Main Section<br>- Specifications<br>- Adjustment Procedures<br>- Troubleshooting<br>- Schematic Diagrams<br>- CBA's<br>- Exploded Views<br>- Parts List

Plasma Display Module Section

- Disassembly Procedures
- Troubleshooting
- Exploded Views
- Parts List


## PLASMA DISPLAY

## F42PDME



## IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Proper service and repair is important to the safe, reliable operation of all Funai Equipment. The service procedures recommended by Funai and described in this service manual are effective methods of performing service operations. Some of these service special tools should be used when and as recommended.
It is important to note that this service manual contains various CAUTIONS and NOTICES which should be carefully read in order to minimize the risk of personal injury to service personnel. The possibility exists that improper service methods may damage the equipment. It also is important to understand that these CAUTIONS and NOTICES ARE NOT EXHAUSTIVE. Funai could not possibly know, evaluate and advice the service trade of all conceivable ways in which service might be done or of the possible hazardous consequences of each way. Consequently, Funai has not undertaken any such broad evaluation. Accordingly, a servicer who uses a service procedure or tool which is not recommended by Funai must first use all precautions thoroughly so that neither his safety nor the safe operation of the equipment will be jeopardized by the service method selected.

## MAIN SECTION

## PLASMA DISPLAY

## F42PDME

Main Section<br>- Specifications<br>- Adjustment Procedures<br>- Troubleshooting<br>- Schematic Diagrams<br>- CBA's<br>- Exploded Views<br>- Parts List

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Specifications ..... 1-1-1
Important Safety Precautions ..... 1-2-1
Standard Notes for Servicing ..... 1-3-1
Basic Setup and Operating Guide ..... 1-4-1
Cabinet Disassembly Instructions ..... 1-5-1
Electrical Adjustment Instructions ..... 1-6-1
Troubleshooting ..... 1-7-1
Block Diagrams ..... 1-8-1
Schematic Diagrams / CBA's and Test Points ..... 1-9-1
Waveforms ..... 1-10-1
Wiring Diagram ..... 1-11-1
IC Pin Functions ..... 1-12-1
Lead Identifications ..... 1-13-1
Cabinet Exploded Views ..... 1-14-1
Packing Exploded Views ..... 1-14-3
Mechanical Parts List ..... 1-15-1
Electrical Parts List ..... 1-16-1

## SPECIFICATIONS

| Description | Condition |
| :---: | :---: |
| Display Features |  |
| Screen Size | 920.1 (W) x 518.4 (H) mm, 42 in . Wide VGA panel |
| Pixel Resolution | 852 (H) $\times 480$ (V) |
| Output Colors | 16.7 million |
| Screen Aspect Ratio | 16:9 |
| Contrast Ratio | 1000:1 |
| Brightness | $470 \mathrm{~cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ (PEAK) |
| Comb Filter Type | 3-Dimensional Y/C Separation |
| Available Input Format | 720p/1080i/480p/480i (720p/1080i/480p: Component 2 only) |
| Audio Features |  |
| Sound Output | 5W + 5W, 10\% THD |
| Speaker | 3 in Round Type $\times 4$ |
| Audio IN | 0.5 Vrms |
| Connectors |  |
| Component AV Input (1) | SD component video/Y, Cb, Cr, (RCA x 3) - rear audio L/R (RCA x 2) - rear <br> Y: 1.0Vp-p (75 Ohm), Cb/Cr: 0.7Vp-p (75 Ohm) |
| Component AV Input (2) | HD component video/Y, Pb, Pr, (RCA x 3) - rear audio L/R (RCA x 2) - rear <br> Y: 1.0Vp-p (75 Ohm), Pb/Pr: 0.7Vp-p (75 Ohm) |
| Composite AV Input (1) S-Video (1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Composite video (RCA x 1) - rear, 1.0Vp-p (75 Ohm) } \\ & \text { S-Video (4 pin DIN) - rear } \\ & \text { audio L/R (RCA } \times 2) \text { rear } \\ & \text { Y: } 1.0 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}(75 \mathrm{Ohm}), \mathrm{C}: 0.286 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}(75 \mathrm{Ohm}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Composite AV Input (2) S-Video (2) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Composite video (RCA x 1) - rear, 1.0Vp-p (75 Ohm) } \\ & \text { S-Video (4 pin DIN) - rear } \\ & \text { audio LR R RA x }- \text { rear } \\ & \text { Y: 1.0Vp-p (75 Ohm), C: } 0.286 \mathrm{Vp-p}(75 \mathrm{Ohm}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Analog Audio output | audio L/R (RCA x 2) - rear |
| General |  |
| Power In | $120 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, 60 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{AC}$ |
| Power Consumption | 350 W (standby-condition 1.3W) |
| Operation Temperature | 41F-104F ( $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Humidity | Under 80\% |
| Dimension | $\begin{aligned} & 1314(\mathrm{~W}) \times 692 \text { (H) } \times 149.5(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm} \\ & 1314 \text { (W) } \times 789 \text { (H) } \times 393 \text { (D) } \mathrm{mm} \text { (Incl. Stand) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Weight | $112.46 \mathrm{lbs}(51 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) |

## Note:

Nominal specifications represent the design specifications. All units should be able to approximate these. Some will exceed and some may drop slightly below these specifications. Limit specifications represent the absolute worst condition that still might be considered acceptable. In no case should a unit fail to meet limit specifications.

## DIMENSIONS



## IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Prior to shipment from the factory, our products are strictly inspected for recognized product safety and electrical codes of the countries in which they are to be sold. However, in order to maintain such compliance, it is equally important to implement the following precautions when a set is being serviced.

## Safety Precautions for Monitor Circuit

1. Before returning an instrument to the customer, always make a safety check of the entire instrument, including, but not limited to, the following items:
a. Be sure that no built-in protective devices are defective and have been defeated during servicing. (1) Protective shields are provided on this chassis to protect both the technician and the customer. Correctly replace all missing protective shields, including any removed for servicing convenience. (2) When reinstalling the chassis and/or other assembly in the cabinet, be sure to put back in place all protective devices, including but not limited to, nonmetallic control knobs, insulating fishpapers, adjustment and compartment covers/shields, and isolation resistor/capacitor networks. Do not operate this instrument or permit it to be operated without all protective devices correctly installed and functioning. Servicers who defeat safety features or fail to perform safety checks may be liable for any resulting damage.
b. Be sure that there are no cabinet openings through which an adult or child might be able to insert their fingers and contact a hazardous voltage. Such openings include, but are not limited to, (1) excessively wide cabinet ventilation slots, and (2) an improperly fitted and/or incorrectly secured cabinet back cover.
c. Leakage Current Cold Check - With the instrument AC plug removed from any AC source, connect an electrical jumper across the two AC plug prongs. Place the instrument AC switch in the on position. Connect one lead of an ohmmeter to the AC plug prongs tied together and touch the other ohmmeter lead in turn to each exposed metallic cabinet part. If the measured resistance is less than 1.0 megohm or greater than 5.2 megohm, an abnormality exists that must be corrected before the instrument is returned to the customer. Repeat this test with the instrument AC switch in the off position.
d. Leakage Current Hot Check - With the instrument completely reassembled, plug the AC line cord directly into a 120 V AC outlet. (Do not use an isolation transformer during this test.) Use a leakage current tester or a metering system that complies with American National Standards Institute
(ANSI) C101.1 Leakage Current for Appliances. With the instrument AC switch first in the on position and then in the off position, measure from a known earth ground (metal water pipe, conduit, etc.) to all exposed metal parts of the instrument (antennas, handle brackets, metal cabinet, screw heads, metallic overlays, control shafts, etc.), especially any exposed metal parts that offer an electrical return path to the chassis. Any current measured must not exceed 0.75 milli-ampere. Reverse the instrument power cord plug in the outlet and repeat the test.
ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED HEREIN INDICATE A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD THAT MUST BE ELIMINATED beFORE RETURNING THE INSTRUMENT TO THE CUSTOMER OR BEFORE CONNECTING THE ANTENNA OR ACCESSORIES.
2. Read and comply with all caution and safety-related notes on or inside the cabinet, or on the chassis,
3. Design Alteration Warning - Do not alter or add to the mechanical or electrical design of this monitor. Design alterations and additions, including, but not limited to circuit modifications and the addition of items such as auxiliary audio and/or video output connections, might alter the safety characteristics of this receiver and create a hazard to the user. Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and may make you, the servicer, responsible for personal injury or property damage resulting therefrom.

## 4. Hot Chassis Warning -

a. Some monitor chassis are electrically connected directly to one conductor of the AC power cord and maybe safety-serviced without an isolation transformer only if the AC power plug is inserted so that the chassis is connected to the ground side of the AC power source. To confirm that the AC power plug is inserted correctly, with an AC voltmeter, measure between the chassis and a known earth ground. If a voltage reading in excess of 1.0 V is obtained, remove and reinsert the AC power plug in the opposite polarity and again measure the voltage potential between the chassis and a known earth ground.
b. Some monitor chassis normally have 85 V AC(RMS) between chassis and earth ground regardless of the AC plug polarity. This chassis can be safety-serviced only with an isolation transformer inserted in the power line between the receiver and the AC power source, for both personnel and test equipment protection.
c. Some monitor chassis have a secondary ground system in addition to the main chassis ground. This secondary ground system is not isolated from the AC power line. The two ground systems are electrically separated by insulation material that must not be defeated or altered.
5. Observe original lead dress. Take extra care to assure correct lead dress in the following areas:a. near sharp edges,b. near thermally hot parts-be sure that leads and components do not touch thermally hot parts,c. the AC supply,d. high voltage, and,e. antenna wiring. Always inspect in all areas for pinched, out of place, or frayed wiring. Check AC power cord for damage.
6. Components, parts, and/or wiring that appear to have overheated or are otherwise damaged should be replaced with components, parts, or wiring that meet original specifications. Additionally, determine the cause of overheating and/or damage and, if necessary, take corrective action to remove any potential safety hazard.
7 Product Safety Notice - Some electrical and mechanical parts have special safety-related characteristics which are often not evident from visual inspection, nor can the protection they give necessarily be obtained by replacing them with components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc.. Parts that have special safety characteristics are identified by a ( $\mathbf{A}$ ) on schematics and in parts lists. Use of a substitute replacement that does not have the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement part might create shock, fire, and/or other hazards. The product's safety is under review continuously and new instructions are issued whenever appropriate. Prior to shipment from the factory, our products are strictly inspected to confirm they comply with the recognized product safety and electrical codes of the countries in which they are to be sold. However, in order to maintain such compliance, it is equally important to implement the following precautions when a set is being serviced.

## General Caution of Plasma Display

1. Since the Panel module and front filter are made of glass, sufficient care shall be taken when handling the broken module and filter in order to avoid injury.
2. If necessary to replace Panel module, this work must be started after the panel module and the AC/DC Power supply becomes sufficiently cool.
3. Special care must be taken with the display area to avoid damaging its surface.
4. The Panel Module shall not be touched with bare hands to protect its surface from stains.
5. It is recommended to use clean soft gloves during the replacing work of the Panel module in order to protect, not only the display area of the panel module but also the serviceman.
6. The Chip Tube of the panel module (located upper left of the back of the panel module) and flexible cables connecting Panel glasses to the drive circuitry Printed Wiring Boards (P.W.B.) are very weak, so sufficient care must be taken to prevent breaking or cutting any of these. If the Chip Tube breaks the panel module will never work, replacement for a new plasma panel module will be needed.
7. Signal, power supply P.W.B.'s and PDP driving circuits P.W.B.'s are assembled on the rear side of the PDP module, take special care with this fragile circuitry; particularly, Flexible Printed Circuits bonded to surrounding edges of the glass panel. They are not strong enough to withstand harsh outer mechanical forces. Avoid touching the flexible printed circuits by not only your hands, but also tools, chassis, or any other object. Extreme bending of the connectors must be avoided too. In case the flexible printed circuits are damaged, the corresponding addressed portions of the screen will not be lit and exchange of a glass panel will be required.

