820 OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB8215 |
| R429 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0561-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXX, CMPSN: 560 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R441 1 | 315-0241-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R4411 | 315-0221-00 | B080000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R441 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0241-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES., F'XD, CMPSN: 240 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R4412 | 315-0221-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R4421 | 321-0068-00 | XB080000 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-49R90F |
| R442 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0068-00 | XB060000 |  | RES.,FXD, FITM : 49.9 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-49R90F |
| R443 | 323-0255-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:4.42K OHM, $18,0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECTO-4421F |
| R444 | 321-0126-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FTLM:200 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-2000F |
|  | 311-0634-00 |  |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:500 OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 80740 | 62-55-3 |
| $\mathrm{R} 446_{1}^{1}$ | 315-0392-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:3.9K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R446 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0623-00 | B080000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:62K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6235 |
| $R 446^{2}$ | 315-0392-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:3.9K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3925 |
| R446 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0623-00 | B060000 |  | RES. FXX, CMPSN:62K OHM $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB6235 |
| R450 | 321-0110-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:137 OHM, 1\%,0.125 | 75042 | CEATO-1370F |
| R451 | 321-0137-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:261 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-261OF |
| R455 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 2.7 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2725 |

[^4]
## Electrical Parts List-7A18/7A18N

| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/M Eff | No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R456 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM , 58, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R459 | 315-0103-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10 K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R460 | 315-0101-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R463 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 2.7 K OHM $, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R464 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 33 OHM , 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R474 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:1.8K OMM , 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R.475 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: $10 \mathrm{OHM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R476 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,FITM: 40.2 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-4OR2OF |
| R477 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FITM:40.2 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-40R20F |
| R478 | 323-0189-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FJLM :909 OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-9090F |
| R480 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 33 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R482 | 323-0150-00 |  |  | RES., FXD,FILM:375 OHM, 1\%,0.5W | 75042 | CECTO-3570F |
| R484 | 315-0331-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD , CMPSN: 330 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R486 | 323-0206-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM 1.1 .37 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECTO-1371F |
| R513 | 315-0105-00 |  |  | RES . ,FXD, CMPSN: 1 M OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R517 | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,FILM:21 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF |
| R518 | 315-0911-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 910 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | C89115 |
| R519 | 315-0391-00 |  |  | RES. FFXD, CMPSN: 390 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3915 |
|  | 311-0633-00 |  |  |  | 80740 | 62-58-3 |
| R522I | 315-0123-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES., FXD,CMPSN:12K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1235 |
| R522 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0273-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 27 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R522 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0123-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 12 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1235 |
| R522 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0273-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 27 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R523 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0131-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. FXXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R523 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0271-00 | B080000 |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN: 270 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2715 |
| R523 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0131-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. FXXD, CMPSN: 130 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1315 |
| R523 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0271-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 270 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2715 |
|  | 321-0032-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM: 21 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-21ROOF |
| R525 | 315-0471-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES. FXXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R525 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0621-00 | B080000 |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 620 OFM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R525 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0471-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| $R 525^{2}$ | 315-0621-00 | B060000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R526 | 321-0122-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, FILM: 182 OHM, 1\%,0.125 | 75042 | CEATO-1820F |
| $\mathrm{R} 527 \mathrm{I}$ | 315 $\times 0621-00$ | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN: 620 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R527 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0751-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXD , CMPSN: 750 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| $R 527^{2}$ | 315-0621-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. FXD , CMPSN: 620 OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121. | CB6215 |
| R527 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0751-00 | B060000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 750 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R529 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0621-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES., FXX, CMPSN: 620 OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| $\text { R. } 5291$ | 315-0751-00 | B080000 |  | RES., FXD , CMPSN: 750 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R529 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0621-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. FFXD, CMPSN: 620 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6215 |
| R529 2 | 315-0751-00 | B060000 |  | RES., FXX, CMPSN: 750 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7515 |
| R541 ${ }^{1}$ | 31.5-0241-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R541 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0221-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| $\text { R541 } 2$ | 315-0241-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R541 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0221-00 | B060000 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R542 | 321-0068-00 | XB080000 | B089999 | RES.,FXD,FILM: 49.9 OHM, 1\%,0.125w | 75042 | CEATO-49R90F |
| $\text { R542 } 1$ | 321-0071-00 | B090000 |  | RES. , FXD, FILM:53.6 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-53R6F |
| $\begin{aligned} & R 5422 \\ & \mathrm{R} 5422 \end{aligned}$ | 321-0068-00 | XB060000 | B069999 | $\text { RES. ,FXD,FTLM: } 49.9 \text { OHM,18,0.125W }$ | $75042$ | CEATO-49R90F |
| R542 ${ }^{2}$ | 321-0071-00 | B070000 |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:53.6 OHM,1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEAT0-53R6F |
| R543 | 323-0255-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FTLM 4.42 K OHM, $1 \%$, 0.50 W | 75042 | CECIO-4421F |
| $\text { R544 } 1$ | 311-0609-00 | XB090000 |  | RES.,VAR,NONWIR: 2 K OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 80740 | 62-57-3 |
| $\text { R544 } 2$ | 311-0609-00 | XB070000 |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 2 K OHM, 10\%,0.50W | 80740 | 62-57-3 |
| R545 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0103-00 | B010100 | B079999 | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:10K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01.121 | CB1035 |

${ }^{17 \text { 7A18 only. }}$
27A18N only.

