## 802C System Controller Original and SMD Version



Units with serial numbers beginning with 100000 are the original 802C's. Units with serial numbers beginning with 200000 are the new SMD 802C's.

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## SAFETY INFORMATION

1. Parts that have special safety characteristics are identified by the ! symbol on schematics or by special notes on the parts list. Use only replacement parts that have critical characteristics recommended by the manufacturer.
2. Make leakage current or resistance measurements to determine that exposed parts are acceptably insulated from the supply circuit before returning the unit to the customer. Use the following checks to perform these measurements:
A. Leakage Current Hot Check-With the unit completely reassembled, plug the AC line cord directly into a 120V AC outlet. (Do not use an isolation transformer during this test.) Use a leakage current tester or a metering system that complies with American National Standards Institute (ANSI) C101.1 "Leakage Current for Appliances" and Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 1492 (71). With the unit AC switch first in the ON position, then in the OFF position, measure from a known earth ground (metal water pipe, conduit, etc.) to all exposed metal parts of the unit (antennas, handle bracket, metal cabinet, screwheads, metallic overlays, control shafts, etc.), especially any exposed metal parts that offer an electrical return path to the chassis. Any current measured must not exceed 0.5 milliamp. Reverse the unit power cord plug in the outlet and repeat test. ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED HEREIN INDICATE A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD THAT MUST BE ELIMINATED BEFORE RETURNING THE UNIT TO THE CUSTOMER.
B. Insulation Resistance Test Cold Check-(1) Unplug the power supply and connect a jumper wire between the two prongs of the plug. (2) Turn on the power switch of the unit. (3) Measure the resistance with an ohmmeter between the jumpered AC plug and each exposed metallic cabinet part on the unit. When the exposed metallic part has a return path to the chassis, the reading should be between 1 and 5.2 Megohms. When there is no return path to the chassis, the reading must be "infinite". If it is not within the limits specified, there is the possibility of a shock hazard, and the unit must be repaired and rechecked before it is returned to the customer.

## PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

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## ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVE (ESDS) DEVICE HANDLING

This unit contains ESDS devices. We recommend the following precautions when repairing, replacing or transporting ESDS devices:

- Perform work at an electrically grounded work station.
- Wear wrist straps that connect to the station or heel straps that connect to conductive floor mats.
- Avoid touching the leads or contacts of ESDS devices or PC boards even if properly grounded. Handle boards by the edges only.
- Transport or store ESDS devices in ESD protective bags, bins, or totes. Do not insert unprotected devices into materials such as plastic, polystyrene foam, clear plastic bags, bubble wrap or plastic trays.

CAUTION: THE $802^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ SYSTEM CONTROLLER CONTAINS NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS. TO PREVENT WARRANTY INFRACTIONS, REFER SERVICING TO WARRANTY SERVICE STATIONS OR FACTORY SERVICE.

## SPECIFICATIONS

| Input Connections: (per channel) | One (1) balanced female XLR connector One (1) unbalanced $1 / 4$ " phone jack |
| :---: | :---: |
| Output Connections: (per channel) | Two (2) 1/4" phone jacks per channel (outputs used depend upon mode selected) |
| Input Impedance: | Balanced input, $4 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ Unbalanced input, $42 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Electronic Crossover Frequency: | 180Hz (bi-amplified mode only) |
| Maximum Output Level: | 4 Volts (+12dB into $600 \Omega, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}-16 \mathrm{kHz}$ ) |
| Total Harmonic Distortion: | Less than $.02 \%$ at 1 Volt ( 0 dB ) Less than $.2 \%$ at 8 Volts (18dB) |
| Output Noise: | Less than 20uV (-9dBV) A-weighted |
| Power Requirements: | $120 \mathrm{Vac}, 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 3.5 Watts $220 \mathrm{Vac}, 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, (European) $100 \mathrm{Vac}, 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, (Japan) |
| Dimensions: | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 4 " \mathrm{H} \times 10 \mathrm{NW} \times 5 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{D} \\ & (4.4 \times 25.4 \times 12.7 \mathrm{~cm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Weight: | $1.97 \mathrm{lbs}(.895 \mathrm{~kg})$ |