## PDP Module Handling

When there is need to replace a broken PDP module which is the displaying device from the Plasma display unit, consider the following:

1. When carrying the PDP module, two persons should stand at both shorter-edge sides of the glass-panel and transport it with their palms. Avoid touching the Flexible Printed Circuits or the chip tube on the corner of the glass-panel. Handle only by the surface of the glass panel.
2. When carrying PDP module, watch surrounding objects, such as tables, and also do not carry it alone since it may be dangerous and it will be damaged due to excessive stress to the module (glasspanel).
3. Please do not stand the module with the edge of the glass-panel on the table since this might result in damage to the glass-panel and/or flexible printed circuits due to excessive stress to the module (glass-panel).

## Precautions during Servicing

A. Parts identified by the ( A) symbol are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.
B. In addition to safety, other parts and assemblies are specified for conformance with regulations applying to spurious radiation. These must also be replaced only with specified replacements.
Examples: RF converters, RF cables, noise blocking capacitors, and noise blocking filters, etc.
C. Use specified internal wiring. Note especially:

1) Wires covered with PVC tubing
2) Double insulated wires
3) High voltage leads
D. Use specified insulating materials for hazardous live parts. Note especially:
4) Insulation Tape
5) PVC tubing
6) Spacers
7) Insulators for transistors.
E. When replacing AC primary side components (transformers, power cord, etc.), wrap ends of wires securely about the terminals before soldering.
F. Observe that the wires do not contact heat producing parts (heatsinks, oxide metal film resistors, fusible resistors, etc.)
G. Check that replaced wires do not contact sharp edged or pointed parts.
H. Also check areas surrounding repaired locations.
I. Use care that foreign objects (screws, solder droplets, etc.) do not remain inside the set.
J. When connecting or disconnecting the internal connectors, first, disconnect the AC plug from the AC supply outlet.

## Safety Check after Servicing

Examine the area surrounding the repaired location for damage or deterioration. Observe that screws, parts and wires have been returned to original positions. Afterwards, perform the following tests and confirm the specified values in order to verify compliance with safety standards.

## 1. Clearance Distance

When replacing primary circuit components, confirm specified clearance distance (d) and (d') between soldered terminals, and between terminals and surrounding metallic parts. (See Fig. 1)

## Table 1 : Ratings for selected area

| AC Line Voltage | Region | Clearance <br> Distance (d) (d') |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 to 130 V | USA or <br> CANADA | $\geq 3.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $(0.126$ inches) |

Note: This table is unofficial and for reference only. Be sure to confirm the precise values.

## 2. Leakage Current Test

Confirm the specified (or lower) leakage current between B (any two parts or contacts, between any part or contact and either pole of the power cord plug prongs) and externally exposed accessible parts (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.) is lower than or equal to the specified value in the table below.

## Measuring Method: (Power ON)

Insert load Z between B (any two parts or contacts, between any part or contact and either pole of the power cord plug prongs) and exposed accessible parts. Use an AC voltmeter to measure across both terminals of load Z. See Fig. 2 and following table.
Table 2: Leakage current ratings for selected areas

| AC Line Voltage | Region | Load Z | Leakage Current (i) | Earth Ground (B) to: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 to 130 V | USA | $0.15 \mu \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{CAP} .\mathrm{\&} \mathrm{1.5k} \Omega$ <br> RES. connected in <br> parallel | i $\leq 0.75 \mathrm{~mA}$ peaks | Exposed accessible <br> parts |

Note: This table is unofficial and for reference only. Be sure to confirm the precise values.

## STANDARD NOTES FOR SERVICING

## Circuit Board Indications

a. The output pin of the 3 pin Regulator ICs is indicated as shown.

b. For other ICs, pin 1 and every fifth pin are indicated as shown.

c. The 1st pin of every male connector is indicated as shown.

Pin 1000000

## Pb (Lead) Free Solder

Pb free mark will be found on PCBs which use Pb free solder. (Refer to figure.) For PCBs with Pb free mark, be sure to use Pb free solder. For PCBs without Pb free mark, use standard solder.


Pb free mark

How to Remove / Install Flat Pack-IC

## 1. Removal

With Hot-Air Flat Pack-IC Desoldering Machine:
(1) Prepare the hot-air flat pack-IC desoldering machine, then apply hot air to the Flat Pack-IC (about 5 to 6 seconds). (Fig. S-1-1)


Fig. S-1-1
(2) Remove the flat pack-IC with tweezers while applying the hot air.
(3) Bottom of the flat pack-IC is fixed with glue to the CBA; when removing entire flat pack-IC, first apply soldering iron to center of the flat pack-IC and heat up. Then remove (glue will be melted). (Fig. S-1-6)
(4) Release the flat pack-IC from the CBA using tweezers. (Fig. S-1-6)

## Caution:

1. The Flat Pack-IC shape may differ by models. Use an appropriate hot-air flat pack-IC desoldering machine, whose shape matches that of the Flat PackIC.
2. Do not supply hot air to the chip parts around the flat pack-IC for over 6 seconds because damage to the chip parts may occur. Put masking tape around the flat pack-IC to protect other parts from damage. (Fig. S-1-2)
3. The flat pack-IC on the CBA is affixed with glue, so be careful not to break or damage the foil of each pin or the solder lands under the IC when removing it.


Fig. S-1-2

## With Soldering Iron:

(1) Using desoldering braid, remove the solder from all pins of the flat pack-IC. When you use solder flux which is applied to all pins of the flat pack-IC, you can remove it easily. (Fig. S-1-3)


Fig. S-1-3
(2) Lift each lead of the flat pack-IC upward one by one, using a sharp pin or wire to which solder will not adhere (iron wire). When heating the pins, use a fine tip soldering iron or a hot air desoldering machine.(Fig. S-1-4)


Fig. S-1-4
(3) Bottom of the flat pack-IC is fixed with glue to the CBA; when removing entire flat pack-IC, first apply soldering iron to center of the flat pack-IC and heat up. Then remove (glue will be melted). (Fig. S-1-6)
(4) Release the flat pack-IC from the CBA using tweezers. (Fig. S-1-6)

## With Iron Wire:

(1) Using desoldering braid, remove the solder from all pins of the flat pack-IC. When you use solder flux which is applied to all pins of the flat pack-IC, you can remove it easily. (Fig. S-1-3)
(2) Affix the wire to a workbench or solid mounting point, as shown in Fig. S-1-5.
(3) While heating the pins using a fine tip soldering iron or hot air blower, pull up the wire as the solder melts so as to lift the IC leads from the CBA contact pads as shown in Fig. S-1-5.
(4) Bottom of the flat pack-IC is fixed with glue to the CBA; when removing entire flat pack-IC, first apply soldering iron to center of the flat pack-IC and heat up. Then remove (glue will be melted). (Fig. S-1-6)
(5) Release the flat pack-IC from the CBA using tweezers. (Fig. S-1-6)

## Note:

When using a soldering iron, care must be taken to ensure that the flat pack-IC is not being held by glue. When the flat pack-IC is removed from the CBA, handle it gently because it may be damaged if force is applied.


Fig. S-1-5


Fig. S-1-6

## 2. Installation

(1) Using desoldering braid, remove the solder from the foil of each pin of the flat pack-IC on the CBA so you can install a replacement flat pack-IC more easily.
(2) The "O" mark on the flat pack-IC indicates pin 1. (See Fig. S-1-7.) Be sure this mark matches the 1 on the PCB when positioning for installation. Then pre- solder the four corners of the flat pack-IC. (See Fig. S-1-8.)
(3) Solder all pins of the flat pack-IC. Be sure that none of the pins have solder bridges.

## Example :



Pin 1 of the Flat Pack-IC is indicated by a " - " mark.

Fig. S-1-7


## Instructions for Handling Semiconductors

Electrostatic breakdown of the semiconductors may occur due to a potential difference caused by electrostatic charge during unpacking or repair work.

## 1. Ground for Human Body

Be sure to wear a grounding band ( $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ ) that is properly grounded to remove any static electricity that may be charged on the body.

## 2. Ground for Workbench

Be sure to place a conductive sheet or copper plate with proper grounding ( $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ ) on the workbench or other surface, where the semiconductors are to be placed. Because the static electricity charge on clothing will not escape through the body grounding band, be careful to avoid contacting semiconductors with your clothing.


## BASIC SETUP AND OPERATING GUIDE

MAIN UNIT


1 POWER button: Turns the power ON or in STANDBY.
2 POWER indicator: Lights up (Blue) when the power is in the standby mode. Lights up (Green) when the power is ON.
3 sTANDBY indicator: Lights up when the power is in the standby mode. Disappears when the power is ON .
4 INPUT SELECT button: Selects input terminals.
5 VOLUME $\Delta$ (up) / $\vee$ (down) button: Increases or decreases the volume.
6 AC IN terminal: Connect the supplied power cable for a standard AC outlet.
7 AUDIO OUT: Output terminals for audio.

8 AUDIO/VIDEO/S-VIDEO: Input terminals for an audio and video signal. You can select either VIDEO or S-VIDEO.
9 COMPONENT: Input terminals for a component signal. You can make a Y-Cb-Cr interlaced connection to component 1 or $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Pb}-\mathrm{Pr}$ progressive or interlaced connection to component 2.

## REMOTE CONTROL



POWER button: Turns the main power ON or in STANDBY.
2 VOL $\triangle$ (up) / $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ (down) button: Increases or decreases the volume.
3 MUTE button: Turns the audio off or on.
4 sCREEN MODE button: Selects aspect ratios available for the screen.
5 STILL button: Pauses the image shown on the screen.
6 INPUT SELECT button: Selects input terminals.
7 DISPLAY button: Displays the name of the selected input terminal on the screen.
8 SLEEP button: Sets the sleep timer.

9 MENU button: Accesses the setup menu, allowing you to access various settings.
10 PREVIOUS button: Moves up one level in the setup menu.
$11 \Delta$ (up) / $\mathbf{~ ( d o w n ) ~ b u t t o n : ~ S e l e c t s ~ t h e ~ v a r i - ~}$ ous modes in the setup menu. 4(left) / (right) button: Selects and adjusts levels for the various settings. (enter) button: Also used as the enter button.

## CABINET DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

## 1. Disassembly Flowchart

This flowchart indicates the disassembly steps for the cabinet parts, and the CBA in order to gain access to item(s) to be serviced. When reassembling, follow the steps in reverse order. Bend, route and dress the cables as they were.