| Ckt No. | Tektronix <br> Part No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serial/M } \\ & \text { Eff } \end{aligned}$ | del No. Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R545 ${ }^{1}$ | 315-0912-00 | B080000 |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN:9.1K OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB9125 |
| R545 2 | 315-0103-00 | B020100 | B059999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN:10K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R545 ${ }^{2}$ | 315-0912-00 | B060000 |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN:9.1K OHM , 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9125 |
| R550 | 323-0153-00 |  |  | RES. ${ }^{\text {FXD, FXIMM }} 383 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CECTO-3830F |
| R551 | 321-0137-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FTMM:261 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-2610F |
| R555 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES. FEXD,CMPSN: 2 , 7 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R556 | 315-0471-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4715 |
| R557 | 315-0274-00 |  |  | RES. FEXD, CMPSN: 270 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2745 |
| R558 ${ }^{3}$ | 315-0222-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 2.2 K OHM, 5 \%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R559 | 315-0122-00 |  |  | RES. ,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1225 |
| R563 | 315-0272-00 |  |  | RES. $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CMPSN}: 2.7 \mathrm{~K}$ OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R564 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 33 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R570 | 321-0217-00 |  |  | RES. .FXD, FILM:1.78K OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-1781F |
| R574 | 315-0182-00 |  |  | RES. $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CMPSN}: 1.8 \mathrm{~K}$ OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1825 |
| R575 | 315-0100-00 |  |  | RES. , FXD, CMPSN: 10 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1005 |
| R576 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, FILM: $40.2 \mathrm{OHM}, 1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEATO-40R2OF |
| R577 | 321-0059-00 |  |  | RES. FXX, FILM: 40.2 OHM, 1\%,0.125W | 75042 | CEATO-40R20F |
| R578 | 323-0189-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:909 OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECTO-9090\% |
| R580 | 315-0330-00 |  |  | RES. FXD, CMPSN: 33 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3305 |
| R582 | 323-0150-00 |  |  | RESS. FXD, FILM : 357 OHM, 1\%,0.5W | 75042 | CECTO-3570F |
| R584 | 315-0331-00 |  |  | RES. , $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CMPSN}: 330$ OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R586 | 323-0206-00 |  |  | RES., FXD, FTLM 1.1 .37 K OHM, 1\%,0.50W | 75042 | CECro-1371F |
| R590 | 315-0470-00 |  |  | RES., EXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| U270 | 155-0022-00 |  |  | MICROCIRCUYT,DI:A AND B LOGIC ML CHAN SW | 80009 | 155-0022-00 |
| U470 | 155-0022-00 |  |  | MICROCTRCUIT, DI:A AND B LOGIC ML CHAN SW | 80009 | 155-0022-00 |


| A 34 | 670-1385-00 | B010100 | B099999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:READOUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3 ${ }^{4}$ | 670-1385-02 | B100090 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY: READOUT |
| C621 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF,+100-O8 |
| c630 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-02$ |
| C631 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CER} \mathrm{DI:} 0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-0 \%$ |
| C634 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08$ |
| C 635 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, +100-0\% |
| C638 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. $\mathrm{FXD}, \mathrm{CER} \mathrm{DI:} 0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08$ |
| C639 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. FXX, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08$ |
| C641 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, $+100-08$ |
| C643 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. .FXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08$ |
| C647 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP. FEXD, CER DI: $0.001 \mathrm{UF},+100-08$ |
| C648 | 283-0003-00 |  |  | CAP. FXD, CER DI: $0.01 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%$, |
| C649 | 283-0000-00 |  |  | CAP.,FXD, CER DI: 0.001 UF, +100-0\% |
| CR621 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,40PTV, 1 |
| CR647 | 152-0185-00 |  |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,40PIV,1 |
| Q620 | 151-0254-00 |  |  | TRANSTSTOR:SILTCON,NPN |
| R62]. | 321-0223-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.05K OHM, 1\%,0.12 |
| R622 | 321-0269-00 | B010100 | B039999 | RES.,FXD,FILM:6.19K OHM,1\%,0.12 |
| R622 | 321-0299-00 | B040000 |  | RES. FXD, FTLM:12.7K OHM, 1\%,0.12 |
| R630 | 315-0154-00 |  |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:150X OHM, 5\%,0.25 |
| R631 | 315-0753-00 |  |  | RES.,FKD, CMPSN: 75 K OHM, 5\%,0.25W |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 \mathrm{Al} 8 \text { only. } \\ & 27 \mathrm{Al8N} \text { only. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 37 Al 18 47 Al 18 | tion 1 only. | ith 672- | 020-02 At | enuator Circuit Board Assembly. |


| Cki No. | Tektronix <br> Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr <br> Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R633 | 315-0753-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:75K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01.121 | CB7535 |
| R634 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150 K OHM, 5\%:0.25W | 01.121 | CB1545 |
| R635 | 321-0344-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FTLM:37.4K OHM,1\%,0.125w | 75042 | CEATO-3742F |
| R637 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN: 150K OHM, 5\%,0.25w | 01121 | CB1545 |
| R638 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 |
| R639 | 315-0753-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:75K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7535 |
| R640 | 315-0753-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:75K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7535 |
| R641 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES., EXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 |
| R642 | 315-0513-00 |  | RES. FXXD, CMPSN: 51K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5135 |
| R643 | 321-0344-00 |  | RES.,FXD,FTIM:37.4K ORM,1\%,0.125 | 75042 | CEATO-3742F |
| R645 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:150K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 |
| R646 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES., FXD, CMPSN:150K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 |
| R647 | 315-0133-00 |  | RES.,FXD, CMPSN:13K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1335 |
| R648 | 315-0154-00 |  | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 |

## OPTION INFORMATION

Your instrument may be equipped with one or more options. This section describes those options, or directs the reader to where the option is documented.


Fg. 7 AI OPTION :

The 7 Alb with Opton 6 is equipped with added DC offset circuits that provide up to 200 divisions of baseline offset within the input dynamic range, with uncalibrated front panel variable controls for each channel.

DC OFFSET. The internal DC Balance circuts have been modifed to provide up to 1 V DC offset directly to the input of aach amplifier, which gives up to $\pm 200$ divisions of baseline offset range for all VOLTSIOLV settings.