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

The $802^{\circledR} \mathrm{C}$ System Controller is a sophisticated signal processing device which combines the functions of three equalizers, an automatic switching circuit, and an electronic crossover. The 802C system controller automatically selects the proper crossover function and equalization curve for a given system application through use of a switching network operating in conjunction with the unit's output jacks. In addition to signal routing based on equalization requirements, the switching network indicates mode of operation on its front panel. The front panel also includes high-cut and low-cut switches which decrease line output by 4 dB at 55 Hz and by 10 dB at 16 kHz . Sharp subsonic and ultrasonic band-limiting filters reduce power waste, stage noise, high-frequency instability, and interference. The 802C system controller retains the compact dimensions of its predecessor, the Bose ${ }^{\circledR} 802 \mathrm{E}$ active equalizer, and fits into one space of a standard 19" equipment rack with the optional RMK-8 Rack Mount Kit.

In an on-going process of manufacturing updates, as technology permits, Bose Corporation has begun using SMD (surface mount devices) components on its 802C controller. The new SMD components are such a space saving feature that this new version permits us to eliminate the "piggy-back" PCB and place all electronics on one single printed circuit board. This manual will identify the different procedures, PCB layouts, and components where necessary.

There is no difference in the operation or function between the original 802C and the 802C SMD units.

## DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY PROCEDURES

Note: Refer to the Figures (2 and 3) for the following procedures.

## 1. Top Cover Removal

1.1 Remove the four screws (two located at the rear of the unit and one located on each side of the unit) that secure the top cover to the chassis.
1.2 Lift the rear of the top cover slightly and slide it forward until the front of the top cover is clear of the switches.

## 2. Top Cover Replacement

2.1 Align the front of the top cover with the switches and LED's and slide the cover into place.
2.2 Secure the top cover into place.

## 3. 302EQ ("piggy-back") PCB Removal

Note: The original 802C has two PCB's. The following procedure will discuss the removal of the "piggy-back" PCB.

Note: The "piggy-back" PCB does not need to be removed when removing the main PCB.

### 3.1 Perform procedure 1.

3.2 Locate the four plastic stand-offs (three are located in the corners of the PCB and one is located between C125 and C225).
3.3 With small needle-nose pliers, squeeze the retaining tab of each stand-off while gently lifting up on the PCB to release the lock. Grasp the PCB at the middle of each side and lift the PCB off of the connectors.

## 4. 302EQ ("piggy-back") PCB Replacement

4.1 Replace the "piggy-back" PCB (on the original 802C controller) by placing the board over the connectors and pushing the board down onto the stand-offs.
4.2 Perform procedure 2.

## 5. Main PCB Removal

5.1 Perform procedure 1.
5.2 Remove the 6 knurled nuts securing the input and output jacks to the chassis.
5.3 Remove the 5 screws that secure the main PCB to the chassis.
5.4 On the rear of the unit, at the XLR jacks there is a small hole with a locking screw inside (see Figure 1). Insert a small flathead screwdriver into the hole and rotate the locking screw $1 / 8$ turn counterclockwise to release the locking tab.
5.5 Lift the front of the PCB up slightly. Gently pull the PCB out while pushing on the center of the XLR jacks.

## 6. Main PCB Replacement

6.1 Carefully slide the PCB into the chassis while aligning the XLR jacks into their housing.
6.2 Lock the XLR jacks into place by inserting a small screwdriver into the small hole in the XLR jack and rotate the screw clockwise 1/8 turn.
6.3 Replace the 5 screws that hold the PCB into place in the chassis.
6.4 Perform procedure 2.