## 2. Disassembly Method

| Step/ <br> Loc. <br> No. | Part | Removal |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fig. <br> No | Remove/*unlock/release/ <br> unplug/unclamp/desolder | Note |  |  |
| 1 | Back Cabinet | 1 | $17(\mathrm{~S}-1), 5(\mathrm{~S}-2)$ | 1 |  |
| 2 | Rear Cabinet | 2 | $22(\mathrm{~S}-3)$ | 2 |  |
| 3 | PCB Shield Plate | 3 | $12(\mathrm{~S}-4)$, CLN8 | 3 |  |
| 4 | Speaker Cover(s) | 3 | $14(\mathrm{~S}-5)$ | 4 |  |
| 5 | Digital CBA | 4 | $4(\mathrm{~S}-6), 3(\mathrm{~S}-7)$ | 5 |  |
| 6 | Analog CBA | 4 | $4(\mathrm{~S}-8), 4(\mathrm{~S}-9)$ | 6 |  |
| 7 | Filter CBA | 4 | $2(\mathrm{~S}-10)$, Two connectors | 7 |  |
| 8 | PCB Holder | 4 | $4(\mathrm{~S}-11)$ | 8 |  |
| 9 | Front Cabinet <br> Assembly | 5 | $14(\mathrm{~S}-12)$ | 9 |  |
| 10 | Brand Plate | 5 | $2(\mathrm{~S}-13)$ | 10 |  |


| Step/ <br> Loc. <br> No. | Part | Removal |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fig. } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | Remove/*unlock/release/ unplug/unclamp/desolder | Note |
| 11 | LED A CBA and LED B CBA | 5 | ----- | - |
| 12 | Switch CBA | 5 | 3(S-14) | 11 |
| 13 | Decoration Panel | 6 | 20(S-15), 2(S-16) | 12 |
| 14 | Speaker-1 | 7 | 2(S-17) | 13 |
| 15 | Speaker-2 | 7 | 2(S-18) | 14 |
| 16 | Speaker-3 | 7 | 2(S-19) | 15 |
| 17 | Speaker-4 | 7 | 2(S-20) | 16 |
| 18 | Speaker Spacer(s) | 7 | ---------- | - |
| 19 | Speaker Holder(L) | 7 | 4(S-21) | 17 |
| 20 | Speaker Holder(R) | 7 | 4(S-22) | 18 |
| 21 | Jack Cover | 7 | 2(S-23) | 19 |
| 22 | Filter Holder(L)(s) | 7 | 6(S-24) | 20 |
| 23 | Filter Holder(S)(s) | 7 | 6(S-25) | 21 |
| 24 | Optical Filter | 7 | ---------- | - |
| 25 | Stand Unit | 8 | 4(S-26) | 22 |
| 26 | Stand Cover | 9 | 8(S-27), 10(S-28) | 23 |
| 27 | Stand(s) | 9 | 4(S-29), 6(S-30) | 24 |
| 28 | Stand Base | 9 | ---------- | - |
| 29 | Chassis Bracket(s) | 10 | 8(S-31), 8(S-32) | 25 |
| 30 | Panel Spacer(s) | 10 | 8(S-33) | 26 |
| 31 | SP Holder Plate(s) | 10 | 4(S-34) | 27 |
| 32 | Plasma Display Module | 10 | 12(S-35) | 28 |
| 33 | Panel Holder Assembly | 10 | -------- | - |
| $\downarrow$ <br> (1) | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (3) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (4) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (5) \end{gathered}$ |

## Note:

(1) Order of steps in procedure. When reassembling, follow the steps in reverse order. These numbers are also used as the Identification (location) No. of parts in figures.
(2) Parts to be removed or installed.
(3) Fig. No. showing procedure of part location
(4) Identification of part to be removed, unhooked, unlocked, released, unplugged, unclamped, or desoldered.
S=Screw, $\mathrm{P}=$ Spring, $\mathrm{L}=$ Locking Tab, $\mathrm{CN}=$ Connector, ${ }^{*}=$ Unhook, Unlock, Release, Unplug, or Desolder
2(S-2) = two Screws (S-2)
(5) Refer to the following "Reference Notes in the Table.

## Reference Notes in the Table

## Caution:

Refer to "General Caution of Plasma Display" and "PDP Module Handling" of "IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" section not to injure and/or break the Plasma Display Module.

1. Removal of the Back Cabinet. Remove screws 17(S-1) and 5(S-2).
2. Removal of the Rear Cabinet. Remove screws 22(S-3).
3. Removal of the PCB Shield Plate. Remove screws 12(S-4) and wire assembly CLN8.
4. Removal of the Speaker Cover(s). Remove screws 14(S-5).
5. Removal of the Digital CBA. Disconnect connectors *CN1701, *CN1702, *CN1703, *CN1704, and *CN1709, and remove screws 4(S-6) and 3(S-7).
6. Removal of the Analog CBA. Disconnect connectors *CN201, *CN203, *CN204, *CN501, *CN502, *CN701, *CN801, and *CN802, and remove screws 4(S-8) and 4(S-9).
7. Removal of the Filter CBA. Disconnect connector *CN801, and remove two connectors, then remove screws 2(S-10).
8. Removal of the PCB Holder. Remove screws 4(S11).
9. Removal of the Front Cabinet Assembly. Remove screws 14(S-12).
10.Removal of the Brand Plate. Remove screws 2(S13).
10. Removal of the Switch CBA. Remove screws 3(S14) and disconnect connector *CN751.
12.Removal of the Decoration Panel. Remove screws 20(S-15) and 2(S-16).
11. Removal of the Speaker-1. Remove screws 8(S17).
14.Removal of the Speaker-2. Remove screws 8(S18).
15.Removal of the Speaker-3. Remove screws 8(S19).
16.Removal of the Speaker-4. Remove screws 8(S20).
17.Removal of the Speaker Holder(L). Remove screws 4(S-21).
18.Removal of the Speaker Holder(R). Remove screws 4(S-22).
19.Removal of the Jack Cover. Remove screws 2(S23).
20.Removal of the Filter Holder(L)(s). Remove screws 6(S-24).
21.Removal of the Filter Holder(S)(s). Remove screws 6(S-25).
22.Removal of the Stand Unit. Remove screws 4(S26).
12. Removal of the Stand Cover. Remove screws 8(S27) and 10(S-28).
24.Removal of the Stand(s). Remove screws 4(S-29) and 6(S-30).
25.Removal of the Chassis Bracket. Remove screws 8(S-31) and 8(S-32).
26.Removal of the Panel Spacer(s). Remove screws 8(S-33).
27.Removal of the SP Holder Plate(s). Remove screws 8(S-34).
28.Removal of the Plasma Display Module. Remove screws 12(S-35).





Fig. 5



Fig. 7




## Plasma Display Cable Wiring Diagram





Fig. 13

## ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTIONS

## General Note:

"CBA" is abbreviation for "Circuit Board Assembly."

## NOTE:

Electrical adjustments are required after replacing circuit components and certain mechanical parts. It is important to perform these adjustments only after all repairs and replacements have been completed.
Also, do not attempt these adjustments unless the proper equipment is available.

## Test Equipment Required

1. NTSC Pattern Generator (Color Bar W/White Window, Red Color, Gray Scale)
2. Plastic Tip Driver
3. Remote control unit: Part No. N0105UD, N0108UD, N0127UD or N0132UD
4. Color Analyzer

## How to make service remote control unit:

1. Prepare normal remote control unit. (Part No. N0105UD, N0108UD, N0127UD or N0132UD) Remove 3 Screws from the back lid. (Fig. 1-1)
2. Add J1 (Jumper Wire) to the remote control CBA. (Fig. 1-2)


How to set up the service mode: Service mode:

1. To turn the power on, press "POWER" button on the normal remote control unit or the unit.
2. Use the service remote control unit.
3. Press "SLEEP" button on the service remote control unit. Fig. 2 appears on the screen.
```
MAIN UCOM Ver. : PZ1_US_LF_Ver1.29 (or 1.31)
SUB UCOM Ver. : K746_015
MEMORY SIZE : 32
CHKSUM : Push O key
```

Fig. 2
4. Confirm the following
a. Version of main micro computer --- PZ1_US_LF_Ver1. 29 (or 1.31)
b. Version of sub micro computer --- K746_015
c. Memory size --- 32
d. FLASH DATA Check-Sum (press "0" button on the service remote control unit) --- D2F7h (or E170h)

## Initial setting:

1. To turn the power on, press "POWER" button on the normal remote control unit or the unit.
2. Enter the service mode.
3. To reset to factory setting, press "DISPLAY" button on the service remote control unit.

- "INITIALIZE" (red) appears on the screen as shown in Fig. 3.


Fig. 3

- After few seconds (completion initialization), color of "INITIALIZE" will change green.


## 1. Auto Calibration (Black \& White)

1. Operate the unit more than 20 minutes.
2. Input black raster signal from only Component AV Input (2) video/Y jack (green). Do not input any signal to Component AV Input (2) video/Pb or Pr jack.
3. Enter the service mode.
4. To enter the Auto Calibration (Black) adjustment mode, press " 2 " button on the service remote control unit. If no signal, "No signal" appears on the screen.
5. To start auto adjustment, press "CH $\boldsymbol{\wedge}$ " button on the service remote control unit.
6. Input white raster signal ( $100 \%$ or $110 \%$ ) from only Component AV Input (2) video/Y jack (green). Do not input any signal to Component AV Input (2) video/Pb or Pr jack.
7. To enter the Auto Calibration (White) adjustment mode, press " 3 " button on the service remote control unit. If no signal, "No signal" appears on the screen.
8. To start auto adjustment, press " $\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\wedge}$ " button on the service remote control unit.
9. Upon completion, wait for at least 5 seconds.
10. Unplug AC cord and plug it in AC outlet again to reset then enter the service mode again.
11. Confirm that both the "Black Calibration : Complete" and "White Calibration: Complete" are displayed on the screen as shown in Fig. 4. If "Yet" is displayed instead of "Complete", repeat above steps.
```
MAIN UCOM Ver.
SUB UCOM Ver. *******
MEMORY SIZE :32
CHKSUM : Push O key
Black Calibration : Complete
White Calibration : Complete
```


## 2. White Balance Adjustment

Purpose: To mix red, green and blue beams correctly for pure white.
Symptom of Misadjustment: White becomes bluish or reddish.


Fig. 5

## Notes:

- Use service remote control unit.
- This adjustment should be performed in both Component 2 mode and Video 1 mode. Adjustment in Component 2 mode should be performed after completion of ADC calibration adjustment.

1. Operate the unit more than 20 minutes.
2. Input the gray scale pattern signal ( 5 scales) from Component AV Input (2) video/ Y jack.
3. Set the color analyzer to the CHROMA mode and after zero point calibration, for high light adjustment, bring the optical receptor to the 2nd scale as shown below.


Fig. 6
4. Enter the Service mode.
5. Enter the component adjustment mode, press "VOL ${ }^{\text {- }}$ button once on the service remote control unit.
6. Press "4" button on the service remote control unit for Red adjustment. Press "6" button on the service remote control unit for Blue adjustment.
7. In each color mode, press "CH $\mathbf{\Delta} / \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ " button to adjust the values of color.
8. Adjust Red and Blue color so that the temperature becomes $9200^{\circ} \mathrm{K}-5 \mathrm{MPCD}(\mathrm{x}: 288 / \mathrm{y}$ : 288) $\pm 3 \%$.
9. For low light adjustment, bring the optical receptor to the 4th scale as shown below.


Fig. 7
10. Press "1" button on the service remote control unit for Red adjustment. Press "3" button on the service remote control unit for Blue adjustment.
11. In each color mode, press "CH $\boldsymbol{\wedge} / \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ " button to adjust the values of color.
12. Adjust Red and Blue color so that the temperature becomes $9200^{\circ} \mathrm{K}-5 \mathrm{MPCD}(\mathrm{x}: 288 / \mathrm{y}: 288) \pm 3 \%$.
13. Check adjustment value in high light adjustment again. If adjustment value is not within specification, repeat steps 2-8.
14. To enter the adjustment mode in the Composite mode (Video 1 mode), press "VOL $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ " button once on the service remote control unit.
15. Input the gray scale pattern signal ( 5 scales) from Composite AV Input (1) video jack (Video 1).
16. Adjust in the same way above.

## 3. Sub-Brightness Adjustment

Purpose: To get proper brightness.
Symptom of Misadjustment: If Sub-Brightness is incorrect, proper brightness cannot be obtained by adjusting the Brightness Control.

| Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\sim} /$ buttons |  <br> Component 2 | IQW |
| M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| Pattern Generator | See below |  |

Figure


Fig. 8

## Notes:

- IQW Setup level --- 7.5 IRE
- Use service remote control unit.
- This adjustment should be performed in both Component 2 mode and Video 1 mode. Adjustment in Component 2 mode should be performed after completion of ADC calibration adjustment.