CONTROLS. Separate CH 1 and CH 2 (uncalibrated) Vanable Oftset controls are added to the front panel. Each input coupling selector switch has an additional position for the DC offset function.

The varable controls are concentric with the position controks, replacing the IDENTIF pushbuttons formerly used on the unmodified unit.

APPLICATION. The added Offse facility should be used only for offsetting a DClevelin the wavetorm to be observed. Amplfier characterstics are not sultable for use of this feature for "shldeback" type measurements of peak or peak-to-peak high-frequency or pulse waveforms exceeding 15 divisions peak-to-peak amplitude.

## CHARACTERISTICS

AMPLIFIER LINEAR OFFSET RANGE. Common-mode DC range of the input amplifiers is sufficient to provide linear amplification of signals within normal 7A18 performance specifications at offsets of up to +200 divisions.

EFFECTIVE VOLTAGE OFFSET. Effective voltage offset values for calibrated VOLTS/DIV steps are as follows (VARIABLE control in Cal position):

## EFFECTIVE OFFSET RANGE

| VOLTS/DIV | Direct | With $\mathbf{X 1 0}$ Probe |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 5 mV | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 10 | 2 | 20 |
| 20 | 4 | 40 |
| 50 | 10 | 100 |
| .1 V | 20 | 200 |
| .2 | 40 | 400 |
| .5 | 100 | $1000^{2}$ |
| 1 | 200 | $2000^{2}$ |
| 2 | $400^{1}$ | $4000^{2}$ |
| 5 | $1000^{1}$ | $10,000^{2}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Maximum inpul rating $250 \mathbf{V}$ when direct coupled. Full offset range should not be used above $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{DIV}$.
${ }^{2}$ Maximum input rating of most probes is 500600 V . Full offset range should not be used at VOLTS/DIV settings above .2 with 10X probe.

## CALIBRATION

CALIBRATION. Perform the following steps for checking Channel 1 and 2 OFFSET Range:
a. Reset the Input coupling to GND and the VOLTS/DIV to 5 mV and position the trace to the center horizontal graticule line.
b. Set the standard amplitude calibratof for one-volt + DC output and set the input coupling switch to DC OFFSET.
c. CHECK-Using the OFFSET control, check that the trace can be returned to graticule center.
d. Set the standard amplitude calibrator for a minus $(-)$ one-volt DC output.
e. CHECK-Using the OFFSET control, check that the trace can be returned to graticule center.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION. DC levels of up to $\pm 200$ divisions can be offset by switching the input coupling to DC OFFSET and using the OFFSET control. In the DC OFFSET mode, the selected offset voltage from OFFSET control R12 (R22, CH 2), is applied to the base of Q320 (Q520, CH 2) through current-limiting resistor R320 (R520, CH 2). This additional bias voltage is used to balance the differential input of Q220 (Q420, CH 2). LED's are inserted in series with both CR220 and CR221 (CR420, CR421, $\mathrm{CH} 2)$ to allow a larger voltage swing at the base of Q220 (Q420, CH 2$)$.

The schematics of the Option 6 circuits are shown on diagrams 1,2 and 3 .

## OPTION 6 EXPLODED



## OPTION 6

## REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST


#### Abstract

Neplacemen part* whould be ordered from the Tektronix Field Office or Representativa in your area. Changes to Tektronix products give you the benefit of improved circuits and components. Please include


 the instrument type number and serial number with each orcier for parts or service.
## ABBREVIATIONS

| 8 HB | binding heed brass | $h$ | height or high | OHB | owal head bross |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BH5 | bindirg head steel | hex. | hexagonal | OHS | oval head steel |
| CRT | cothoderoy tube | H48 | hex head brass | PHB | pan head brast |
| csk | countersunk | HHS | hex head steel | PHS | pan head steel |
| DE | double end | HSB | hex socket brass | RHS | round head steel |
| FHB | flat head brass | HSS | hex socket steel | SE | single end |
| FHS | flat head steat | 10 | inside diameter | THB | truss head brass |
| Fil HB | fillister head brass | g | length or long | THS | truss head steel |
| Fil 35 | filister head steel | OD | outside diameter | W | wide or width |


| Fig. 8 Index No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Disc | $\begin{aligned} & Q \\ & t \\ & \mathbf{y} \end{aligned}$ | 12345 Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1 | 366-1319-00 |  | 2 | KNOB, gray IDENTIFY (CHI \& CH2) |
|  | - |  | - | each knob includes: |
|  | 213-0306-00 |  | 1 | - SETSCREN, 2-56 X 0.062 fnch, HSS |
| -2 | 333-1939-00 |  | 1 | PANEL, front |
| -3 | 384-1313-00 |  | 2 | SHAFT, extension, stepped |
| -4 | 311-1144-00 |  | 2 | RESISTOR, varm-5k OHM (R11 \& R12) |
|  | - - - - - |  | - | mounting hardware for each: (not included w/reststor) |
| -5 | 210-0583-00 |  | 1 | NUT, hex. $0.25-32 \times 0.312$ inch |
| $-6$ | 376-0039-00 |  | 2 | Coupling, shaft, 0.312 OD $\times 0.438$ inch long |
|  | - - - |  | - | - each coupler includes: |
|  | 213-0075-00 |  | 2 | . SETSCREW,4-40 X 0.094 inch, HSS |
| -7 | 426-0261-00 |  | 2 | MOUNT, flexible |
|  | - - - - |  | - | mounting hardware for each: (not included w/mount) |
| -8 | 210-0405-00 |  | 2 | NUT, hex., $2-56$ X 0.188 inch, STL |
| -9 | 211-0081-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, 2-56 X 0.562 inch, S\%L |
| -10 | 166-0251-00 |  | 2 | TUBE, spacer, 0.296 inch, long |
| -11 | 105-0296-00 |  | 2 | BRAKE, shaft |
| -12 | 311-0889-00 |  | 2 | RESISTOR, var ${ }^{-\cdots 5 \mathrm{~F}}$ OHM, 10 turn (R12 \& R22) |
|  | ----- |  | - | mounting hardware for each: (not included w/reststor) |
| -13 | 210-0583-00 |  | 1 | NUT, hex., 0.25-32 X 0.312 inch, STL |
| -14 | 210-0046-00 |  | 2 | WASHER, lock, internal, 0.261 LD X 0.400 OD, STL |
| -15 | 407-1566-00 |  | 1 | BRACKET, angle, component meg |
|  | - - |  | - | mounting hardware: (not included w/bracket) |
| -16-17 | 211-0008-00 |  | 2 | SCREW, 4-50 X 0.25 inch, PNE, STL |
|  | 129-0299-00 |  | 2 | POST, hex. , $4-40 \times 0.188 \times 0.335$ inch long |
| -18 | 210-0004-00 |  | 2 | WASHER,lock, internal, 0.12 ID X 0.26 inch OD, STL |
| $\begin{aligned} & -19 \\ & -20 \end{aligned}$ | 150-1000-00 |  | 4 | LAMP, LED:2V,40A (DS $220, \mathrm{DS} 221, \mathrm{DS} 420 \mathrm{E}$ (DS421) |
|  | 315-0332-00 |  | 2 | RESISTOR, 3.3 k OHM, $114 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%$ (R320 \& R520) |
|  | 175-0825-00 |  | ft | WIRE, electrical, 2 wire ribbon, 24 inches lang |
|  | 175-0827-00 |  | ft | WIRE, electrical, 4 wire ribbon, 10.50 inches long |