Figure 1. Locking Tab Screw Location


Figure 2. Original 802C PCB Exploded View


Figure 3. SMD 802C PCB Exploded View

## TEST PROCEDURES

## 1. Mode Indicator Test

1.1 Depending on the output jack configuration (see top cover diagram on page 17), equalization curves and output vary. You must test all modes of the 802C to assure proper operation.
1.2 Perform the test below to verify that the mode select operation is working properly.

Note: You can insert one or both of the output jacks into the unit for this test.

## LED Indicator Status

| Output <br> Jacks <br> Inserted | 802 <br> Full <br> Range | Passive <br> 2-Way | Bi- <br> AMP <br> Inserted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On | Off | Off |  |
| Inserted into <br> 802 AMP | On | Off | Off |
| Inserted into <br> 302 AMP | Off | On | Off |
| nserted into <br> 802 and 302 <br> AMP | Off | Off | On |

2. 802 Full Range Frequency Response
2.1 Apply a $750 \mathrm{~Hz}, 500 \mathrm{mV}$ rms signal to the input of the 802C.
2.2 Reference a dB meter to the 802 AMP output jacks.
2.3 Refer to the frequency response table below and verify the response of the unit.

Full Range Frequence Response Table

| Frequency | Output | Tolerance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 Hz | +14.0 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 30 Hz | 0 dB | $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 250 Hz | +2.7 dB | $\pm 1.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 750 Hz | 0 dB <br> (reference) | - |
| 3 kHz | +2.3 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 7.5 kHz | +12.0 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 15 kHz | +16.9 dB | $\pm 1.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

Note: Set both the Lo and Hi cut switches IN for the following response table.
Lo and Hi Cut Switch Response Table

| Frequency | Output | Tolerance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 Hz | +9.3 dB | $\pm 1.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 750 Hz | 0 dB <br> (reference) | - |
| 15 kHz | +6.9 dB | $\pm 2.0 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

3. 302 Passive Frequency Response
3.1 Apply a $750 \mathrm{~Hz}, 500 \mathrm{mV}$ rms signal to the input of the 802 C .
3.2 Reference a dB meter to the 302 AMP output jacks.
3.3 Refer to the frequency response table below and verify the response of the unit.
Passive Frequency Response Table

| Frequency | Output | Tolerance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 Hz | -8.8 dB | $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 55 Hz | +6.2 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 150 Hz | -3.2 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 250 Hz | +3.2 dB | $\pm 1.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 750 Hz | 0 dB <br> (reference) | - |
| 3 kHz | 0.9 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 15 kHz | +15.3 dB | $\pm 1.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

## 4. Bi-Amp Frequency Response

Note: This test is performed with both the 802 AMP and the 302 AMP output jacks used at the same time.
4.1 Apply a $750 \mathrm{~Hz}, 500 \mathrm{mVrms}$ signal to the input of the 802 C .
4.2 Reference a dB meter to the 802 AMP output jacks (while in the Bi-Amp mode).
4.3 Refer to the frequency response table below and verify the response of the unit.

802 Bi -Amp Frequency Response Table

| Frequency | Output | Tolerance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 Hz | -20.1 dB | $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 230 Hz | +2.6 dB | $\pm 1.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 750 Hz | 0 dB <br> (reference) | - |
| 15 kHz | +17.0 dB | $\pm 1.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

## TEST PROCEDURES

4.4 Apply a $100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 500 \mathrm{mVrms}$ signal to the input of the 802C.
4.5 Reference a dB meter to the 302 AMP output jacks (while in the Bi-Amp mode).
4.6 Refer to the frequency response table below and verify the response of the unit.
$302 \mathrm{Bi}-\mathrm{Amp}$ Frequency Response Table

| Frequency | Output | Tolerance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 55 Hz | +3.7 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 100 Hz | (redB <br> (refence) | - |
| 230 Hz | -8.3 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 750 Hz | -25.8 dB | $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

## 5. Distortion Test

Note: Total harmonic distortion must be measured in all modes to assure proper operation.
5.1 Apply a $750 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5 \mathrm{Vrms}$ signal to the input of the 802C.
5.2 Refer to the table below for the distortion specification for the corresponding mode being tested.