1. Enter the Service mode. Then input IQW signal from Component AV Input (2) video.
2. Press "VOL $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ " button on the service remote control unit.
3. Press "7" on the service remote control unit.
4. Press "CH $\boldsymbol{\wedge} / \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ " buttons so that the bar is just visible. (Refer to Fig. 8.)
5. Input IQW signal from Composite AV Input (1) video jack (Video 1).
6. To adjust in Composite mode (Video 1 mode), repeat steps 2-4.
7. Turn the power off and on again, using the main power button on the TV unit.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

## FLOW CHART NO. 1



## FLOW CHART NO. 2



FLOW CHART NO. 3



## FLOW CHART NO. 4



Is audio signal inputted to each pins on IC202 and IC203?
[ ${ }^{* * * *}$ ] is the check point on the componet side.
When inputting to Video 1 jack... IC203 Pin (13) [J165] AUDIO1(L)
IC202 Pin (13) [J135] AUDIO1(R)

$\xrightarrow{\text { No }}$| Check lines between Pin (13) on IC203 and <br> JK702, between Pin (13) on IC202 and JK702, <br> and service it if defective. |
| :--- |

When inputting to Video 2 jack... IC203 Pin (14) [J166] AUDIO2(L) IC202 Pin (14) [J129] AUDIO2(R)
When inputting to component 1 jack...
IC203 Pin (15) [CN201 Pin (1)] AUDIO3(L) IC202 Pin (15) [CN201 Pin (2)] AUDIO3(R)
When inputting to component 2 jack...
IC203 Pin (12) [CN201 Pin (4)] AUDIO4(L)
IC202 Pin (12) [CN201 Pin (5)] AUDIO4(R)
 Yes

Is input switching signal inputted to each pins on IC202 and IC203?
[ $\left.{ }^{* * * *}\right]$ is the check point on the componet side.


## BLOCK DIAGRAMS

## System Control Block Diagram



Video Block Diagram


## Digital Signal Process 1 Block Diagram



## Digital Signal Process 2 Block Diagram



## Audio Block Diagram



## Power Supply Block Diagram



## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS / CBA'S AND TEST POINTS

## Standard Notes

Many electrical and mechanical parts in this chassis have special characteristics. These characteristics often pass unnoticed and the protection afforded by them cannot necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts that have these special safety characteristics are identified in this manual and its supplements; electrical components having such features are identified by the mark " $\mathbf{A}$ " in the schematic diagram and the parts list. Before replacing any of these components, read the parts list in this manual carefully. The use of substitute replacement parts that do not have the same safety characteristics as specified in the parts list may create shock, fire, or other hazards.

## Note:

1. Do not use the part number shown on these drawings for ordering. The correct part number is shown in the parts list, and may be slightly different or amended since these drawings were prepared.
2. All resistance values are indicated in ohms ( $\mathrm{K}=10^{3}, \mathrm{M}=10^{6}$ ).
3. Resistor wattages are $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ or $1 / 6 \mathrm{~W}$ unless otherwise specified.
4. All capacitance values are indicated in $\mu \mathrm{F}\left(\mathrm{P}=10^{-6} \mu \mathrm{~F}\right)$.
5. All voltages are DC voltages unless otherwise specified.

## Note of Capacitors:

ML --- Mylar Cap. PP --- Metallized Film Cap. SC --- Semiconductor Cap. L --- Low Leakage type
Temperature Characteristics of Capacitors are noted with the following:
B --- $\pm 10 \% \quad$ CH $---0 \pm 60 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{CSL}---+350 \sim-1000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Tolerance of Capacitors are noted with the following:
Z --- +80~-20\%

## Note of Resistors:

CEM --- Cement Res. MTL --- Metal Res. F --- Fuse Res.

## Capacitors and transistors are represented by the following symbols.



## LIST OF CAUTION, NOTES, AND SYMBOLS USED IN THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES:

1. CAUTION: FOR CONTINUED PROTECTION AGAINST RISK OF FIRE, REPLACE ONLY WITH SAME TYPE_A,_V FUSE.
ATTENTION: UTILISER UN FUSIBLE DE RECHANGE DE MÊME TYPE DE_A,_V.

## 2. CAUTION:

Fixed Voltage (or Auto voltage selectable) power supply circuit is used in this unit.
If Main Fuse (F601) is blown, first check to see that all components in the power supply circuit are not defective before you connect the AC plug to the AC power supply. Otherwise it may cause some components in the power supply circuit to fail.
3. Note:
(1) Do not use the part number shown on the drawings for ordering. The correct part number is shown in the parts list, and may be slightly different or amended since the drawings were prepared.
(2) To maintain original function and reliability of repaired units, use only original replacement parts which are listed with their part numbers in the parts list section of the service manual.
4. Voltage indications on the schematics are as shown below:

Plug the TV power cord into a standard AC outlet.:


Unit: Volts

## 5. How to read converged lines

1-D3


Distinction Area
Line Number
(1 to 3 digits)
Examples:

1. "1-D3" means that line number "1" goes to area "D3".
2. "1-B1" means that line number "1" goes to area "B1".


## 6. Test Point Information

(1) : Indicates a test point with a jumper wire across a hole in the PCB.
$\square \rightarrow$ : Used to indicate a test point with a component lead on foil side.
: Used to indicate a test point with no test pin.
: Used to indicate a test point with a test pin.

IC1401 is shown as IC1401(1/4) through IC1401(4/4) in Digital Schematic Diagram section.



| Ref No. | Position |
| :---: | :---: |
| ICS |  |
| IC1101 | I-2 |
| IC1502 | G-1 |
| IC1503 | I-1 |
| IC1504 | H-1 |
| IC1505 | H-1 |
| IC1506 | J-1 |
| IC1507 | K-1 |
| TRANSISTORS |  |
| Q1101 | K-4 |
| Q1102 | K-2 |
| Q1701 | H-3 |
| Q1702 | H-3 |
| Q1703 | H-2 |
| Q1704 | H-2 |
| Q1705 | H-2 |
| Q1706 | H-1 |
| CONNECTOR |  |
| CN1701 | G-4 |


3. IC1401 is shown as IC1401(1/4) through IC1401(4/4) in Digital Schematic Diagram section.




## Filter Schematic Diagram



## Switch Schematic Diagram






Switch CBA Bottom View



LED-A CBA Top View
LED-A CBA Bottom View


CAUTION!
Fixed voltage ( or Auto voltage selectable ) power supply circuit is used in this unit. If Main Fuse (F601) is blown, check to see that all components in the power supply Otherwise it may cause some components in the power supply circuit to fail


LED-B CBA Top View
LED-B CBA Bottom View


| DIGITAL CBA |
| :--- |
| Ref No.  <br> ICS  <br> Position  <br> IC1101 C-2 <br> ICC102 C-2 <br> IC1201 B-4 <br> IC1202 A-4 <br> IC1301 E-2 <br> IC1401 D-4 <br> IC1403 E-3 <br> IC1404 E-4 <br> IC1405 F-5 <br> IC1501 E-1 <br> ICC502 A-2 <br> IC1503 D-2 <br> IC1504 C-3 <br> IC1505 B-3 <br> IC1506 D-3 <br> IC1507 E-3 <br> IC1508 C-5 <br> IC1509 B-5 <br> IC1510 C-5 <br> TTANSISTORS  <br> Q1101 B-2 <br> Q1102 B-3 <br> Q1401 A-3 <br> Q1701 D-1 <br> Q1702 A-1 <br> Q1703 D-1 <br> Q1704 C-2 <br> Q1705 C-1 <br> Q1700 B-1 <br> CONNECTORS  <br> CN1402 A-1 <br> CN1701 A-2 <br> CN1702 A-3 <br> CN1703 A-3 <br> CN1704 B-5 <br> CN1706 D-5 <br> CN1709 E-5 <br>   |



## WAVEFORMS

WF1 ~ WF14 = Waveforms to be observed at
Waveform check points.
(Shown in Schematic Diagram.)
Input: NTSC Color Bar Signal (with 1kHz Audio Signal)


WF1 1DIV: 1.0 V 20ns

R1419 R1419


WF2 1DIV: 1.0V 4ms R1420


UPPER WF4 TP2037
LOWER WF5 TP2038
1DIV: 500 mV 20ns


WF6 1DIV: 500 mV 20 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ R1774


WF7 1DIV: 500 mV 20 $\mu \mathrm{s}$
R1776


WF8 1DIV: $500 \mathrm{mV} 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ R1778


WF10 1DIV: 500 mV 20 $\mu \mathrm{s}$
R1775


WF11 1DIV: 500 mV 20 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ R1777


WF12 1DIV: 500 mV 20 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ R738


WF13 1DIV: 500 mV 20 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ R746


WF14 1DIV: $2 \mathrm{~V} \quad 400 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ Pin 12 of IC801


## IC PIN FUNCTIONS

## IC205 (PDP Micro Controller)

| Pin <br> No. | Signal Name | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | PROTECT2 | Power Supply Protection |
| 2 | PROTECT1 | Power Supply Protection |
| 3 | NU | Not Used |
| 4 | POWER-SW | Power ON key |
| 5 | NU | Not Used |
| 6 | NU | Not Used |
| 7 | NU | Not Used |
| 8 | NU | Not Used |
| 9 | NU | Not Used |
| 10 | NU | Not Used |
| 11 | NU | Not Used |
| 12 | BUSY | Busy |
| 13 | CLK | Clock Input |
| 14 | TXD | Main/Sub processor interface <br> transmit |
| 15 | RXD | Main/Sub processor interface <br> receive |
| 16 | UART-OPEN | Main/Sub processor interface <br> permit |
| 17 | NU | Not Used |
| 18 | CNVSS | Switching Chip Operation <br> Mode |
| 19 | RESET | Input Reset Signal |
| 20 | NU | Not Used |
| 21 | NU | Not Used |
| 22 | X-IN | Clock Input |
| 23 | X-OUT | Clock Output |
| 24 | VSS | VSS |
| 25 | NU | Not Used |
| 26 | S-SW0 | Detecting S-Video 0 Signal |
| 27 | S-SW1 | Detecting S-Video 1 Signal |
| 28 | AUDIO-SW2 | Switching Audio 2 |
| 29 | AUDIO-SW1 | Switching Audio 1 |
| 30 | AUDIO-SW0 | Switching Audio 0 |
| 31 | A-OUT-MUTE | Mute Control |
| 32 | A-MUTE | Mute Control |
| 33 | NU | Not Used |
| 1 |  |  |


| Pin <br> No. | Signal Name | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 34 | NU | Not Used |
| 35 | NU | Not Used |
| 36 | SD | SD Detection |
| 37 | NU | Not Used |
| 38 | RESET-181 | Reset PW181 |
| 39 | REMOTE | Receive Remote |
| 40 | NU | Not Used |
| 41 | NU | Not Used |
| 42 | NU | Not Used |
| 43 | NU | Not Used |
| 44 | NU | Not Used |
| 45 | NU | Not Used |
| 46 | BUS2-OPEN | I2C Interface Permit |
| 47 | SDA | I2C-BUS Controller Interface <br> (Data) |
| 48 | SCL | I2C-BUS Controller Interface <br> (Clock) |
| 49 | NU | Not Used |
| 50 | NU | Not Used |
| 51 | NU | Not Used |
| 52 | NU | Not Used |
| 53 | NU | Not Used |
| 54 | P-OFF-RQ | Power OFF Request |
| 55 | P-OFF-H | Power OFF Detect |
| 56 | P-ON-H | Output for P-ON-H |
| 57 | VCC | VCC |
| 58 | VREF | Standard Voltage Input for <br> Convert AD |
| 59 | AVSS | GND for Convert AD |
| 60 | NU | Not Used |
| 61 | NU | Not Used |
| 62 | NU | Not Used |
| 63 | NU | Not Used |
| 64 | P-DET | D+3.3V Power Detect |
|  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |

## LEAD IDENTIFICATIONS



2SA1015-GR(TPE2)
2SA1175(F) 2SC2785(F) KTA1267(GR) BA1F4M-T KRC103M KTA1266(GR) KTC3199(GR)


2SC1815-GR(TPE2)
KTC3198(GR)

M38034M4H-159KP


PST600L


Note:
A: Anode
K: Cathode
E: Emitter
C: Collector
B: Base
R: Reference
S: Source
G: Gate
D: Drain

## Cabinet



## Packing



## MECHANICAL PARTS LIST

PRODUCT SAFETY NOTE: Products marked with a A have special characteristics important to safety. Before replacing any of these components, read carefully the product safety notice in this service manual. Don't degrade the safety of the product through improper servicing.