## SECTION 7

## DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

## Symbols and Reference Designators

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

Capacitors $=\quad$| Values one or greater are in picofarads $(\mathrm{pF})$ |
| :--- |
|  |
| Values less than one are in microfarads $(\mu \mathrm{F})$. |

Restors $=\quad$ Ohms $(\Omega)$

Symbols used on the diagrams are based on USA Standard Y32.2-1967.
Logic symbology is based on MILSTD-806B in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The following special symbols are used on the diagrams:


The following prefix letters are used as reference designators to identify components or assemblies on the diagrams.

A Assembly, separable or repairable (circuit board, etc.)
AT Attenuator, fixed or variable
B Motor
BT Battery
C Capacitor, fixed or variable
CR Diode, signal or rectifier
DL Delay line
DS Indicating device (lamp)
F Fuse
FL Filter
H Heat dissipating device (heat sink, heat radiator, etc.)
HR Heater
$J$ Connector, stationary portion
$K$ Relay
L Inductor, fixed or variable

| LR | Inductor/resistor combination |
| :--- | :--- |
| M | Meter |
| Q | Transistor or silicon-controlled rectifier |
| P | Connector, movable portion |
| R | Resistor, fixed or variable |
| RT | Thermistor |
| S | Switch |
| T | Transformer |
| TP | Test point |
| U | Assembly, inseparable or non-repairable (integrated |
|  | circuit, etc) |
| V | Electron tube |
| VR | Voltage regulator (zener diode, etc.) |
| $Y$ | Crystal |

## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM TEST CONDITIONS

Typical voltage measurements were obtained under the following conditions unless noted otherwise on the individual diagrams:

## Voltmeter

| Type | Non-loading digital <br> multimeter |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input impedance | 0 to 1000 volts |
| Range | Tektronix 7D13 |
| Recommended type | Digital Multimeter |
| (as used for voltages |  |
| on diagrams) |  |

## $7 A 18$ (left vertical compartment)

| DISPLAY MODE | ALT |
| :--- | :--- |
| TRIGGER SOURCE | MODE |
| CH 2 POLARITY | $+U P$ |

## CH 1 and CH 2

VOLTS/DIV
COUPLING
POSITION
VARIABLE
Signal Applied

10 mV
DC
Centered
CAL IN
No signal for voltage measurements, 40 mV square wave from oscil. loscope Calibrator applied to both input connectors for wave. forms.

7A16 (right vertical compartment using a 10 X probe with readout coding ring. P6053 probe used for waveforms on diagrams)

| Polarity | +UP |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bandwidth | Full |
| Position | Centered |
| Coupling | AC |
| Variable | Cal In |

7870 (A Horizontal compartment)

| Level/Slope | Centered on positive <br> slope |
| :--- | :--- |
| Triggering | P.P Auto |
| Mode | AC |
| Coupling | Ext |
| Source | $\times 1$ |
| Magnifier | 1 ms |
| Time/Div | Cal In |
| Variable | No connection for voltage |
| Ext Trig In connector | measurements. For |
|  | waveforms Sig Out from |
|  | oscilloscope connected |
|  | to Ext Trig In connec- |
|  | tor. |

7704

| Vertical Mode | Right |
| :--- | :--- |
| Horizontal Mode | A |
| A Intensity | Optimum |
| B Intensity | Counterclockwise |
| Calibrator |  |
| Volts | 40 mV |
| Rate | 1 kHz |
| A Trigger Source | Right Vert |
| B Trigger Source | Left Vert |

All voltages given on the diagrams are in volts. All currents are in milliamps. Waveforms shown are actual waveform photographs taken with a Tektronix Oscilloscope Camera System. Vertical deflection factor shown on waveform is the actual deflection factor from the probe tip. Voltages and waveforms on the diagrams (shown in blue) are not absolute and may vary between instruments because of component tolerances, internal calibration or front panel settings. Readouts are simulated in larger-than-normal type.

## NOTE

The spring tension of the pin sockets ensures a good connection between the circuit board and pin. This spring tension may be damaged by using the pin sockets as a connecting point for spring-loaded probe tips, alligator clips, etc.




Fig. 7-1A. Amplifier Circuit Board Assembly, Option 6.


$\qquad$


See Parst List for
Serial number anges.
Fig. 7.2. A2 Ampilifer Circuit Board Assombly (back view).