Note: For the Bi-Amp 302 reading the input signal should be a $100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 5 \mathrm{Vrms}$ signal.

Distortion Table

| Output | Frequency. | Distortion |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 802 Full <br> Range | 750 Hz | $<0.1 \%$ |
| 302 Passive | 750 Hz | $<0.1 \%$ |
| $802 \mathrm{Bi}-\mathrm{Amp}$ | 750 Hz | $<0.1 \%$ |
| $302 \mathrm{Bi}-\mathrm{Amp}$ | 100 Hz | $<0.1 \%$ |

## 6. Noise Test

6.1 All noise measurements are ANSI A-weighted true rms, with the inputs shorted.
6.2 Refer to the table below for the proper noise levels.

Noise Table

| Output | Noise |
| :--- | :--- |
| 802 Full <br> Range | $<20 u V$ |
| 302 Passive | $<20 u \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 802 Bi-Amp | $<20 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 302 Bi-Amp | $<10 \mathrm{uV}$ |

## PART LIST NOTES

1. This part is not normally available from Customer Service. Approval from the Field Service Manager is required before ordering.
2. The individual parts located on the PCB are listed in the Electrical Part List.
3. This part is critical for safety purposes. Failure to use a substitute replacement with the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement part might create shock, fire and or other hazards.
4. RC-4156 is to be used ONLY as a replacement for U5 and U6. This replaces the selected LS-404 IC previously used in these locations. Due to the higher current needs of the RC-4156, DAMAGE could occur to the power supply if this IC is used in other locations on the PCB.
5. This part is used on the 220 V variation only.

# MAIN PART LIST 

(See Figure 4)

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Item } \\ & \text { Number } \end{aligned}$ | Description | Part Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | COVER | 135040 |  |
| 2 | CHASSIS | 133230 | 1 |
| 3 | FEET | 103593 |  |
| 4 | SCREW, SHEET METAL, $4-40 \times .25 \mathrm{~L}$ | 103118-04 |  |
| 5 | CONNECTOR, XLR | 121810 |  |
| 6 | NUT, KNURLED | 121890 |  |
| 7 | STRAIN RELIEF BUSHING | 106346 |  |
| 8 | LINE CORD, 100/120V | 111672 | 3 |
|  | LINE CORD, 220V | 113608 |  |
| 9 | LED | 123487 |  |
| 10 | BRACKET, LED | 120975 |  |
| 11 | SMD PCB ASSEMBLY | - | 1 |
| 12 | SWITCH, KNOB | 120989 |  |
| 13 | SWITCH, DUAL | 107461 |  |
| 14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCREW, MACHINE, 4-40 } \\ & \text { x.187L } \end{aligned}$ | 103140-03 |  |
| 15 | STANDOFF | 123199 | 1 |
| 16 | PCB ASSEMBLY (TOP) | 122068 |  |
| 17 | PCB ASSEMBLY (MAIN) | - | 1 |
| - | CARTON | 121860 |  |
| - | FILLER | 122640 |  |
| - | POLYBAG | 100688 |  |
| - | ACCESSORY KIT | 121783 |  |
| - | MTG KIT (802 COVER) | 123037 |  |
| - | SWITCH, SLEEVE | 120996 |  |
| - | INSULATOR | 122855 |  |
| - | SCREW, MACHINE, NYLON, <br> 6-32 x .75L, 220V | 124843-12 | 5 |
| - | SCREW, MACHINE, NYLON, $6-32 \times .25 \mathrm{~L}, 220 \mathrm{~V}$ | 128843-04 | 5 |
| - | STANDOFF, HEX, $6 \times$ .375 L | 121828-06 | 5 |