## NOTE:

Parts that are not assigned part numbers (---------) are not available.

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | STAND COVER L0605UF | 1EM020088 |
| A2 | STAND L0605UF | 1EM220044 |
| A3 | STAND BASE L0605UF | 1EM020089 |
| A4 | RUBBER FOOT L0600UA | 0EM408992 |
| A5 | JACK COVER L0605UF | 1EM020087 |
| A8A | RATING LABEL L0605UF | ------ |
| A9 | FRONT CABINET L0605UF | 1EM020063 |
| A10 | DECORATION PANEL L0605UF | 1EM020064 |
| A11 | LED LENS L0605UF | 1EM420359 |
| A13 | REAR CABINET L0605UF | 1EM020099 |
| A14 | REAR COVER L0600UA | 0EM408989 |
| A29 | CONTROL PLATE L0605UF | 1EM320100 |
| A30 | KEY LENS L0605UF | 1EM420360 |
| A31 | BRAND PLATE L0605UF | 1EM020081 |
| A32 | PUNCHING SHEET(L) L0605UF | 1 1-M020082 |
| A33 | PUNCHING SHEET(R) L0605UF | 1EM020083 |
| A34 | BACK CABINET L0605UF | 1EM020065 |
| A35 | LED LENS(U) L0605UF | 1EM320114 |
| AC6014 | AC CORD VM0289S-VM0266S 2M | WBC0202H0001 |
| B3 | EARTH LABEL L0600UA | -------- |
| B4 | PANEL HOLDER(U)ASSEMBLY L0605UF | 1EM220069 |
| B5 | PANEL HOLDER(L)ASSEMBLY L0605UF | 1EM220070 |
| B6 | FILTER HOLDER(L) L0600UA | OEM101455 |
| B7 | FILTER HOLDER(S) L0600UA | OEM101456 |
| B8 | PANEL HOLDER(S) L0600UA | 0EM101463 |
| B9 | LOCATEDBLOCK L0600UA | 0EM408991 |
| B11 | SPEAKER COVER L0605UF | 1EM020086 |
| B12 | PCB HOLDER L0605UF | 1EM020097 |
| B13 | PCB SHIELD PLATE L0600UA | 0EM101457 |
| B14 | CHASSIS BRACKET L0600UA | 0EM000913 |
| B15 | PANEL SPACER L0601UB | 1EM220035 |
| B17 | GASKET-B L0600UA | 0EM409061 |
| B18 | GASKET-A L0600UA | 0EM409060 |
| B21 | SPEAKER HOLDER(R) L0605UF | 1EM020085 |
| B22 | SPEAKER HOLDER(L) L0605UF | 1EM020084 |
| B23 | SPEAKER SPACER L0605UF | 1EM320098 |
| B24 | SP HOLDER PLATE L0605UF | 1EM120061 |
| B25 | CUSHION(L) L0605UF | 1EM420519 |
| B26 | CUSHION(S) L0605UF | 1 EM420518 |
| B27 | CLOTH(B) L5201U0:15X10X1.0T | 0EM400076 |
| B29 | DOUBLE SIDE TAPE L0605UF | 1EM420549 |
| CLN1 | WIRE ASSEMBLY(LVDS) WX1L0600-012 | WX1L0600-012 |
| CLN2 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 6P WX1L0600-002 | WX1L0600-002 |
| CLN5 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 9P WX1L0600-024 | WX1L0600-024 |
| CLN6 | WIRE ASSEMBLY WX1L0600-013 | WX1L0600-013 |
| CLN8 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 1P WX1L0600-021 | WX1L0600-021 |
| CLN603 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 1P WX1L0600-018 | WX1L0600-018 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLN801 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 2P 160CM WX1L0600-015 | WX1L0600-015 |
| CLN802 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 2P 110CM WX1L0600-016 | WX1L0600-016 |
| CLN803 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 1P WX1L0600-017 | WX1L0600-017 |
| CLN804 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 1P WX1L0600-017 | WX1L0600-017 |
| FC1 | FERRITE CORE RFC-H13 or | XL06041WD001 |
|  | FERRITE CORE RFC-H13 BK | XL06041WD002 |
| FC2 | FERRITE CORE RFC-H13 or | XL06041WD001 |
|  | FERRITE CORE RFC-H13 BK | XL06041WD002 |
| FC3 | FERRITE CORE RFC-H13 or | XL06041WD001 |
|  | FERRITE CORE RFC-H13 BK | XL06041WD002 |
| FC6 | SLEEVE FERRITE CLAMP RFC-6 | XL06034WD001 |
| FL501 | OPTICAL FILTER PM006Z018 | XA00000SM003 |
| L1 | P-TIGHT SCREW 3 $\times 8$ BIND + | GBMP3080 |
| L2 | SCREW, B-TIGHT M3X6 BIND HEAD+ | GBMB3060 |
| L3 | DOUBLE SEMS SCREW M4X25 PAN HEAD+ | OEM409073 |
| L4 | SCREW, B-TIGHT M 3 X8 BIND HEAD+ | GBMB3080 |
| L5 | DOUBLE SEMS SCREW M4X8 PAN HEAD+ | OEM409074 |
| L6 | SCREW, P-TIGHT 4X18 BIND HEAD + | GBMP4180 |
| L7 | SCREW, P-TIGHT 3X12 BIND HEAD+ BLK | GBKP3120 |
| L9 | SCREW ASSEMBLED M 3 X6 BLACK | OEM409078 |
| L10 | DOUBLE SEMS SCREW 5X16 PA5X16 PAN HEAD+ | OEM409236 |
| L11 | SCREW, P-TIGHT 4X12 BIND HEAD+ | GBMP4120 |
| L12 | DOUBLE SEMS SCREW M5X20 PAN HEAD+ | OEM409077 |
| L13 | EARTH SEMS SCREW M4X8 TOOTHED | 1EM420012 |
| L14 | DOUBLE SEMS SCREW M4X12 PAN HEAD+ | 1EM420188 |
| L15 | DOUBLE SEMS SCREW M $3 \times 12$ PAN HEAD | 1EM420400 |
| L16 | SCREW ASSEMBLED M $3 \times 10$ BLACK | 1EM420399 |
| L17 | SCREW, P-TIGHT 3X12 BIND HEAD+ | GBMP3120 |
| L18 | SCREW M3X10 BIND HEAD+ | SBK33100 |
| L20 | ASSEMBLED SCREW 8:3X12 | 1EM420517 |
| PDM501 | PLASMA DISPLAY MODULE PDP42V6 | UDPUPLSGS001 |
| SP801 | SPEAKER S08JA77A | DSD0408SY002 |
| SP802 | SPEAKER S08JA77A | DSD0408SY002 |
| SP803 | SPEAKER S08JA77A | DSD0408SY002 |
| SP804 | SPEAKER S08JA77A | DSD0408SY002 |
| PACKING |  |  |
| S1 | STYRFOAM TOP L0605UF | 1EM020090 |
| S2 | STYRFOAM B0TTOM L0605UF | 1EM020091 |
| S3 | SET BAG(L) L0605UF | 1EM320103 |
| S4 | CARTON(U) L0605UF | 1EM320101 |
| S5 | CARTON(L) L0605UF | 1EM320102 |
| S64 | SERIAL NO. LABEL L0605UF | --------- |
| S7 | HOLD PAD (L) L0605UF | 1EM420361 |
| S9 | CUSHION(A) L0605UF | 1EM420535 |
| S10 | CUSHION(B) L0605UF | 1EM420536 |
| ACCESSORIES |  |  |
| X14 | OWNER'S MANUAL ENGLISH/SPANISH | 1EMN20115 |
| X2 | BAG POLYETHYLENE 235X365XT0.03 | OEM408420 |
| X3 | REMOTE CONTROL NE802UD | NE802UD |
| X4 | DRY BATTERY R6P/2S or | XBOM451T0001 |
|  | DRY BATTERY(SUNRISE) R6SSE/2S or | XBOM451MS002 |
|  | DRY BATTERY R6P(AR)2PX or | XBOM451HU002 |
|  | DRY BATTERY R6P(AR)2P X ICI | XBOM451HU003 |
| X5 | EASY SET UP GUIDE L0605UF | 1EMN20120 |
| X6 | RETURN STOP SHEET L0605UF | 1EM420403 |

## ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

PRODUCT SAFETY NOTE: Products marked with a A have special characteristics important to safety. Before replacing any of these components, read carefully the product safety notice in this service manual. Don't degrade the safety of the product through improper servicing.

## NOTES:

1. Parts that are not assigned part numbers (---------) are not available.
2. Tolerance of Capacitors and Resistors are noted with the following symbols.
C..... $\pm 0.25 \%$
D..... $\pm 0.5 \%$
F..... $\pm 1 \%$
G..... $\pm 2 \%$
J...... $\pm 5 \%$
K..... $\pm 10 \%$
M..... $\pm 20 \%$
N..... $\pm 30 \%$
Z......80/-20\%

## DIGITAL CBA ASSEMBLY

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | DIGITAL CBA ASSEMBLY <br> Consists of the following: | 1ESA10297 |
|  | DIGITAL CBA | $---------------------------~$ |
|  | SWITCH CBA |  |
|  | LED ACBA |  |
|  | LED BCBA |  |

## DIGITAL CBA

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | DIGITAL CBA | -------- |

SWITCH CBA
(Each parts on this CBA can be supplied.)

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SWITCH CBA Consists of the following | ------- |
| CAPACITORS |  |  |
| C1901 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. (1608) BK 1000pF/50V | CHD1JK30B102 |
| C1904 | CHIP ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CAOK470SP012 |
|  | CHIP ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 7 F/6.3V M(WX) | CEOKMR1CL470 |
| C1906 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP.(1608) F Z $0.14 \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1EZ30F104 |
| C1907 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP.(1608) F Z 0.14F/25V | CHD1EZ30F104 |
| C1908 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP.(1608) F Z 0.14F/25V | CHD1EZ30F104 |
| C1910 | CHIP ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CAOK470SP012 |
|  | CHIP ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{6} 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$ M(WX) | CEOKMR1CL470 |
| C1911 | CHIP ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 6.3 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CAOK470SP012 |
|  | CHIP ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{6}$.3V M(WX) | CEOKMR1CL470 |
| CONNECTORS |  |  |
| CN1901 | PH CONNECTOR, SIDE 6P S6B-PH-K-S | J3PHC06JG004 |
| CN1902 | PH CONNECTOR, SIDE 9P S9B-PH-K-S | J3PHC09JG004 |
| CN1904 | CONNECTOR BASELIGHT ANGLE 008283021100000 or | J383C02UG001 |
|  | ANGLE PIN HEADER, 2P 173979-2 | 1770247 |
| CN1905 | CONNECTOR BASELIGHT ANGLE 008283021100000 or | J383C02UG001 |
|  | ANGLE PIN HEADER, 2P 173979-2 | 1770247 |
|  | DIODES |  |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D1908 | LED 333GT/E | NPHZ00333GTE |
| D1909 | LED 333GT/E | NPHZ00333GTE |
| D1910 | LED LAMP LTL2R3CBK5 | NPQZL2R3CBK5 |
| D1911 | LED LAMP LTL2R3CBK5 | NPQZL2R3CBK5 |
| TRANSISTORS |  |  |
| Q1901 | TRANSISTOR 2SC4081 T106 Q | QQ1Q02SC4081 |
| Q1902 | TRANSISTOR 2SC4081 T106 Q | QQ1Q02SC4081 |
| RESISTORS |  |  |
| R1901 | CHIP RES.(1608) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0100 |
| R1902 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0103 |
| R1903 | CHIP RES.(1608) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0100 |
| R1904 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0101 |
| R1905 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0101 |
| R1906 | CHIP RES. (1608) 1/10W J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0101 |
| R1907 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0103 |
| R1908 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0103 |
| R1911 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0103 |
| R1912 | CHIP RES.(1608) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{3.3k} \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0332 |
| R1913 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0103 |
| R1915 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W $0 \Omega$ | RRXAZR5Z0000 |
| R1916 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W $0 \Omega$ | RRXAZR5Z0000 |
| R1917 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 100k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0104 |
| R1918 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J 180k $\Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0184 |
| R1919 | CHIP RES. (1608) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{3.3k} \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0332 |
| R1920 | CHIP RES. (1608) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0222 |
| R1926 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W $0 \Omega$ | RRXAZR5Z0000 |
| SWITCHES |  |  |
| SW1901 | TACT SWITCH SKHHLPA010 | SST0101AL056 |
| SW1902 | TACT SWITCH SKHHLPA010 | SST0101AL056 |
| SW1903 | TACT SWITCH SKHHLPA010 | SST0101AL056 |
| SW1908 | TACT SWITCH SKHHLPA010 | SST0101AL056 |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |
| RV1901 | PHOTO LINK MODULE RPM7237-H9 | USESJRSRM006 |

LED A CBA
(Each parts on this CBA can be supplied.)