P/O A2 AMPLIFIER BOARD

(1)

(a)

(1)

(2)

(5)

(3)

(3)

(b)

(3)

(i10)


/,




(1)

(4)

(7)

(2)

(5)

(B)

(3)

(6)

(9)

(10)




(8)



(1)


3

(3)







# REPLACEABLE <br> MECHANICAL PARTS 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are avallable from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number
00x Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS
Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

## INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

```
12345 Name & Description
Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component
```

$\qquad$

```
Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Detail Part
- - - * . .
Parts of Detail Part
Attaching parts for Parts of Detall Part
```

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol---* -- indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (;). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook $\mathrm{H} 6-1$ can be utilized where possible.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 1 NCH | ELCTRN | ELECTRON | IN | INCH | SE | SINGLE END |
| \# | NUMBER SIZE | ELEC | ELECTRICAL | INCAND | INCANDESCENT | SECT | SECTION |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | INSUL | INSULATOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ADPTR | ADAPTEA | ELEM | ELEMENT | INTL | NTERNAL | SHLD | SHIELD |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | EPL | ELEECTRICAL PARTS LIST | LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER | SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| AL | ALUMINUM | EQPT | EQUIPMENT | MACH | MACHINE | SKT | SOCKET |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | EXT | EXTERNAL | MECH | MECHANICAL | SL | SLIDE |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | FIL | Fillister head | MTG | MOUNTING | SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | FLEX | FLEXIBLE | NIP | NIPPIE | SLVG | SLEEVING |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | FLH | FLAT HEAD | NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND | SPA | SPRING |
| BD | BOARO | FLTA | FILTER | OBD | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION | SQ | SQUARE |
| BRKT | BRACKET | FR | FRAME or FRONT | OD | OUTSIDE DIAMETER | SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| BRS | BRASS | FSTNR | FASTENER | OVH | OVAL HEAD | STL | STEEL |
| BRZ | BRONZE | Fr | FOOT | PH BRZ | PHOSPHOA BAONZE | SW | SWITCH |
| BSHG | BUSHING | FXD | FIXED | PL | PLAIN Or PLATE | $T$ | TUBE |
| CAB | CAbINET | GSKT | GASKET | PLSTC | PLASTIC | TERM | TERMINAL |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | HOL | HANDLE | PN | PART NUMBER | THD | THREAD |
| CER | GERAMIC | HEX | HEXAGON | PNH | PAN HEAD | THK | THICK |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | HEXHD | HEXAGONAL HEAD | PWR | POWER | TNSN | TENSION |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | HEXSOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET | RCPT | RECEPTACIE | TPG | TAPPING |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION | RES | AESISTOR | THH | TRUSS HEAD |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | HLEXT | HEIICAL EXTENSION | RGD | RIGID | $V$ | VOLTAGE |
| COV | COVER | HV | HIGH VOLTAGE | FLF | RELIEF | VAR | variable |
| CPLG | COUPLING | 1 C | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT | RTNA | RETAINER | W/ | WITH |
| CRT | CATHODE RAY TUBE | 1D | INSIDE DIAMETEA | SCH | SOCKET HEAD | WSHR | WASHER |
| DEG | DEGREE | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION | SCOPE | OSClLLOSCOPE | XFMA | TRANSFORMEA |
| DWR | DRAWER | IMPLA | MMPELLER | SCR | SCREW | XSTH | TRANSISTOR |

## CROSS INDEX MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| MFA.CODE | MANUFACTURER | ADDRESS | CITY,STATE,ZIP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000C | GETTIIG ENGINEERING AND MANUFACIURING CO. |  | SPRINGMILL, PA 16875 |
| 00779 | AMP, INC. | P. O. BOX 3608 | HARRISBURG, PA 17105 |
| 01295 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., |  |  |
|  | SEMICONDUCTOR GROUP | P. O. BOX 5012 | DALLLAS, TX 75222 |
| 08261 | SPECTRA-STRIP CORP. | 7100 LAMPSON AVE. | GARDEN GROVE, CA 92642 |
| 12327 | FREEWAY CORP. | 9301 ALLEN DR. | CLEVELAND, OH 44125 |
| 13257 | ESNA LTD. | 10 ESNA PARK DR. | MARKHAM, ONTARIO, CANADA |
| 22526 | BERG ELECTRONICS, INC. | YOUK EXPRESSWAY | NEW CUMBERLAND, PA 17070 |
| 23499 | GAVI'ITI WIRE AND CABLE, DIVISION OF |  |  |
|  | RSC INDUSTRIES, INC. | 455 N. QUINCE ST. | ESCONDIDO, CA 92025 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO., INC. | 3560 MADISON AVE. | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46227 |
| 36619 | MICROWAVE INSTRUMENTS \& COMPONENTS, INC. | 6600 BOMBARDIER ST. | MONTREAL 458 QUE CAN |
| 42838 | NATYONAL RIVET AND MFG. CO. | 1-21 EAST JEFFERSON ST. | WAUPUN, WI 53963 |
| 70276 | ALLEN MFG. CO. | P. O. DRAWER 570 | HARTEORD, CT 06101 |
| 70278 | ALIIED STEEL AND CONVEYORS, DIV. OF |  |  |
|  | SPARTON CORP. | 17333 HEALY | DETROIT, MI 48212 |
| 70318 | ALLMETAL SCREW PRODUCTS CO., INC. | 821 STEWART AVE. | GARDEN CITY, NY 11530 |
| 73743 | FT.SCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO. | 446 MORGAN ST. | CINCINNATY, OH 45206 |
| 74445 | HOLO-KROME CO. | 31 BROOK ST. WEST | HARTEORD, CT 061.10 |
| 75543 | LAVELLE RUBBER CO. | 424 N . WOOD | CHICAGO, IL 60622 |
| 76854 | OAK INDUSTRIES, INC., SWITCH DIV. | S. MAIN ST. | CRYSTAL LAKE, IL 60014 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. |  |  |
|  | SHAKEPROOF DIVISION | ST. Charles road | ELGIN, IL 60120 |
| 79136 | WALDES, KOHINOOR, INC. | 47-16 AUSTEL PLACE | LONG ISLAND CTTY, NY llll |
| 79727 | C-W INDUSTRIES | 550 DAVISVILLE RD. | WARMINSTER, PA 18974 |
| 80009 | TEETRONIX, INC. | P. O. BOX 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 83385 | CENTRAL SCREW CO. | 2530 CRESCENT DR. | BROADVIEW, IL 60153 |
| 83501 | GAVITT WIRE AND CABLE, DIVISION OF |  |  |
|  | RSC INDUSTRIES, INC. | CENTRAL ST. | BROOKFIELD, MA 01506 |
| 87308 | N. L. INDUSTRIES, INC., SOUTHERN SCREW |  |  |
|  | DIV. | P. O. BOX 1360 | STATESVILLE, NC 28677 |
| 97464 | INDUSTRIAL RETAINING RING CO. | 57 CORDIER ST. | IRVINGTON, NJ 07111 |