| Reference Designator | Description | Part Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J1,3 | CONNECTOR, XLR, INSERT | 121823 |  |
| J2, 4-8 | JACK, PHONE | 121570 |  |
| J9 | WAFER, 7PIN, (2461) | 123237-07 |  |
| J9 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CONNECTOR, 7PIN } \\ & \text { (21458) } \end{aligned}$ | 121970-07 |  |
| J10 | WAFER, 6PIN (2461) | 123237-06 |  |
| J10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CONNECTOR, 6PIN } \\ & (21458) \end{aligned}$ | 121970-06 |  |
| P1, 2 | TEMINAL, FASTON | 111262 |  |
| T1 | TRANSFORMER, 110/220V TRANSFORMER, 120 V TRANSFORMER, 100V | 120993 $121659-1$ 121824 |  |



Figure 4. Main Parts Exploded View

## ELECTRICAL PART LIST

Resistors

| Reference Designator | Description | Part Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R1, 2 | 2.7k , 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1212725 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R3, 4 | 3.3k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1213325 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R5-7, 11, 15, 118, 218 | 160k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1211645 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R8, 9, 12, 13, 16, 17, 101, 210, 104, } \\ & 204 \end{aligned}$ | 330k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1213345 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R10, 14, 18 | 8.2ks, 1/2 Watt, 5\% | 122071-8225 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R102, 103, 105, 122, 124, 202, 203, } \\ & 205,222,224 \end{aligned}$ | 2.00k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2212001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R106, 206 | 1.9k ${ }^{\text {, }} 1 / 4$ Watt, $1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2211911 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R107, 207 | 48.7k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2214872 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R108, 208 | 20k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1212035 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R109, 126, 130, 131, 209, 226, 230, } \\ & 231 \end{aligned}$ | $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2212372 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R110, 210 | 2.74k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2212741 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R111, 113, 211, 213 | 1k , 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1211025 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R112, 146, 152, 212, 246, 252 | 4.75k $, 1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2214751 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R114, 214 | 13k ${ }^{\text {, }} 1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 2 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1211332 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R115, 215 | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 5 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1211035 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R116, 125, 216, 225 | 8.2k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 2\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1218222 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R117, 128, 129, 133, 134, 217, 228, } \\ & 229,233,234 \end{aligned}$ | $6.81 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2216811 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R119, 120, 219, 220 | 18k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1211835 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R121, 136, 221, 236 | 22k, $1 / 4$ Watt, $5 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1212235 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R123, 223 | 470ת, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1214715 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R127, 227 | 130k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1211345 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R132, 141, 145, 153-158, 232, 241, } \\ & 245,253-258 \end{aligned}$ | $6.04 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 2 \mathrm{Watt}, 1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2216041 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R135, 159, 235, 259 | 510ת, $1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 5 \%$ | 122071-5115 |  |
| R137, 237 | 47.5k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 1214752 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R138, 140, 238, 240 | 15.0k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2211502 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R142, 242 | 3.0k $\Omega$, 1/4 Watt, $1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2213011 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R143, 243 | 33k , 1/4 Watt, 5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1213335 \end{aligned}$ |  |

## ELECTRICAL PART LIST

Resistors (continued)

| Reference Designator | Description | Part Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R144, 244 | 56 k , $1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 2 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1215632 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R148, 248 | 4.12 k , $1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2214121 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R149, 249 | 23.7k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2212372 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R150, 250 | 30.9k , 1/4 Watt, 1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 119976- \\ & 2213092 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| R160, 260 | 22k $\Omega, 1 / 4 \mathrm{Watt}, 5 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117704- \\ & 1212235 \end{aligned}$ |  |