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LED A CBA Consists of the following | -------- |
| CAPACITOR |  |  |
| C1913 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP.(1608) CH J 100pF/50V | CHD1JJ3CH101 |
| CONNECTORS |  |  |
| CN1910 | CONNECTOR BASE/LIGHT ANGLE 008283021100000 or | J383C02UG001 |
|  | ANGLE PIN HEADER, 2P 173979-2 | 1770247 |
| DIODES |  |  |
| D1903 | LED LAMP LTL2R3CBK5 | NPQZL2R3CBK5 |
| D1904 | LED LAMP LTL2R3CBK5 | NPQZL2R3CBK5 |
| RESISTORS |  |  |
| R1922 | CHIP RES.(1608) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0101 |
| R1923 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJR5Z0101 |

LED B CBA
(Each parts on this CBA can be supplied.)

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | LED B CBA <br> Consists of the following |  |
| CAPACITOR |  |  |
| C1914 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP.(1608) CHJ 100pF/50V | CHD1JJ3CH101 |
| CONNECTOR |  |  |
| CN1911 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 2P WX1L0600-025 |  |
| RES |  |  |
| D1905 | LED LAMP LTL2R3CBK5 |  |
| D1906 | LED LAMP LTL2R3CBK5 |  |
| RESISTORS |  |  |
| R1924 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J820 $\Omega$ | NPQZL2R3CBK5 |
| R1925 | CHIP RES.(1608) 1/10W J820 $\Omega$ | NPQZL2R3CBK5 |

ANALOG CBA

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ANALOG CBA Consists of the following | 1ESA10294 |
| CAPACITORS |  |  |
| C201 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CA1J104TU014 |
| C202 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CA1J104TU014 |
| C203 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL220 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL220 |
| C206 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CA1J104TU014 |
| C207 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL220 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL220 |
| C208 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASTL1R0 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL010 |
| C209 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL220 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL220 |
| C210 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CA1J104TU014 |
| C213 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C215 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 10pF/50V | CCA1JJTCH100 |
| C216 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 10pF/50V | CCA1JJTCH100 |
| C291 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 10 $10 \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL100 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C501 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C503 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 220 $\mathrm{F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL221 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 220 1 F/10V M | CE1AMASDL221 |
| C507 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C508 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mathrm{F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mathrm{F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C509 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mu$ F/10V M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C510 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mu$ F/10V M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C511 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C513 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMASDL101 |
| C701 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1CMASTL470 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL470 |
| C702 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C703 | CERAMIC CAP(AX) CH J 33pF/50V | CA1J330TU008 |
| C704 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C705 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C706 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C707 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C708 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1CMASTL470 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 $\mu \mathrm{F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL470 |
| C709 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C710 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C711 | CERAMIC CAP(AX) CH J 33pF/50V | CA1J330TU008 |
| C712 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C713 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C714 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB102 |
| C715 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C716 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1CMASTL470 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 $\mu$ F/16V M | CE1CMASDL470 |
| C717 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C718 | CERAMIC CAP(AX) CH J 33pF/50V | CA1J330TU008 |
| C719 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C720 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C721 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C722 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C723 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1CMASTL470 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 $\mu$ F/16V M | CE1CMASDL470 |
| C724 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C725 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1AMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mathrm{F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C726 | CERAMIC CAP(AX) CH J 33pF/50V | CA1J330TU008 |
| C727 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C728 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C729 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C730 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C731 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASTL1R0 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL010 |
| C732 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL1R0 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL010 |
| C733 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTLR10 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASDLR10 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLOR1 |
| C734 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTLR10 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASDLR10 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL0R1 |
| C735 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C736 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C737 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C738 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH J 100pF/50V | CA1J101TU008 |
| C801 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C802 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C803 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMASTL101 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMASDL101 |
| C806 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMZNTL102 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMZPDL102 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 1000 $\mathrm{F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMZADL102 |
| C807 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMASTL101 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMASDL101 |
| C808 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMZNTL102 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMZPDL102 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 1000 $\mu \mathrm{F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMZADL102 |
| C809 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMZNTL102 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1EMZPDL102 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMZADL102 |
| C810 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ or | CMA1JJS00104 |
|  | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CA1J104MS029 |
| C811 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ or | CMA1JJS00104 |
|  | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CA1J104MS029 |
| C812 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C820 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C821 | FILM CAP.(P) 0.015 $\mathrm{F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ or | CMA1JJS00153 |
|  | FILM CAP.(P) 0.015 $\mathrm{F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CA1J153MS029 |
| C822 | FILM CAP.(P) 0.033 $\mathrm{F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ or | CMA1JJS00333 |
|  | FILM CAP.(P) 0.033 ${ }^{\text {F/ } / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}}$ | CA1J333MS029 |
| C823 | FILM CAP.(P) 0.033 $\mathrm{F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ or | CMA1JJS00333 |
|  | FILM CAP.(P) 0.033 $\mu$ F/50V J | CA1J333MS029 |
| C825 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M or | CE1JMASTL4R7 |
|  | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C826 | FILM CAP.(P) 0.015 $\mathrm{F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ or | CMA1JJS00153 |
|  | FILM CAP.(P) 0.015 $\mathrm{F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CA1J153MS029 |
| C831 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CA1J104TU014 |
| CONNECTORS |  |  |
| CN201 | TWG CONNECTOR 09P TWG-P09P-A1 | J3TWA09TG001 |
| CN203 | TWG CONNECTOR 23P TWG-P23P-A1 | J3TWA23TG001 |
| CN204 | PH CONNECTOR, TOP 6P B6B-PH-K-S | J3PHC06JG001 |
| CN501 | CONNECTOR BASE, TOP 11P B11B-PH-K-S | J3PHC11JG001 |
| CN502 | PH CONNECTOR, TOP 7P B7B-PH-K-S | J3PHC07JG001 |
| CN701 | TWG CONNECTOR 15P TWG-P15P-A1 | J3TWA15TG001 |
| CN801 | CONNECTOR BASE, 2P(EH) B2B-EH-A | J3EHC02JG001 |
| CN802 | CONNECTOR BASE, 2P(EH) B2B-EH-A | J3EHC02JG001 |
| DIODES |  |  |
| D202 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) or | QDTZ001SS133 |
|  | SWITCHING DIODE 1N4148 | NDTZ001N4148 |
| D285 | SCHOTTKY BARRIER DIODE ERA81-004 | QDPZERA81004 |
| D501 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-775.6B or | QDTB0MTZJ5R6 |
|  | ZENER DIODE DZ-5.6BSBT265 | NDTB0DZ5R6BS |
| D503 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-773.9B or | QDTB0MTZJ3R9 |
|  | ZENER DIODE DZ-3.9BSBT265 | NDTB0DZ3R9BS |
| D802 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) or | QDTZ001SS133 |
|  | SWITCHING DIODE 1N4148 | NDTZ001N4148 |
| D803 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) or | QDTZ001SS133 |
|  | SWITCHING DIODE 1N4148 | NDTZ001N4148 |
| ICS |  |  |
| IC201 | IC:MEMORY S524C20D21 or | NSZBA0SSM028 |
|  | IC:MEMORY BR24C02F-W or | QSMBA0SRM003 |
|  | IC:MEMORY BR24C02F or | QSMMA0SRM003 |
|  | IC:EEPROM CAT24WC02JI or | NSZBA0SBG001 |
|  | IC(EEP-ROM) M24C02-WMN6 | NSZAA0SSS004 |
| IC202 | IC:ANALOG MULTIPLEXER CD4051BNSR | NSZBA0TTY157 |
| IC203 | IC:ANALOG MULTIPLEXER CD4051BNSR | NSZBA0TTY157 |
| IC204 | IC PST600L | QSBLA0TMM018 |
| IC205 | PDP MICOM M38034M4H-159KP | QSZAB0RHT029 |
| IC801 | AUDIO POWER IC AN17805A | QSZBA0SMS007 |
| TRANSISTORS |  |  |
| Q203 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q204 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q205 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q206 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q207 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q271 | TRANSISTOR 2SA1175(F) or | QQSF02SA1175 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTA1267(GR) or | NQS10KTA1267 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTA1266(GR) or | NQS40KTA1266 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SA1015-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SA1015 |
| Q272 | TRANSISTOR 2SA1175(F) or | QQSF02SA1175 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTA1267(GR) or | NQS10KTA1267 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTA1266(GR) or | NQS40KTA1266 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SA1015-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SA1015 |
| Q295 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q501 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q503 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q701 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q702 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q703 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q704 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q705 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q706 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q707 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q708 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q709 | TRANSISTOR 2SA1175(F) or | QQSF02SA1175 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTA1267(GR) or | NQS10KTA1267 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTA1266(GR) or | NQS40KTA1266 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SA1015-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SA1015 |
| Q710 | RES. BUILT-IN TRANSISTOR BA1F4M-T or | QQSZ00BA1F4M |
|  | RES. BUILT-IN TRANSISTOR KRC103M | NQSZOKRC103M |
| Q711 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q712 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q801 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| Q831 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) or | QQSF02SC2785 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3199(GR) or | NQS10KTC3199 |
|  | TRANSISTOR KTC3198(GR) or | NQS40KTC3198 |
|  | TRANSISTOR 2SC1815-GR(TPE2) | QQS102SC1815 |
| RESISTORS |  |  |
| R201 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R202 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R203 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R204 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R207 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R208 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R209 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R210 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R213 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R214 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R215 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R217 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R218 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R219 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R220 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R221 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R222 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R223 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R224 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R225 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R226 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R227 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R228 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R229 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R230 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R231 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R232 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R233 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R234 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R236 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R237 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R238 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R239 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R240 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R241 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R242 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R243 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R244 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R245 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R246 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R247 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R248 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R249 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R251 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R252 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R253 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R254 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0472 |
| R255 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R256 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R257 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R258 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0104 |
| R259 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0104 |
| R260 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R261 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R262 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R263 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R264 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0472 |
| R265 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0472 |
| R271 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R272 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R273 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R274 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R275 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R276 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R277 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0332 |
| R278 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R285 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R291 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R292 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{1M} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0105 |
| R295 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R501 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $150 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0151 |
| R502 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R503 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 22 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0220 |
| R506 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $150 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0151 |
| R507 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R701 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 75 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0750 |
| R702 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R703 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R705 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 33k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0333 |
| R706 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 39k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R707 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R708 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R709 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 75 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0750 |
| R710 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R711 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R713 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 33k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0333 |
| R714 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 39k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R715 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R716 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R717 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 75 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0750 |
| R718 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R719 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R721 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 33k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0333 |
| R722 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 39k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R723 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R724 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R725 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0473 |
| R726 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R727 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 18k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0183 |
| R728 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 47k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0473 |
| R729 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R730 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 18k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0183 |
| R731 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 75 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0750 |
| R732 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R733 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R735 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 33k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0333 |
| R736 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 39k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R737 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R738 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R739 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $75 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0750 |
| R740 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R741 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R743 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 33k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0333 |
| R744 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 39k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R745 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R746 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R747 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 75 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0750 |
| R748 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R749 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R751 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 33k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0333 |
| R752 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 39k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R753 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R754 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R755 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 47k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0473 |
| R756 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 1.5k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R757 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 18k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0183 |
| R758 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 47k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0473 |
| R759 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 1.5k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R760 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 18k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0183 |
| R761 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 22 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0220 |
| R762 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 22 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0220 |
| R763 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0182 |
| R764 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R765 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 56k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0563 |
| R766 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R767 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0563 |
| R768 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R769 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 1.8k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0182 |
| R770 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R771 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R772 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 560 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0561 |
| R773 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 4.7k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0472 |
| R774 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $560 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0561 |
| R775 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 4.7k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0472 |
| R801 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R802 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R805 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R809 | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 0.68 \Omega$ or | RN02R68ZU001 |
|  | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 0.68 \Omega$ | RN02R68DP004 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R810 | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 0.68 \Omega$ or | RN02R68ZU001 |
|  | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 0.68 \Omega$ | RN02R68DP004 |
| R811 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0153 |
| R812 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R813 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{10k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R814 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R815 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R816 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R817 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R820 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0332 |
| R821 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R822 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R825 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0332 |
| R826 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 680 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0681 |
| R827 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R831 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R832 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R833 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |
| BC701 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| BC702 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| BC703 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| BC704 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| JK701 | Y/C JACK(SW) YKF51-5563N | JYEL080JC002 |
| JK702 | RCA JACK YKC21-4510N | JYRL060JC005 |
| JK703 | RCA JACK(WHITE/RED) YKC21-4042N | JXRL020JC024 |
| JS201 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| PB1 | HEAT SINK (PJH) ASSEMBLY L0600UA | 0EM409007 |
| X201 | X'TAL AT-49 8.400MHz | FXE845LDS001 |