Fig. \&
Index Tektronix Serial/Model No
No. Part No. Eff Dscont

Qty

| 2345 Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KNOB:LIGHT GRAY | 80009 | 366-1163-00 |
| SETSCREW:5-40 x 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| KNOB: GRAY | 80009 | 366-1165-00 |
| . SEtscrew:5-40 x 0.125 INCH,heX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| PUSH BUT'HON:GRAY | 80009 | 366-1059-00 |
| KNOB:GRAY | 80009 | 366-1077-00 |
| SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| KNOB : GRAY | 80009 | 366-0494-00 |
| SETSCREW:5-40 X 0.125 TNCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| KNOB: RED | 80009 | 366-1308-00 |
| SEISCREW: 5-40 X 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| KNOB: GRAY | 80009 | 366-1299-00 |
| - SETSCREW:5-40 x 0.125 INCH, hex SOC STL | 74445 | OBD |
| KNOB:LEVER SWITICH | 80009 | 366-0215-02 |
| KNOB:LATCH | 80009 | 366-1058-24 |
| KNOB: LATCH | 80009 | 366-1058-46 |
| (ATTACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| PIN,SPG,SPLIT:0.094 OD X 0.187 INCH LONG | 13257 | 52-022-094-0187 |
| REL BAR,LATCH:PLUG-IN UNIT | 80009 | 105-0076-00 |
| SPRING,HLCPS:0.14 OD x 1.126"L,0.16"DIA W | 80009 | 214-1280-00 |
| SPRING, DETENTY:LATCH | 80009 | 214-1054-00 |
| PAWL:0.475 $\times 0.21 \times 0.184$ INCH, PLSTC | 80009 | 105-0075-00 |
| SHLD GSKT, ELEC:4.734 INCH LONG | 80009 | 348-0235-00 |
| PANEL, FRONT: | 80009 | 333-1411-00 |
| PANEL, FRONT: | 80009 | 333-1596-00 |
| SHLD, SIDE, ELEC : PLUG-IN | 80009 | 337-1064-00 |
| SHIELD, ELEC:RIGH' SIDE | 80009 | 337-1064-00 |
| CONNECYOR, RCPT, : BNC W/HARDWARE | 24931 | 28JR168-1 |
| CONNECTOR, RCPT, : BNC, FEMALE <br> (ATTACHING PARTS) | 36619 | 9663-1 NT-34 |
| NUT, PLAIN, KNURL: $0.50-28 \times 0.235$ INCH BRS | 80009 | 220-0569-00 |
| BUSHING, PLASTIC:0.257 ID X 0.412 INCH OD | 80009 | 358-0216-00 |
| RESISTOR, VARIABLE |  |  |
| RESISTOR, VARIABLE:W/HARDWARE |  |  |
| (AY'TACHING PARTS) |  |  |
| NUT, PLAIN, HEX. :0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS | 73743 | 2x20224-402 |
| WASHER,LOCK:INTL,O.062 IDX 0.253 OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-00-00-0541C |
| SWITCH, SLIDE:DPDT, $0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{VAC}$ | 79727 | GF-126-0012A |
| SCREW, MACHINE:2-56 x 0.25"82 DEG,FLH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| NUT, PLAATN, HEX. : $2-56 \times 0.188$ INCH, BRS | 73743 | 2x12157-402 |
| SUBPANEL, FRONT : | 80009 | 386-1447-54 |
| (attaching parts) |  |  |
| SCR,TPG,THD FOR:6-32 X 0.50 INCH,PNH STL | 87308 | OBD |
| CKT BOARD ASSY:AMPLIFIER (SEE A2 EPL) |  |  |
| . CONTACT, Elec:0.188 INCH LONG | 22526 | 75060 |
| - CONTACT, Elec: 0.188 Inch Long | 22526 | 75060 |
| SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 3 PIN,LOW PROFILE | 80009 | 1.36-0350-00 |
| . LTNK, TERM. CONNE:0.086 DIA $\times 2.375$ INCH L | 0000c | I-2007-1 |
| - COVER, HALF XSTR:FOR DUAL TO-18 CASE | 80009 | 200-0945-00 |
| . COVER, HALF XSTR:FOR DUAL TO-18 CS,2-56 THD | 80009 | 200-0945-01 |
| . SCREW,MACHINE:2-56 X 0.25 INCH,PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| . SOCKET,PLUGGIN:16 Contact,Low Clearance | 01295 | C931602 |
| TERMINAL BOARD:4 NOTCH | 80009 | 124-0162-00 |
| . MOUNT, TERM. BD:0.577 INCH H | 80009 | 355-0046-00 |
| . SWITCH, PUSH: GAIN (CH1, CH2 ,WIRED) (ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 262-0928-00 |
| . NUT, PLAIN, HEX. 0 (0.25-32 $\times 0.312$ INCH, BRS | 73743 | 2X20224-402 |
| WASHER,LOCK: IN'TL, 0.26 ID X $0.40^{\prime \prime}$ OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C |