SMD Resistors

| Reference Designator | Description | Part Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R1, 2 | 2.7k $\Omega$, CHIP, 5\% | 124895-2725 |  |
| R3, 4 | 3.3k $\Omega$, CHIP, 5\% | 124895-3325 |  |
| R5, 6, 7, 11, 15, 118, 218 | 160 k , CHIP, $5 \%$ | 124895-1645 |  |
| R8, 9, 12, 13, 16, 101, 104 | 330 k , , CHIP, 5\% | 124895-3345 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R102, 103, 105, 111, 122, 124, 202, } \\ & 203,205,211,222,224 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $2.00 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-2001 |  |
| R106, 206 | 1,91k $\Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-1911 |  |
| R107, 207 | $48.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-4872 |  |
| R108, 208 | 20k , CHIP, 5\% | 124895-2035 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R109, 126, 130, 131, 209, 226, 230, } \\ & 231 \end{aligned}$ | $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-2372 |  |
| R110, 210 | $2.74 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-2741 |  |
| R112, 114, 212, 214 | $13.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, 1\% | 124894-1332 |  |
| R113, 213 | 1 k , CHIP, $5 \%$ | 124895-1025 |  |
| R115,215 | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, 5\% | 124895-1035 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R116, 125, 139, 152, 216, 225, 239, } \\ & 252 \end{aligned}$ | 8.25k , CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-8251 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { R117, 128, 129, 133, 134, 217, 228, } \\ & 229,233,234 \end{aligned}$ | $6.81 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-6811 |  |
| R119, 120, 219, 220 | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $5 \%$ | 124895-1835 |  |
| R121, 136, 160, 221, 236, 260 | 22k $\Omega$, CHIP, $5 \%$ | 124895-2235 |  |
| R123, 223 | 470 , CHIP, 5\% | 124895-4715 |  |
| R127, 227 | 130 k , , CHIP, $5 \%$ | 124895-1345 |  |
| R132, 141, 145, 147, 151, 153-158, 232, 241, 245, 247, 251, 253-258, | $6.04 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-6041 |  |
| R137, 237 | $47.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-4752 |  |
| R142, 242 | $3.01 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-3011 |  |
| R143, 149, 150, 234, 249, 250 | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $5 \%$ | 124895-3335 |  |
| R144, 244 | $56.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-5622 |  |
| R146, 246 | $4.75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-4751 |  |
| R164, 264 | $26.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, CHIP, $1 \%$ | 124894-2672 |  |

## ELECTRICAL PART LIST

Capacitors

| Reference Designator | Description | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Part } \\ & \text { Number } \end{aligned}$ | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1 | .0047uF, 220 V | 120993 | 3 |
|  | .0047uF, 1.4KV, 100/120V | 103447 |  |
| C2, 3 | .015uF, FILM | 118091-153 |  |
| C4 | .01uF, CERAMIC DISC | 119696-103 |  |
| C5, 6 | 470uF, ELECTROLYTIC | 110704 |  |
| C7-10 | 1uF, ELECTROLYTIC | 119942-1R0 |  |
| C11-19, 22 | .1uF, CERAMIC DISC | 117502 |  |
| C101, 117, 125, 201, 217, 225 | 22uF, ELECTROLYTIC | 119944-220 |  |
| C102, 202 | 2.2uF, ELECTROLYTIC | 119943-2R2 |  |
| C103-105, 203-205 | .0068uF, FILM | 118091-682 |  |
| C106, 206 | . $33 \mathrm{uF}, \mathrm{FILM}$ | 123785-334 |  |
| C107, 108, 121, 122, 207, 208, 221, 222 | . $1 \mathrm{uF}, \mathrm{FILM}$ | 118091-104 |  |
| C109, 209 | .0012uF, FILM | 118091-122 |  |
| C110, 126, 127, 210, 226, 227 | 470pF, CERAMIC DISC | 119617-471 |  |
| C111, 211 | 270pF, CERAMIC DISC | 119617-271 |  |
| C112, 113, 124, 212, 213, 224 | .033uF, FILM | 118091-333 |  |
| C114, 214 | .068uF, FILM | 118091-683 |  |
| C115, 116, 123, 215, 216, 223 | .047uF, FILM | 118091-473 |  |
| C118, 119, 218, 219 | .082uF, FILM | 118091-823 |  |
| C120, 220 | .022uF, FILM | 118091-223 |  |