## FILTER CBA

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | FlLTER CBA <br> Consists of the following | 1ESA10304 |
| RESNECTOR |  |  |
| CN601 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 2P WX1L0600-014 |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |
| R601 | SOLID RES.(UL) 1/2W 3.3M $\Omega$ |  |
|  |  |  |
| CLN601 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 1P WX1L0600-019 |  |
| CLN602 | WIRE ASSEMBLY 1P WX1L0600-020 | WSX2335KE010 |
| F601 | FUSE 8A250V | WX1L06060000020 |
| FH601 | FUSE HOLDER MSF-015 | PAGF20BAG802 |
| FH602 | FUSE HOLDER MSF-015 | XH01Z00LY001 |
| GP641A | GAP. FNR-G3.10D | XH01Z00LY001 |
| JK601A | EMI FILTER ID-N10AEH | FAZ000LD6005 |
| SA601A | SURGE ABSORBER JVR-07N471K or | JTDCFZ04D001 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | SURGE ABSORBER CNR-10D471K or | NVQZRR107N471 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | SURGE ABSORBER CNR-07D471K or | NVQZR07D471K |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | SURGE ABSORBER PVR-07D471KB | NVQZO7D471KB |

# PLASMA DISPLAY MODULE SECTION 

## PLASMA DISPLAY

## F42PDME

## Plasma Display Module Section

- Safety Precautions
- Disassembly and Adjustment
- Troubleshooting
- Exploded Views
- Parts List


## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Safety Precautions ..... 2-1-1
Disassembly and Adjustment. ..... 2-2-1
Troubleshooting ..... 2-3-1
Wiring Diagram ..... 2-4-1
Exploded View ..... 2-5-1
Parts List ..... 2-6-1

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

PDP Module is a display device to be divided into a Panel part and a Drive part. The Panel part consists of Electrodes, Phosphor, various dielectrics and gas, and the Drive part includes electronic circuitry and PCB.
When using/handling this PDP Module, pay attention to the below warning and cautions.

## Warning!

Indicates a hazard that may lead to death or injury if the warning is ignored and the product is handled incorrectly.

## Caution!

Indicates a hazard that can lead to injury or damage to property if the caution is ignored and the product is handled incorrectly.

## 1. WARNING

(1) Do not supply a voltage higher than that specified to this product. This may damage the product and may cause a fire.
(2) Do not use this product in locations where the humidity is extremely high, where it may be splashed with water, or where flammable materials surround it.
Do not install or use the product in a location that does no satisfy the specified environmental conditions. This may damage the product and may cause a fire.
(3) If a foreign substance (such as water, metal, or liquid) gets inside the product, immediately turn off the power. Continuing to use the product, it is may cause fire or electric shock.
(4) If the product emits smoke, and abnormal smell, or makes an abnormal sound, immediately turn off the power. Continuing to use the product, it may cause fire or electric shock.
(5) Do not disconnect or connect the connector while power to the product is on. It takes some time for the voltage to drop to a sufficiently low level after the power has been turned off.

Confirm that the voltage has dropped to a safe level before disconnecting or connecting the connector.
(6) Do not pull out or insert the power cable from/to an outlet with wet hands. It may cause electric shock.
(7) Do not damage or modify the power cable. It may cause fire or electric shock.
(8) If the power cable is damaged, or if the connector is loose, do not use the product: otherwise, this can lead to fire or electric shock.
(9) If the power connector or the connector of the power cable becomes dirty or dusty, wipe it with a dry cloth. Otherwise, this can lead to fire.
(10) PDP Module uses a high voltage (Max. 450 V dc). Keep the cautions concerning electric shock and do not touch the Device circuitry when handling the PDP Unit. And because the capacitor of the Device circuitry may remain charged at the moment of Power OFF, standing by for 1 minute is required in order to touch the Device circuitry.

## 2. CAUTIONS

(1) Do not place this product in a location that is subject to heavy vibration, or on an unstable surface such as an inclined surface. The product may fall off or fall over, causing injuries.
(2) Before disconnecting cable from the product, be sure to turn off the power. Be sure to hold the connector when disconnecting cables. Pulling a cable with excessive force may cause the core of the cable to be exposed or break the cable, and this can lead to fire or electric shock.
(3) This product should be moved by two or more persons. If one person attempts to carry this product alone, he/ she may be injured.
(4) This product contains glass. The glass may break, causing injuries, if shock, vibration, heat, or distortion is applied to the product.
(5) The temperature of the glass of the display may rise to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or more depending on the conditions of use. If you touch the glass inadvertently, you may be burned.
(6) If glass surface of the display breaks or is scratched, do not touch the broken pieces or the scratches with bare hands. You may be injured.
(7) PDP Module requires to be handled with care not to be touched with metal or hard materials, and must not be stressed by heat or mechanical impact.
(8) There are some exposed components on the rear panel of this product. Touching these components may cause an electric shock.
(9) When moving the product, be sure to turn off the power and disconnect all the cables. While moving the product, watch your step. The product may be dropped or all, leading to injuries of electric shock.
(10) In order to protect static electricity due to C-MOS circuitry of the Drive part, wear a wrist band to protect static electricity when handling.
(11) If cleaning the Panel, wipe it with a soft cloth moistened with water or a neutral detergent and squeezed, being careful not to touch the connector part of the Panel. And don't use chemical materials like thinner or benzene.
(12) If this product is used as a display board to display a static image, "image sticking" occurs. This means that the luminance of areas of the display that remain lit for a long time drops compared with luminance of areas that are lit for a shorter time, causing uneven luminance across the display.
The degree to which this occurs is in proportion to the luminance at which the display is used. To prevent this phenomenon, therefore, avoid static images as much as possible and design your system so that it is used at a low luminance, by reducing signal level difference between bright area and less bright area through signal processing.
(13) Because PDP Module emits heat from the Glass Panel part and the Drive circuitry, the environmental temperature must not be over $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
The temperature of the Glass Panel part is especially high owing to heat from internal Drive circuitry. And because the PDP Module is driven by high voltage, it must avoid conductive materials.
(14) If inserting components or circuit board in order to repair, be sure to fix a lead line to the connector before soldering.
(15) If inserting high-power resistor (metal-oxide film resistor or metal film resistor) in order to repair, insert it as 10 mm away as from a board.
(16) During repairs, high voltage or high temperature components must be put away from a lead line.
(17) This is a Cold Chassis but you had better use a cold transformer for safety during repairs. If repairing electricity source part, you must use the cold transformer.
(18) Do not place an object on the glass surface of the display. The glass may break or be scratched.
(19) This product may be damaged if it is subject to excessive stresses (such as excessive voltage, current, or temperature). The absolute maximum ratings specify the limits of these stresses.
(20) The recommended operating conditions are conditions in which the normal operation of this product is guaranteed. All the rated values of the electrical specifications are guaranteed within these conditions.
Always use the product within the range of the recommended operating conditions. Otherwise, the reliability of the product may be degraded.
(21) This product has a glass display surface. Design your system so that excessive shock and load are not applied to the glass. Exercise care that the vent at the corner of the glass panel is not damaged.
If the glass panel or vent is damaged, the product is inoperable.
(22) Do not cover or wrap the product with a cloth or other covering while power is supplied to the product.
(23) Before turning on power to the product, check the wiring of the product and confirm that the supply voltage is within the rated voltage range. If the wiring is wrong or if a voltage outside the rated range is applied, the product may malfunction or be damaged.
(24) Do not store this product in a location where temperature and humidity are high. This may cause the product to malfunction. Because this product uses a discharge phenomenon, it may take time to light (operation may be delayed) when the product is used after it has been stored for a long time. In this case, it is recommended to light all cells for about 2 hours (aging).
(25) This product is made from various materials such as glass, metal, and plastic. When discarding it, be sure to contact a professional waste disposal operator.
(26) If faults occur due to arbitrary modification or disassembly, LG Electronics is not responsible for function, quality or other items.
(27) Use of the product with a combination of parameters, conditions, or logic not specified in the specifications of this product is not guaranteed. If intending to use the product in such a way, be sure to consult LGE in advance.
(28) Within the warranty period, general faults that occur due to defects in components such as ICs will be rectified by LGE without charge. However, IMAGE STICKING due to misapplying the above (12) provision is not included in the warranty. Repairs due to the other faults may be charged for depending on responsibility for the faults.

## DISASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

## I. DISASSEMBLY

## 1. Board and Positions of Screw Mount



- : Screw

Fig. DE1

| No. | Name of Board | No. of Screw |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| B1 | PDP PS Unit | 6 |
| B2 | LVDS CTRL B/D Unit | 4 |
| B3 | Y DRV UPPER B/D Unit | 2 |
| B4 | Y DRV LOWER B/D Unit | 2 |
| B5 | X RIGHT B/D Unit | 2 |
| B6 | X LEFT B/D Unit | 2 |
| B7 | Y SUS B/D Unit | 6 |
| B8 | Z SUS B/D Unit | 5 |

## 2. Signal Connectors of Boards



Fig. DE2

| No. | Name of Cable | Disconnecting Note |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| F1 | COF (Chip on Film) | 1 |
| F2 | FPC (Flexible Printed Circuit) | 2 |
| F3 | FPC (Flexible Printed Circuit) | 2 |
| F4 | FFC (Flexible Flat Cable) | 1 |
| F5 | FFC (Flexible Flat Cable) | 1 |
| F6 | FFC (Flexible Flat Cable) | 1 |

## NOTES:

1. Lift up the locker of connector as shown in Fig. DE3-1 and then pull out cable.
2. Perform the following procedures for disconnection.
a) Pull out the locker of connector as shown in Fig. DE3-2.
b) Push down the Flat Cable slightly and take back cable.


Fig. DE3-1


## 3. Power Cable Connectors



Fig. DE4

## II. ADJUSTMENT

## 1. Application Object

This standard is applied to the PDP42V6\#\#\#\# PDP Module which is manufactured by the manufacturing team of PDP promotion department or elsewhere.