[^5]Fig. \&


[^6]Fig. \&
Index Tektronix Serial/Model No.

| Index No. | Tektronix Serial/Model No. <br> Part No. Eff Dscont |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1- | 131-1031-00 B100000 |
| -77 | 211-0116-00 ${ }^{1}$ |
| -78 | 337-1418-01 ${ }^{1}$ |
| -79 | $\begin{aligned} & 213-0277-00^{1} \text { B010100 B110474 } \\ & 211-0001-00^{1} \text { B110475 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 263-1105-00 XB100000 |


| -80 | $105-0243-00$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $213-0214-00$ |  |

1 - ACTUATOR ASSY:ATTENUATOR SWITC
1 - . ACTUATOR, SWITCH:
1 . SCREW, CAP SCH:2-56 X $0.375^{\prime \prime}$ HEX HD SML - - . * - . -


2 . . RING, RETAINING:0.395" FREE ID X $0.025^{\prime \prime}$ SMI
. . RING, RETAINING:0.338 TD X $0.025^{\prime \prime}$ THK, STL
. . RING, RETAINING:0.328 FREE IDX 0.448 OD

- . BEARING, CAM SW:FRONT
. . BEARING,CAM SW: FRONG
. . NUT, PLAIN, HEX. :4-40 X 0.188 INCH,BRS
. . SPRING,FLAT:GOLD COLORED
. . SPRING,FLAT:GREEN COLORED GREEN COLORED
. . SPRING,FLAT:RED COLORED RED COLORED
. . DRUM CAM SWITCH:AC GND DC
-84 105-0242-00 B010100 B049999
. . DRUM CAM SWMTCH:AC GND DC

- DRUM CAM SWITCH:VOLTS/DIV
- . DRUM CAM SWITCH:VOLTS/DIV
* . SHAFTI, CAM SW:FRONT

384-0878-01 2 XB050000
. SHAFT:INTERMEDIATE
$-86 \quad \begin{aligned} & 384-0880-01 \\ & -801-0115-00 \quad \text { X8050000 } \\ & 4010100 \text { B049999 }\end{aligned}$
. . BEARING,CAM SW:CENTERR
. . BEARING,CAM SW:CENTER/REAR
-87 441-0992-00 B010100 B010100

- CHASSIS:
- CHASSIS:
(ATMACEING PARTS)
. NUT, PLAIN, HEX. $: 2-56 \times 0.188 \mathrm{INCH}, \mathrm{BRS}$
. SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.312 INCH,PNH STL
. WASHER, LOCK:INTL, O.12 ID X 0.26"OD, SNL - - - * - -
$\begin{array}{ll}-88 & 211-0097-00 \\ -89 & 210-0004-00\end{array}$
- POST, ELEC-MECH:HEX, 0.333 INCH LONG
(ATMACHING PARTS FOR EACH)
1 . WASHER,LOCK:INTL, 0.12 TD X 0.26"OD,STL

$$
-\ldots *--
$$

4 . ROLLER, DETENT: 0.125 DIA X 0.125 INCH L
4 - ROLLER, DETENT:
$\begin{array}{ll} & 214-1752-00^{2} \\ -93 & 210-0591-00 \\ -94 & 337-1406-00\end{array}$
. NUT, HEX:4-40 X 0.188 TNCH

- SHID, ELECTRICAL:CAM CONTACTS
- CONTACT, ELEC:0.178 INCH LONG
. RIVET, TUBULAR:0.051 OD X 0.115 INCH LONG
- CONTACT ASSY,EL:CAM SWITCH,TOP
- CONTACT ASSY,EL:CAM SWTHCH,BOTTOM
- CKT BOAFD ASSY:ATHENUATOR (SEE AL EPL) (ATHACHING PARTS)
-100 213-0120-00
-101 210-0053-00
- SCR,TPG,THD FOR:2-32 X 0.250 INCH,PNH STLL

83385 OBD
-102 210-1134-00

- WASHER, LOCX: INTL, 0.092 ID X 0.175"OD,STL
. WASHER,FLAT: 0.09 ID X 0.25 INCH OD,BRS
83385 OBD
. NUT, PIATN, HEX. :2-56 X 0.188 INCH, BRS
(ATTACHCNG PARTS FOR CKT BDS)
-103 211-0008-00 $\frac{1}{1}$
-104 129-0080-01 1
-105 386-1402-00
-106 213-0192-00
SCREW,MACHINE:4-40 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL
1 POST:4-40 X 0.875 INCH LONG


1 PANEL,REAR: (ATMACHING PARTS)
4 SCR, YPG, THD FOR:6-32 $\times 0.50$ INCH, PNH STH
1 SPACER, SLEEVE: 0.18 ID X 0.25 OD X $0.10^{\prime \prime} L$
12327 OBD
73743 2×12157-402
83385 OBD
80009 129-0080-01
80009 386-1402-00
87308 OBD
80009 361-0326-00
${ }^{17} 7 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{only}$.
${ }^{2}$ Serial number break is for 7A18N only. Serial number for 7 Al 18 is B060000.
${ }^{3}$ Replace with part bearing the same color code as the original in your instrument.
${ }^{4} 7 \mathrm{Al8N}$ only.

Fig. \&


[^7]

Fig. \&


## MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.

## sERVICE NOTE

Because of the universal parts procurement problem, some electrical parts in your instrument may be different from those described in the Replaceable Electrical Parts List. The parts used will in no way alter or compromise the performance or reliability of this instrument. They are installed when necessary to ensure prompt delivery to the customer. Order replacement parts from the Replaceable Electrical Parts List.