SMD Capacitors

| Reference <br> Designator | Description | Part <br> Number | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C4 | .01 uF, CERAMIC, CHIP | $124959-103$ |  |
| C11-22 | .1 uF, CERAMIC, CHIP | $124959-104$ |  |
| C110, $126,127,210,226,227$ | 470pF, CERAMIC, CHIP, <br> $10 \%$ | $124956-4712$ |  |
| C111, 211 | $270 \%$, CERAMIC, CHIP, <br> $10 \%$ | $124956-2742$ |  |

## ELECTRICAL PART LIST

Diodes

| Reference <br> Designator | Description | Part <br> Number | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| D1-5 | ZENER, 18V, 1W, IN4746A | $116995-4746 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| D1, 101, 104, 201-204 | 1N4148, DIODE | 121501 |  |
| Z1 | BRIDGE RECTIFIER | 112027 | 3 |
|  |  |  | $!$ |

Transistors

| Reference <br> Designator | Description | Part <br> Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1, 4,5 | TRANSISTOR NPN | 117921 |  |
| Q2, 3, 6 | TRANSISTOR PNP | 119168 |  |

Integrated Circuits

| Reference <br> Designator | Part <br> Number | Note |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| U1, 8, 9 | QUAD OP AMP, LS-404 | $120535 / 192166$ | 4 |
| U2 | VOLTREG, 78L15 | $121116-1$ |  |
| U3 | VOLTREG, 79L15 | $121117-1$ |  |
| U4 | QUAD NAND CD-4011 | 121854 |  |
| U5, 6 | QUAD OP AMP, RC4156 | 192166 | 4 |
| U7, 10 | QUAD AW. SW. CD4066 | 119837 |  |

Part Number change for U2 and U3 9/18/01 Also U5 and U6 has been replaced by part number 192166 which is an LS404 IC. The RC4156 is nolonger available.

## VOLTAGE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS

Voltage Conversions are to be performed on Military units. However it is possible to convert a 110 Volt unit (by replacing the transformer) and a 220 Volt European unit.

## 1. $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ Volt to $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ Volt Conversion

Note: Conversions must be performed with the line cord disconnected from any power source. Refer to Figure 3 below for the following procedures. The jumpers listed in parentheses refer to the SMD units.
1.1 Perform disassembly procedure 3, PCB removal.
1.2 Locate jumper LK-31, (LK-35) in front of the power transformer (near the line cord), and remove it.
1.3 Add jumpers LK-32 (LK-42) and LK-33 (LK-43).

## For European 220 Volt units.

1.4 Remove the 220 Volt line cord and replace it with a 110 Volt line cord. Make certain the line cord is properly installed in the strain relief.
1.5 Perform assembly procedure 4, PCB replacement.
1.6 Test the unit to confirm the voltage conversion was perform correctly.
1.7 Remove the 220 Volt label on the rear of the unit.

## 2. $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ Volt to $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ Volt Conversion

2.1 Perform disassembly procedure 3, PCB removal.
2.2 Remove the two jumpers LK-32 (LK42) and LK-33 (LK-43).

## For units with a 110 Volt transformer.

2.2 Remove the 110 Volt transformer and C1 capacitor, and install 220 Volt components (see the part list).
2.3 Add jumper LK-31 (LK-35). Line cord replacement is optional.
2.4 Perform assembly procedure 4, PCB replacement.
2.5 Test the unit to confirm the voltage conversion was perform correctly.
2.6 Add a 220 Volt label on the rear of the unit just below the line cord.

220 Volt to 110 Volt Conversion


110 Volt to 220 Volt Conversion


Figure 5. Voltage Conversion Diagram


Figure 6. Top Cover Connection Diagram

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