## 2. Notes

(1) Without any special specification, the Module should be at the condition of preliminaries more than 10 minutes before adjusting.

- Service signal: 100\% Full White signal
- Service DC voltage: Vcc: 5V, Va: 65V, Vs: 185 V
- DC/DC Pack voltage: Vsetup: 200V, Vscw: 115V, -Vy: -75V
- Preliminaries environment: Temp ( $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), Relative humidity ( $65 \pm 10 \%$ )
(2) Module should get the Aging for the equilibrium after finish the assembling. Aging condition is shown below.
- Service signal: $100 \%$ Full White, Red, Green, Blue pattern signal (Service time of each pattern: within 5minutes/cycle)
- Service DC voltage: Match the voltage with the set up voltage in the first adjustment.
- Aging time: More than 4Hrs
- Aging environment: Temp $\left(60 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, Relative humidity- Less than $75 \%$
(3) Module adjustment should be followed by below sequence.
- Setting up the initial voltage and adjusting the voltage wave form of Vsetup
- Measuring the Margin of Vs voltage and deciding the voltage
- Adjusting and checking the voltage of DC/DC pack (Vsetup, Vscw, -Vy)
- Adjusting the voltage wave form of Vset-down
- Measuring the Margin of Vset-up voltage and deciding the voltage
- Adjusting the wave form of final voltage

But, these items above can be changed by the consideration of mass production. (When changing the sequence, there should be an agreement of the Module development 2Gr./ QA Gr./ Manufacturing Gr.)
(4) Without any special specification, you should adjust the Module in the environment of Temp ( $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and Relative humidity ( $65 \pm 10 \%$ ).
Caution) If you let the still image more than 10 minutes (especially The Digital pattern or Cross Hatch Pattern which has clear gradation), after image can be presented in the black level part of screen.

## 3. Adjustment items

## 3-1. Adjusting the Board Group

(1) Adjusting the voltage wave form of Vset-up
(2) Adjusting the voltage wave form of Vset-down
(3) Adjusting the voltage wave form of Vramp

## 3-2 Adjustment after assembling (PDP Module adjustment)

(1) Setting up the initial voltage and adjusting the voltage wave form of Vsetup
(2) Measuring the voltage Margin of Vs and deciding the voltage
(3) Adjusting and checking the voltage of DC/DC pack (Vsetup, Vscw, -Vy)
(4) Adjusting the voltage wave form of Vset-down
(5) Measuring the Margin of Vset-up voltage and deciding the voltage
(6) Adjusting the wave form of final voltage

## 4. Adjusting the Board Group (Applying the Jig Set)

## 4-1. Using Tools

(1) Digital oscilloscope: More than 200 MHz
(2) DVM (Digital Multimeter): Fluke 87 or similar one
(3) Signal generator: VG-825 or similar one
(4) DC power supply

- DC power supply for Vs (1): Should be changeable more than 0-200V/ more than 10A
- DC power supply for $\mathrm{Va}(1)$ : Should be changeable more than $0-100 \mathrm{~V} /$ more than 5A
- DC power supply for 5 V (1):Should be changeable more than $0-10 \mathrm{~V} /$ more than 10A
- DC-DC Converter Jig (1): The Jig which has voltage equivalent output of PDP42V6\#\#\#\# Module after taking the $\mathrm{Vs}, \mathrm{Va}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ voltage
- Voltage stability of power supply: Within $\pm 1 \%$ for $\mathrm{Vs} / \mathrm{Va}$, within $\pm 3 \%$ for 5 V


## 4-2. Connection diagram of measuring instrument and setting up the initial voltage


<Caution>
(1) The power of the signal generator should be turned on before turning on the power of DC power supply.
(2) The voltage of DC power supply, in standard of Module input voltage, should be preset as below. Vcc: 5V, Va: $65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Vs}: 185 \mathrm{~V}$
(3) The power of power supply must turned on by this sequence. Reverse direction when turning off.

* Module on: $5 \mathrm{~V} \Rightarrow \mathrm{Va} \Rightarrow \mathrm{Vs}$, Module off: $\mathrm{Vs} \Rightarrow \mathrm{Va} \Rightarrow 5 \mathrm{~V}$
(4) Signal generator should be selected with $852^{*} 480$ (WVGA) mode.

Fig. DE5 (Connection diagram of measuring instrument)
(1) Connection diagram of measuring instrument

Refer to Fig. DE5. (Connection diagram of measuring instrument that adjusting the voltage wave form)
(2) Setting up the initial voltage

Initially setting up voltage: Vcc: 5 V , Va: 65 V , Vs: 185 V
But, Initially setting up voltage can be changed by the set up range according to the Module's characteristic.

## 4-3. How to Adjust

(1) Adjusting the Voltage Wave form of Vsetup
a. Connect measuring instrument like the connection diagram Fig. DE5.
b. Turn on the power of the measuring instrument like the <Caution> item Fig. DE5.
c. Connect the oscilloscope probe to P4 connecter ( 80 Pin ) of Y-SUS PCB and GND.
d. Turn the VR1 of Y -SUS PCB and make the " $A$ " wave form Fig. DE6 to be $20 \pm 1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
(2) Adjusting Vset-down Voltage Wave form

Turn the VR2 of Y -SUS PCB and make the " B " wave form Fig. DE6 to be $150 \pm 5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

(Fig. DE6) Y, Z set-up Waveform
(3) Adjusting the Voltage Wave form of Vramp
a. Connect oscilloscope Probe to the B37 Pin on Z PCB and the GND.
b. Turn the VR3 of $Z$ PCB and make the " $C$ " wave form Fig. DE7 to be $7 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.

But, in case of not setting up the Test point, produce same output and adjust wave form connect to other pattern or parts which has no possibility of short.

(Fig. DE7) Z ramp Waveform

## 5. Adjustment after Assembling (PDP Module Adjustment)

## 5-1.Using Tools

(1) Digital oscilloscope: More than 200 MHz
(2) DVM (Digital Multimeter): Fluke 87 or similar one
(3) Signal generator: VG-825 or similar one
(4) DC power supply

- DC power supply for Vs (1): Should be changeable more than 0-200V/ more than 10A
- DC power supply for $\mathrm{Va}(1)$ : Should be changeable more than $0-100 \mathrm{~V} /$ more than 5A
- DC power supply for 5 V (1): Should be changeable more than $0-10 \mathrm{~V} /$ more than 10 A
- DC-DC Converter Jig (1): The Jig which has voltage equivalent output of PDP42V6\#\#\#\# Module after taking the $\mathrm{Vs}, \mathrm{Va}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ voltage
- Voltage stability of power supply: Within $\pm 1 \%$ for $\mathrm{Vs} / \mathrm{Va}$, within $\pm 3 \%$ for 5 V


## 5-2. Connection diagram of measuring instrument and setting up the initial voltage

(1) Connection diagram of measuring instrument

Refer to Fig. DE5. (Connection diagram of measuring instrument that adjusting the voltage wave form)
(2) Setting up the initial voltage

Initially setting up voltage: Vcc: $5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Va}: 65 \mathrm{~V}$, Vs: 185 V
But, Initially setting up voltage can be changed by the set up range according to the Module's characteristic.

## 5-3. How to Adjust

(1) Adjusting initial voltage wave form

Check the voltage wave form like the mentioned way on the $4-3$ (How to adjust) and readjust the wave form when it is wrong.

## (2) Checking the DC/DC pack voltage

a. Convert the signal of signal generator to the $100 \%$ Full White signal
b. Connect the GND terminal of DVM to the R30's right leg of the $Y$ B/D and set the Plus terminal to the left leg of R30 to check the Vscw voltage $(115 \pm 1 \mathrm{~V})$ and when there is abnormality in voltage turn the variable resistor(VR5) of DC/DC Pack (Vscw) on Y B/D to adjust.
c. Connect the GND terminal of DVM to the R31's right leg of the $Y$ B/D and set the Plus terminal to the left leg of R31 to check the -Vy voltage $(-75 \pm 1 \mathrm{~V})$ and when there is abnormality in voltage turn the variable resistor (VR6) of DC/DC Pack (-Vy) on Y B/D to adjust.
d. Connect the GND terminal of DVM to the R27's right leg of the Y B/D and set the Plus terminal to the left leg of R27 to check the Vsetup voltage ( $200 \pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) and when there is abnormality in voltage turn the variable resistor(VR4) of DC/DC Pack (Vsetup) on Y B/D to adjust.

## (3) Measuring the Vs voltage Margin and deciding the voltage

a. Convert the signal of signal generator to the $100 \%$ Full Red signal.
b. Turn the voltage adjusting knob of Vs DC power supply to the voltage -down direction and make the cell of screen turned off.
c. Turn the voltage adjusting knob of Vs DC power supply to the voltage -up direction until the cell of screen turned on. The first voltage, which make the cell of full screen turned on, is named as Vsmin1 and record it.
d. Turn the voltage adjusting knob of Vs DC power supply to the voltage-up direction slowly until the cell of screen turned off or over electric discharge. The first voltage, which makes the cell of screen turned off or over electric discharge, is named as Vsmax1 and records it (Only, Vs voltage variable passes over the maximum 190V)
e. Convert the signal of signal generator to the $100 \%$ Full Green signal.
f. Repeat the adjustment (2) item and name each voltage as Vsmin2/Vsmax2 and record them.
g. Convert the signal of signal generator to $100 \%$ Full Blue signal.
h. Repeat the adjustment (2) item and name each voltage as Vsmin3/Vsmax3 and record them.
i. Convert the signal of signal generator to $100 \%$ Full White signal.
j. Repeat the adjustment (2) item and name each voltage as Vsmin4/Vsmax4 and record them.
k. Convert the signal of signal generator to $100 \%$ Full Black signal.
I. Repeat the adjustment (2) item and name each voltage as Vsmin5/Vsmax5 and record them.
m. At this time decided Vs voltage adds 6V to Max value(Vsmin1~Vsmin5) and set up the voltage within the set-up range( $180 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{Vs} \leq 190 \mathrm{~V}$ ) in consideration of other features.
n. Turn the voltage adjusting knob of Vs DC power supply make deciding the Vs voltage.
o. Adjust Vset-down wave form using setting up Vs voltage like mentioned on the 4-3.
(4) Adjusting the final voltage wave form

Check the voltage wave form like the mentioned way on the $4-3$ (How to adjust) and readjust the wave form when it is twisted.
(5) DC-DC Pack Voltage Set up Range

Vsetup: 185V ~ 225V
Vsc: 90V ~ 120V
-Vy: -60V ~ -80V

## TROUBLESHOOTING

Below are charts for troubleshooting, even under the condition that both the Digital CBA and the Analog CBA are normal, when there is a malfunction in the plasma display module.

## FLOW CHART NO. 1



FLOW CHART NO. 2
 2~3 min. from power on.
Power protection function protect the boards when occurred short on circuits of PDP module or power problem. If can not impress power even after replacing PDP PS unit, find out where the short occurred.

FLOW CHART NO. 3


## FLOW CHART NO. 4



LVDS CTRL B/D unit.

FLOW CHART NO. 5


## FLOW CHART NO. 6




## FLOW CHART NO. 8



WIRING DIAGRAM


EXPLODED VIEWS OF PDP MODULE


## PARTS LIST

| Ref. <br> No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | CTRL B/D Assembly(LVDS) | 1EDM10576 |
| 2 | YDRV Upper B/D Assembly | 1EDM10577 |
| 3 | YDRV Lower B/D Assembly | 1EDM10578 |
| 4 | Y SUS B/D Assembly | 1EDM10579 |
| 5 | Z SUS B/D Assembly | 1EDM10580 |
| 6 | X RIGHT B/D Assembly | 1EDM10581 |
| 7 | X LEFT B/D Assembly | 1EDM10582 |
| 8 | 42 PSU Assembly | 1EDM10583 |