## CALIBRATION TEST EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

## Calibration Test Equipment Chart

This chart compares TM 500 product performance to that of older Tektronix equipment. Only those characteristics where significant specification differences occur, are listed. In some cases the new instrument may not be a total functional replacement. Additional support instrumentation may be needed or a change in calibration procedure may be necessary.

| DM 501 replaces 7013 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PG 501 replaces 107 | PG 501 - Risetime less than 3.5 ns into $50 \Omega$. <br> PG 501-5 V output pulse; 3.5 ns Risetime. <br> PG 501 - Risetime less than $3.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 8 \mathrm{~ns}$ Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> PG 501 - $\pm 5$ V output. <br> PG 501 - Does not have Paired, Burst, Gated, or Delayed pulse mode; 15 V dc Offset. Has $\$ 5$ V output. | 107 - Risetime less than 3.0 ns into $50 \Omega$. <br> 108-10 V output pulse; 1 ns Risetime. <br> 111 - Risetime $0.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 30$ to 250 ns Pretrigger Pulse delay. <br> 114 - $\pm 10$ V output. Short proof output. <br> 115 - Paired, Burst, Gated, and Delayed pulse mode; 10 V output. <br> Short-proof output. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { PG } 502 \text { replaces } 107 \\ 108 \\ 117 \\ \\ 114 \\ 115 \\ \\ \\ 2101 \end{array}$ | PG 502-5 V output <br> PG 502 - Risetime less than $1 \mathrm{~ns} ; 10 \mathrm{~ns}$ Pretrigger pulse delay. <br> PG 502 - $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output <br> PG 502 - Does not have Paired, Burst, Gated, Delayed \& Undelayed pulse mode; Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. <br> PG 502 - Does not have Paired or Delayed pulse. Has $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ output. | 108-10 V output. <br> 111 - Risetime $0.5 \mathrm{~ns} ; 30$ to 250 ns Pretrigger puise delay. <br> $114- \pm 10$ V output. Short proof output. <br> 115 - Paired, Burst, Gated, Delayed \& Undelayed puise mode; $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ output. Short-proof output. <br> 2101 - Paired and Delayed puise; 10 V output. |
| PG 506 replaces 106 $067-0502-01$ | PG 506 - Positive-going trigger output signal at least 1 V ; High Amplitude output, 60 V . <br> PG 506 - Does not have chopped feature. | 106 - Positive and Negative-going trigger output signal, 50 ns and 1 V ; High Amplitude output, 100 V . <br> 0502-01 - Comparator output can be alternately chopped to a reference voltage. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { SG } 503 \text { replaces } 190 \\ 190 \mathrm{~A}, 190 \mathrm{~B} \\ 191 \\ 067-0532-01 \end{array}$ | SG 503 - Amplitude range 5 mV to 5.5 V p-p. <br> SG 503 - Frequency range 250 kHz to 250 MHz . <br> SG 503 - Frequency range 250 kHz to 250 MHz . | 190 B - Amplitude range 40 mV to 10 V p-p. <br> 191 - Frequency range 350 kHz to 100 MHz . <br> 0532-01 - Frequency range 65 MHz to 500 MHz . |
| TG 501 replaces 180 , 180A <br> 181 <br> 184 <br> 2901 | TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-matk can be generated at a time. <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. <br> TG 501 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 1 ns . Sinewave available at 5,2 , and 1 ns . Trigger output - slaved to marker output from 5 sec through 100 ns . One time-mark can be generated at a time. | 180A - Marker outputs, 5 sec to $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. <br> Sinewave available at 20,10 , and 2 ns . Trigger pulses 1,10, $100 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 1,10$, and 100 kHz . <br> Multiple time-marks can be generated simultaneously. <br> 181 - Marker outputs, 1, 10, 100, 1000, and $10,000 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, plus 10 ns sinewave. <br> 184 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to 2 ns . Sinewave avallable at $50,20,10,5$, and 2 ns . Separate trigger pulses of 1 and $.1 \mathrm{sec} ; 10,1$, and .1 ms ; 10 and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Marker amplifier provides positive or negative time marks of 25 V min. Marker intervals of 1 and $.1 \mathrm{sec} ; 10,1$, and .1 ms ; 10 and $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. <br> 2901 - Marker outputs, 5 sec to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Sinewave available to 50,10 , and 5 ns . Separate trigger pulses, from 5 sec to $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Multiple time-marks can be generated simuitaneously. |

NOTE: All TM 500 generator outputs are short-proof. All TM 500 plug-in instruments require TM 500-Series Power Module.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Required only for Performance Check.
    ${ }^{2}$ Required only for Adjustment procedure.
    ${ }^{3}$ Requires TM 500-Series Power Module.

[^1]:    ${ }^{17 A 18}$ only.
    ${ }^{2} 7 \mathrm{Al}$ in only.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1} 7 \mathrm{AlBN}$ only.
    $27 \mathrm{Al8}$ only.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1} 7$ Al8 only.
    ${ }^{27 \mathrm{Al}} \mathrm{N}$ N only.
    ${ }^{3} 7$ Al8 option 1 only.

[^4]:    $1_{7 \text { A18 }}$ only.
    ${ }^{2} 7 \mathrm{Al} 18 \mathrm{~N}$ only.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1} 7 \mathrm{Al} 8$ only.
    ${ }_{3}^{2} 7 \mathrm{Al} 18 \mathrm{~N}$ only.
    $3_{\text {Refer }}$ to Electrical parts List for part number.

[^6]:    $1_{\text {Serial }}$ number break is for 7A18N. Serial number break for 7A18 is B440000. XB066940
    ${ }^{2}$ Serial number break is for 7A18N. Serial number break for 7A18 is XB066940.
    37A18 only.
    ${ }^{4} 7 \mathrm{Alim}$ only.

[^7]:    17 Al 18 N only.
    $27 \mathrm{Al8}$ only.

